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a.M. Madl.

ANNA MAIJA MADL **ACTING TEAM LEADER EXAMINATION SUPPORT & SALES** 

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INV.: Alison Joan Lennon

Title: Browsing Lectronical
Accessible Resources

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### **ORIGINAL**

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# PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION FOR THE INVENTION ENTITLED:

Method and Apparatus for Redirecting a Digital Video Presentation

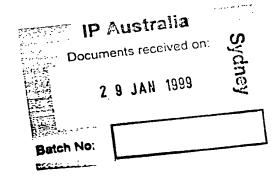
Name and Address of Applicant:

Canon Kabushiki Kaisha, incorporated in Japan, of 30-2,

Shimomaruko 3-chome, Ohta-ku, Tokyo, 146, JAPAN

Name(s) of Inventor(s): Alison Joan Lennon

This invention is best described in the following statement:



# Method and Apparatus for redirecting a digital video presentation

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## Field of Invention

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for redirecting a digital video presentation. The invention also relates to an apparatus and a computer program product for implementing the method.

### 20 Background

As network connectivity has continued its explosive growth and digital storage has become smaller, faster, and less expensive, the quantity of electronically-accessible resources has increased enormously. So much so that the discovery and location of the available resources has become a critical problem. These electronically-accessible resources can be digital content (e.g., digital images, video and audio) which may be available over the network, web-based resources (e.g., HTML/XML documents) and electronic devices (e.g., printers, displays, etc.). In addition, there are electronically-accessible catalogues of other resources, which may not be electronically accessible (e.g., books, analog film media, etc.). What is needed is a consistent method of describing resources so that location of resources, electronically-accessible or otherwise, can be more readily achieved.

The problems of consistent resource description are twofold. First, there is the problem of acceptance of a standard (consistent) method of resource description. The second problem is related to the generation of descriptions. Often the cost of this process is significant.

If resources can be consistently described then it is possible to develop methods and build devices that facilitate resource discovery, understanding and presentation. Resources can be composite items involving other resources and can include schedules for presentation, delivery and/or consumption. Video presentations can therefore be viewed as just another electronically-accessible resource and as such can be described in a similar way to items of digital content (like images, video and audio). The description of the video presentation effectively provides an efficient encoding for the presentation.

## Summary of the Invention

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It is an object of the present invention to ameliorate one or more disadvantages of the prior art.

One or more exemplary aspects of the invention are listed below, but are not limited thereto.

According to a first aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of redirecting a digital video presentation from a source processing device to a destination device with digital video display capability using a wireless connection linking the said two devices, said method comprising the steps of: providing a description for the resources using a description scheme as the template for the description's instantiation, wherein the description scheme for the resource uses a declarative description definition language which contains definitions for descriptor components of the description scheme, and each said descriptor component comprises the association of a resource attribute with a representative value for that attribute; communicating the said description of the presentation via the wireless connection to the destination processing device; rendering the said video presentation from the said description of the presentation and its associated digital video resources on the digital video display of the destination device.

According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided an apparatus for implementing any one of the aforementioned methods.

According to another aspect of the invention there is provided a computer program product including a computer readable medium having recorded thereon a computer program for implementing any one of the methods described above.

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### Brief Description of the Drawings

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Embodiments of the invention are described with reference to the drawings, in which:

- Fig. 1A shows a flow diagram of the preferred method of generating a description of a resource in accordance with a preferred embodiment;
- Fig. 1B shows a flow diagram of the preferred method of processing a description of a resource in accordance with a preferred embodiment;
- Figs. 2A shows a flow diagram of a method of generating a typical document object model;
- Fig 2B show a flow diagram of a method of generating a Description Object Model in accordance with a preferred embodiment;
- Fig. 3 shows a UML class diagram showing core elements of the Dynamic Description Framework(DDF) data model in accordance with a preferred embodiment;
- Fig. 4 shows a schematic drawing depicting the processing model of an exemplary description according to the preferred DDF;
- Fig. 5 shows a schematic drawing depicting the processing model of another exemplary description according to the preferred DDF;
- Fig. 6 shows a schematic drawing depicting the relationship between a description scheme (Document Type Definition) and descriptions (XML documents) in accordance with a preferred embodiment;
- Fig. 7A is a flow diagram of a method of generating a description of a resource in accordance with a preferred embodiment;
- Fig. 7B is a flow diagram of a method of processing a description of a resource in accordance with a preferred embodiment;
- Fig. 8 is a flow diagram of a preferred method of extending a description of a resource;
- Fig. 9 is a flow diagram of a preferred method of visually presenting a description of a resource;
- Fig. 10 is a flow diagram of a preferred method of selecting one or more descriptions or part of one or more descriptions of a resource;
  - Fig. 11, is a flow diagram of a preferred method of translating a description of a resource;

Fig. 12 shows a Digital Video Browser System in accordance with a preferred embodiment;

Fig. 13 shows an implementation of the Digital Video Browser System in a remote handheld device in accordance with a preferred embodiment;

Fig. 14 shows an alternative implementation of the Digital Video Browser System in a remote handheld device in accordance with a preferred embodiment; and

Fig. 15 is a block diagram of a general-purpose computer for implementating the preferred methods shown in Figs 1A,1B,2B and 7A to 11.

## 10 <u>Detailed Description</u>

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Where reference is made in any one or more of the accompanying drawings to steps and/or features, which have the same reference numerals, those steps and/or features have for the purposes of this description the same function(s) or operation(s), unless the contrary intention appears.

# 15 1.0 Overview of Preferred Method(s)

The preferred methods described herein are specific examples of a generalised form of a method for generating and processing descriptions of resources utilising a Dynamic Description Framework. This framework provides a data model, an application programming interface (API) and a serialisation syntax for use in the description of content, in particular audiovisual resources. The preferred DDF incorporates the benefits of declarative description of content with procedural methods for the creation and processing of descriptions and components of descriptions.

Fig. 1A shows an overview of a preferred method of generating a description of an electronically accessible resource. In this method, a description scheme 100A is read by a description generator 106A which in turn generates a description object model (DesOM) 108A in memory. The DesOM 108A represents the description in memory which can be serialised as an XML document for the purposes of storage and transport.. Preferably, both the description scheme 100A and description 110A are textual and are both readable by machines and humans. It is further preferable that the description scheme 100A is provided with DescriptorHandler(s) so as to provide operations/processes which can unambiguously provide descriptive information or other actions on the resource 104A. For example, the preferred method in one operating mode is able to automatically

generate a description 110A of the resource 104A. In this operating mode, the processes of the DescriptorHandler(s) operate on the resource 104A to generate a description 110A of that particular resource 104A. These description schemes 102 and descriptions 106 are defined in terms of the abovementioned Dynamic Description Framework (DDF).

Fig. 1B shows an overview of the preferred method of processing a description of an electronically accessible resource. In this method, a description 100B is parsed by a processor 102B which in turn generates a description object model (DesOM) 104B in memory. Such a description 100B may be generated in accordance with the method of Fig. 1A. Preferably, the processor 102B and description generator 106A (Fig. 1) are incorporated as one unit. The description 100B refers to a description scheme 106B which may in turn refer to a number of DescriptionHandler(s) 108B. The description 100B also refers to the resource 110B which the description describes. In this method, a set of rules may be applied to the DesOM 104B to generate a modified DesOM 112B which can be serialised as an XML document. These set of rules are defined by the Description Scheme 106B. The DescriptorHandlers 108B provide further processing of the DesOM 114B or DesOM+ 116B which in turn may be serialised as an XML document. In one operating mode, the preferred method is able to compute the similarity between content of the resources 110B. In the later mode, the DescriptorHandler provides a process for computing similarity between content of resources. The preferred method is further adapted to apply a set of rules 118B to the DesOM 104B. The set of rules 118B provides one or more associated actions on the DesOM 104B. The resultant output of these actions is itself a DesOM 112B. Further, a description scheme may be read into memory and a set of rules provided for performing one or more associated actions on the description scheme itself. The method by these sets of rules is able extend resource descriptions; translate resource descriptions; select one or more specific descriptions according to a query; visually present resource descriptions and many other actions.

For a better understanding of the embodiments, a brief review of terminology (Section 1.1) is first undertaken, then a discussion of descriptor relationships (Section 1.2), the DDF (Section 2), the serialisation syntax specification (section 3), and the DesOM API specification (section 4) used in the preferred embodiments. A more detailed description of the preferred embodiments is then given in Sections 6 to 15.

1.1 Terminology

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#### 1.1.1 Content

Content is defined to be information, regardless of the storage, coding, display, transmission, medium, or technology. Examples of content include digital and analog video (such as an MPEG-4 stream or a video tape), film, music, a book printed on paper, and a web page.

### 1.1.2 Resource

A resource is a particular unit of the content being described. Examples of a resource include an MPEG-1 video stream, a JPEG-2000 image, and a WAVE audio file.

#### 1.1.3 Feature

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A feature is a distinctive part or characteristic of the resource which stands for something to somebody in some respect or capacity. A feature can be derived directly (i.e., extracted) from the content (e.g., dominant colour of an image) or can be a relevant characteristic of the content. Examples of features include the name of the person who recorded the image, the colour of an image, the style of a video, the title of a movie, the author of a book, the composer of a piece of music, pitch of an audio segment, and the actors in a movie.

## 1.1.4 Descriptor

A descriptor associates a representation value to a feature, where the representation value can have an atomic or compound type. An atomic type is defined as one of a basic set of predetermined data types (e.g., integer, string, date, etc.). A compound type is defined to be a collection of one or more descriptors. Example descriptors having atomic types include:

Feature = Author; Representation Value (string) = "John Smith";

Feature = DateCreated; Representation Value (date) = "1998-08-08".

An example descriptor having a compound type is;

Feature = Colour; Representation Value = ColourHistogramDescriptor.

## 1.1.5 Description

A description is a descriptor having a compound type pertaining to a single resource.

#### 30 <u>1.1.6 Description Scheme</u>

A description scheme is a set of descriptor definitions and their relationships (associations, equivalence, specialisations, and generalisations). The descriptor

relationships can be used to directly express the structure of the content or to create combinations of descriptors which form a richer expression of a higher-level concept. A description Scheme includes within its scope a comprehensive set of description schemes.

## 1.2 Descriptor Relationships

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In order to express the information required for a description scheme, the DDF preferably provides means for defining a minimum set of descriptor relationships. This minimum set includes;

- Generalisation/specialisation relationships,
- Association relationships,
- Equivalence relationships,
  - Spatial, temporal and conceptual relationships,
  - Navigational relationships.

The generalisation/specialisation relationships specify that a particular descriptor is a more specific or more general form of another descriptor and hence can be viewed by a processing application as such. For example, a cat is a type of animal, and hence a search engine searching for occurrences of animal descriptors should also select descriptions which contain "cat" descriptors.

Association relationships are defined here to include descriptor containment and sequence and cardinality of occurrence. These relationships provide contextual information for a given descriptor and are necessary in order to provide a context in which a particular descriptor can be interpreted by an application. For example, a "Shot" descriptor which is contained within a "VideoScene" descriptor in a video description scheme would be interpreted differently from a "Shot" descriptor in another context in a sound effects description scheme.

An equivalence relationship is a form of a classification relationship where the relation is not necessarily of a generalisation/specialisation nature. Equivalence relationships are desirable between languages (i.e., inter-language) and within a language (i.e., intra-language). Typically equivalences will require the definition of synonyms (where two descriptors are equivalent) and quasi-synonyms (where two descriptors are equivalent to some specified extent). Also there is a need to define equivalence relationships between non-textual values (e.g., mean R, G and B values in an image) and a textual representative value (e.g., red, green, etc.), and vice-versa.

Spatial, temporal and conceptual relationships between descriptors in a description may also be used. These relationships support the description of neighbouring objects in an image, sequential segments in a video scene, and similar concepts in a description.

Navigation relationships between descriptors are also desirable. Usage of descriptions will often involve navigation between a component of the description and an associated spatio-temporal extent in the resource (such as a key frame in a video resource).

Considered together these relationships can to some extent provide a level of semantic interoperability between different description schemes. Further levels of semantic interoperability could also be achieved at the application level.

# 2. Dynamic Description Framework

## 2.1 Overview

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The preferred DDF attempts to incorporate the benefits of declarative description of content with procedural methods for the creation and processing of descriptors. It comprises a data model, an API for the processing of descriptions, and a serialisation syntax. A DDF is able to adequately describe content using these components.

The data model provides the core semantics of the description and is based on the descriptor entity. This model has the advantage that the containment relationship is inherent in the model. This containment relationship is particularly important in the description of audiovisual resources for two reasons. First, the structure of many audiovisual resources has an inherent hierarchical structure (e.g., a video clip contains shots which contain key frames, etc.). Second, the representation values for many descriptors can be complex datatypes that can be represented in a hierarchical fashion (e.g., a histogram contains bins which contain frequencies). The data model of the preferred DDF is discussed in Section 2.2.

The preferred DDF also uses an API for the processing of descriptions. This enables non-normative applications and tools to perform further processing (e.g., transformations, presentations, etc.) on serialised descriptions. The preferred API, which is described further in Section 2.3, is based on the DOM which is being standardised through the W3C for use with XML documents (These WC3 recommendations for XML version 1.0 and DOM version 1.0 are attached hereto as appendices L and M and were obtained on the website HTTP://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-xml-19980210 on the 5 January 1999 and on the

website HTTP://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-DOM-level1-199810001 on 28 January 1999 respectively.). The preferred API is described herein as the Description Object Model (DesOM).

The DesOM also enables the application of rule-based processing, which can:

- Extend a description by inferring the presence of additional descriptors based on the existence or absence of stored descriptors;
  - Presentation of a description;

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- Selecting descriptions or components of descriptions;
- Translate a stored description into another language on the basis of requirement;
- Transform a description to use a new description scheme.

This rule-based processing is described in more detail in Sections 7 to 11.

The tree-based structure of the DesOM (and for that matter, the DOM) is an appropriate representation of hierarchically structured data such as the preferred data model.

The DDF preferably uses a serialisation syntax for the purposes of storage and transport of descriptions and description schemes. This syntax expresses the data model and the processing model is able to be generated from serialised descriptions. In addition, the serialisation syntax provides a means for expressing the descriptor relationships detailed in Section 1.2. The syntax of XML Document Type Definitions (DTDs) is used to express description schemes and XML documents to serialise individual descriptions. The expression syntax of both description schemes and individual descriptions is referred to as the serialisation syntax.

The XML is used as the serialisation syntax because of its inherent ability to express the containment relationship and its increasing acceptance as a form for the transmission of structured electronic data. A description scheme can be represented using the grammar of an XML DTD in which the individual element definitions represent the definitions of the descriptors and their relationships in the description scheme. Individual descriptions can be serialised as XML documents that conform to the DTD containing the relevant description scheme. Section 2.4 describes how the preferred data model and the required descriptor relationships are expressed using the serialisation syntax.

The use of XML as the serialisation syntax enables the possibility of DDF conformant descriptions to be interpreted, in theory, at two levels. First, any serialised

description is able to be interpreted at an XML syntactical level. At this level the description could be parsed into a processing model such as the DOM and a search/filter engine with no knowledge of the DDF could interpret the description in terms of its textual content (i.e., the semantics of the DDF's data model are not used for the description's interpretation). Alternatively, the description could be parsed at a more semantic level by using the DDF data model and parsing the description in the DesOM rather than the DOM.

In practice, however, it is necessary to parse the description scheme expressed using the XML DTD syntax into an XML DTD where descriptor specialisation/generalisation relationships are validated and explicitly realised (see Section 2.4.1.1 for further details). This step is necessary because no level of subclassing or inheritance is provided for in Version 1.0 of XML. We refer to this step as DDF interpretation and the process performing the step is a DDF Interpreter. To differentiate between the DTD containing the DDF definition of a description scheme and the DTD to which the description (i.e., XML Version 1.0 document) conforms, we name the DDF DTD using an extension "ddf" rather than "dtd" as is typically used for an XML DTD.

A serialised description can then be parsed and represented using the DOM from its conformant DTD (i.e., the DTD stored using the extension "dtd") by a standard XML Processor. This processor needs no knowledge of DDF and the content of the descriptions can be accessed at a textual level. [Textual access to the description could also be achieved by simply scanning the description (XML document) or using XML Processors that are not based on the DOM (e.g., SAX;] Alternatively, a DDF Processor can parse the serialised description and represent it using the DesOM from the DTD containing the description scheme expressed using DDF (i.e., the DTD stored using the extension "ddf"). The first step of the latter process is the one of DDF interpretation.

This process of two level interpretation is depicted in Figs. 2A and 2B, which show how different semantic levels of access can be obtained from a (DDF) description serialised using the XML syntax. The DesOM differs from the DOM in that DesOM can obtain element nodes which have a richer interface than the corresponding element nodes in the DOM. In addition, the element nodes of the DesOM can have an associated DescriptorHandler (H) which provides procedures that are relevant to the element.

#### 2.2 Data Model

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#### 2.2.1 Overview

The data model adopted for the preferred DDF is based on the definition of a core Descriptor object. As defined in Section 1.1.4, a descriptor can be viewed as an "feature-representative value" pair. The representative value can be of atomic type (e.g., integer, string, date, etc.) or compound type, where a compound type is a collection of one or more descriptors. The data model is represented by the UML class diagram in Fig 3. [Note that the use of capitals in Descriptor and Description implies the objects as defined in Figure 3 rather than the general terms defined in Section 1.1.4.]

A Description object is defined as a specialisation of a Descriptor in which all the contained Descriptors pertain to a single resource. Description schemes will contain definitions of descriptors and descriptions which are specialisations of the core Descriptor and Description objects, respectively.

In the preferred data model descriptors can represent properties and relationships of their parent descriptors. For example, a Region Descriptor for a Region Adjacency Graph of an image could contain a Label Descriptor (containing a textual representative value) and a Neighbours Descriptor (containing a representative value comprising a list of references to other Region Descriptors). In this example, the Label Descriptor can be viewed as representing a property of a region and the Neighbours Descriptor as representing a spatial relationship involving the region. Descriptors representing relationships (e.g., spatial, temporal, conceptual) typically have representative values that comprise one or more references to other descriptors in the description. In Section 2.4.1.4, a standard set of descriptors are proposed to express spatial, temporal and conceptual relationships.

## 2.2.2 Descriptor Class

Each Descriptor has an associated id, language code and dataType enumeration. The id attribute provides each Descriptor with a unique identity. This identity can be used to reference other Descriptor objects in a description. The language code attribute specifies the language of any text in the Descriptor's representative value. The dataType enumeration provides the data type of the representative value if that value is atomic (i.e., not composed of other descriptors; see Section 2.2.3). Each Descriptor object can also be associated with a Descriptor Handler which provides procedural methods associated with the Descriptor (see Section 2.2.4).

Implementations of the preferred DDF data model can implement to various extents the descriptor relationships detailed in Section 1.2. This approach means that different implementations can utilise the properties of the particular serialisation syntaxes adopted. Section 2.4.1 describes in detail how the descriptor relationships detailed in Section 1.5 are realised using an XML serialisation syntax.

## 2.2.3 Atomic Descriptor Value Class

A Descriptor's representative value can be atomic or compound (i.e., composed of other Descriptor objects). If it is atomic, then the value is stored in an Atomic Descriptor Value object as a string object. The data type of this atomic value is interpreted using the dataType attribute of the parent Descriptor object. Therefore the extent to which data typing is provided depends on the dataType attribute for particular implementations of this data model. For example, refer to Section 2.4.2 for data typing implementation details using the preferred XML serialisation syntax.

The Atomic Descriptor Value could also be represented by a data attribute of the Descriptor class. The Atomic Descriptor Value is represented here as a class because of the one-to-one correspondence of this entity to a Text node in the DOM (and AtomicDescriptorValue node in the DesOM; see Section 4.1.3).

## 2.2.4 Descriptor Handler Class

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In the preferred DDF, a Descriptor Handler is a class which provides procedural methods that apply to the Descriptor. The methods of the Descriptor Handler preferably satisfy a specified interface. The Descriptor Handler classes can provide methods for the creation of a Descriptor's representative value (or content) and the computation of the similarity between two descriptors of the same type (i.e., that use the same Descriptor definition and hence Descriptor Handler). There is no reason why this set of procedures could not be extended if required. In Fig. 3 shows some details on Descriptor Handler methods provided in the preferred implementation of the DDF.

The methods mentioned above are preferably implemented as static (class) methods that satisfy a specified interface (e.g., see Section 4.1.2). The role of the Descriptor Handler is to provide unambiguous procedures for the generation and processing of Descriptors. The ability to pass parameters to Descriptor Handler method is discussed in Section 3.1.2.1 with respect to the use of XML as a serialisation syntax.

#### 2.2.5 Description Class

The Description has some additional attributes to those of the Descriptor. It has an associated resource which contains either the URI or ENTITY of the item of content being described. It also contains a reference to the data when that resource was last modified and an attribute that contains the URIs or ENTITIES of sets of rules that can be applied to the Description. Rule-based processing of descriptions is discussed further in Section 7.

Since a Description object is defined as a specialisation of the Descriptor object, Description objects can be treated as Descriptor objects in other descriptions(i.e., the attributes of the Description are ignored). In an alternate data model, the Description object can contain both Descriptor and Description objects. With this data model Description objects can exist in another tree of Descriptors and refer to resources other than that of the root description.

Another alternative implementation could use a data model which did not include a Descriptor object, since a Description is essentially the same as a Descriptor having a compound representative type. In this case the additional attributes of the Description (ie resource, dateResourceLastModified and ruleSets) would be treated as attributes of the Description. With this data model the resource would only need to be specified at the top of the Descriptor tree where it was relevant.

### 2.3 API for Processing of Descriptions (DesOM)

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The inherent containment property of the core Descriptor object is represented by a tree-based processing model (i.e., parent-children data model) where each node of the tree is either a Descriptor or Atomic Descriptor Value object. [Atomic Descriptor Value objects can only exist as leaf nodes of the tree.] The processing model also contains references and navigational links between nodes in the tree. References are typically used to indicate relationships (e.g., spatial, temporal and/or conceptual) between Descriptor objects. Navigational links are used to provide browsing properties for the description and enable linking between Descriptor objects in the description and spatio-temporal extents in the resource (e.g., a particular frame in the video stream being described). A schematic depicting the description processing model is shown in Fig. 4.

For a description to conform to the preferred DDF, the root of the DesOM must be a Description object. In other words, the root must specify the resource to which the description refers. Since a Description object is just a specialisation of the Descriptor

object, any Description object can become a sub-tree of another Description object. In other words, a new Description object can be created from a set of related Description objects. This process is shown in Fig. 5.

The DesOM extends the DOM by providing the required generalisation/specialisation relationships for descriptors, data typing for atomic representative values for descriptors and reference and navigational links. The DOM provides a standard set of objects for representing XML documents, a standard model of how these objects can be combined, and a standard platform- and language-neutral interface for accessing and manipulating them. The DOM representation of an XML document is a tree structure where the content of an element is represented as child nodes of the element. The DOM specifies interfaces which can be used to manage XML documents. In other words, it can be implemented in any (or nearly all common) programming languages.

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Similarly only interfaces are specified for the DesOM. These interfaces can be used to process XML documents that are DDF conformant. Just as an XML Processor must implement a DOM interface, a DDF Processor must implement a DesOM interface (see Fig. 2). As mentioned in Section 2.1, a DDF Processor must first perform an interpretation step in which the generalisation/specialisation relationships of descriptors is validated and processed in a Version 1.0 DTD form. [Invalid subclassing in the description scheme expressed using the DDF and the syntax of XML DTDs should result in a description scheme parsing error.] The DDF Processor can then either parse the description into a DOM and transform that structure into a DesOM or parse the description directly into a DesOM.

Essentially the DesOM differs from the DOM in that element and text nodes are replaced by the richer interfaces of Descriptor and Atomic Descriptor Value nodes. Interfaces for these nodes are provided in Section 4. A basic DesOM implementation could provide just that interface, however a more expansive implementation might provide some level of interpretation of the reference and navigational relationships. For example, a set of spatial, temporal and conceptual relationships could be defined for the DDF (see Section 3.1.3) and these could be interpreted at the DesOM level.

Implementations of the DesOM could optionally execute Descriptor Handler methods to create or process descriptors. For example, a DesOM implementation might

implement a Descriptor Handler's method to create the content for a Descriptor if the content did not already exist.

The DesOM provides a basis for the further processing of descriptions. The tree-structure of the DesOM makes it amenable to rule-based processing where rules consist of a pattern and an associated action. Such processing could be performed by non-normative applications and tools. These tools could be developed by implementing the DesOM interface to process DDF descriptions. Rule-based processing is discussed further in Section 7 to 11.

### 2.4 Serialisation Syntax

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The serialisation syntax preferably used for the storage and transport of descriptions and description schemes is XML Version 1.0. The XML standard was developed as a subset of Standard Generalised Markup Language (SGML). An XML document contains one or more elements, the boundaries of which are either delimited by start and end tags, or by an empty-element tag. Each element is identified by its name, sometimes also called its "generic identifier" (GI) and may have a set of attribute specifications. Each attribute specification has a name and a value.

The preferred DDF uses a set of core elements which can be defined in an DDF Core DTD. A SGML-like DTD syntax is used to define element types and their associated attributes (as specified in the Version 1.0 XML standard). Each description can be represented by an XML document. This document (i.e., the description) refers to the DTD (i.e., the description scheme) to which the description conforms. In other words the description is of the type specified by the DTD (see Fig. 6)

The DDF Core DTD needs to provide definitions for the core elements required for the expression of the data model. The element definition that is central to the DDF is that of the Descriptor element. All descriptors can be defined as subclasses (specialisations) of this core element. For example, although a Description is defined to be a collection of descriptors pertaining to a single resource it is defined as a subclass of the Descriptor element. Other subclasses of the Descriptor element are used to provide linking functionality between the descriptors and the resources being described (see Section 3.1.4).

The data modelling requirements of the DDF are more extensive than those provided by the XML Specification version 1.0. Specifically the serialisation syntax of the DDF is able to:

- Express the required descriptor relationships (see Section 2);
- Provide data typing for the (atomic) representative value of a descriptor;

These requirements are addressed in Sections 2.4.1 and 2.4.2 with respect to using Version 1.0 of the XML standard as the serialisation syntax.

### 2.4.1 Expression of Descriptor Relationships

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### 2.4.1.1 Generalisation/Specialisation Relationships

Version 1.0 of the XML specification does not provide for the specification of generalisation/specialisation relationships. In addition, subclassing and inheritance in marked up documents is not well-defined. An element type is a subclass (specialisation) of another element type, the superclass, if it is substitutable wherever the superclass element occurs and is defined to be a subclass of the superclass. It is not essential for an element to be defined as a subclass of another element. The superclass can be viewed as a generalisation of the subclass. The notion of inheritance can be viewed as a code-saving mechanism which allows one element type to get (inherit) the properties of another element type "for free".

The preferred subclassing/inheritance guidelines for single subclassing/inheritance is described below in Sections 2.4.1.1.1 to 2.4.1.1.3. Multiple inheritance can be extended from the single subclassing/inheritance.

## 2.4.1.1.1 Content Model Inheritance

A subclass should faithfully implement a base class's interface. Therefore, if a base class has a content model of "ANY" then a subclass can have either an "ANY" content model or a more restricted content model. This is necessary for the subclass to be substitutable for the parent class. This is a somewhat different scenario from object oriented programming (OOP) where a subclass must accept any input that its super (parent) class can. The content model of an element should be viewed as "output" not "input". If each element is considered as an object having methods to retrieve its content, then a subclass must also be able to satisfy these methods. Each element type in a content model can be viewed as having a role and the roles of a subclass's content model must match up with those of its parent class. A subclass cannot make more flexible or extend

components of the content model of its parent class, however it can implement new child elements that will be ignored when that element is treated as its parent class.

For example, if AA, BB and CC are subclasses of A, B and C, respectively and A has a content model of (B, C) then the following are all valid content models of AA; (BB, CC), (B, C), (BB, C) and (B, CC). The content models (B, C, D), (BB, CC, D) and (D, B, C) are also valid content models for AA because they match "roles" for (B), (C) and (B, C). In addition element, AA can contain child element D which will not be visible if element AA is to be treated as an instance of element A. The content models (B) and (C) are invalid because of the "role" of (B, C) in the content model of A is not matched.

It would be possible to allow the content model for a subclass to be left unspecified in which event the subclass's content model would default to be that of the superclass. Preferably,unspecified content models should not be allowed as they do not represent a valid construct using XML/SGML DTD syntax.

#### 2.4.1.1.2 Attribute Inheritance

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The same subclass and inheritance notions apply to attributes, however attributes are more intrinsically amenable to concepts of subclassing than content because they are "random access" in some sense as are methods in OOP. A subclass can declare new attributes which are essentially ignored when the subclass is treated as it parent class. However, a subclass cannot extend, or make more flexible, attributes of the parent class:

The attribute defaults are only considered when assessing whether an attribute definition has or has not extended that of its parent class. Consequently a subclass and its specified superclass should have the same attribute type, and only the attribute default can be further restricted in the subclass. Valid restrictions of attribute default definition are as in Table 1. In addition, if the superclass has a default declaration of "#FIXED" and the value of the default can be interpreted as an element name then preferably the value of the default can be further restricted to a be a subclass of that element name.

Table 1. Permitted restrictions of the attribute default declaration in a subclass.

Superclass Attribute	Subclass Attribute Default Declaration			
Default Declaration	#IMPLIED	#REQUIRED	"value"	#FIXED "value"
#IMPLIED	7	V	<b>V</b>	7
#REQUIRED		<b>√</b>	. 1	√

"value"		<b>√</b>	\ \ \
#FIXED "value"			
	 		V

## 2.4.1.1.3 Implementation Details

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In order to implement this subclassing/inheritance model using Version 1.0 of the XML Specification and the DOM, the superclass (or superElement) for an element is specified as an attribute in the element's defined attribute list. It is believed that this is not ideal and that subclassing information should be part of the element's definition. For example, the keyword "TYPEOF" has been suggested as a means of representing subclassing information (i.e., <!ELEMENT Cat TYPEOF Animal>).

The subclassing/inheritance implied by the use of the superElement attribute needs to be interpreted and validated against the provided guidelines for subclassing/inheritance. Failure to conform to these guidelines should result in a description scheme parsing error. Also, in order for a serialised DDF description to be a valid XML document, the description needs to conform to a valid XML DTD. Therefore the DDF description scheme that is expressed using the syntax of XML DTDs needs to be parsed to create an XML DTD in which all the inheritance aspects of the subclassing relationships are processed. This involves:

- Making explicit content models which depend on subclassing (this may involve extending content models so that they represent valid XML DTD content models in the absence of subclassing semantics);
- The addition of inherited attribute definitions to subclassed Descriptor definitions.

## 2.4.1.2 Equivalence Relationships

The location of described resources can be achieved by the preferred method by formulating requests directly based on a description scheme or by more unstructured queries in which the contents of a description scheme are unknown. Typically the former approach will result in a more satisfactory result because the query is specifically formulated for the form of the descriptions. However, in some cases a query might be formulated without a (complete) knowledge of a description scheme (and hence use different terms than those used in the description scheme) or in a language other than that used by particular descriptions.

As highlighted in Section 1.2 there are three types of equivalences:

- Intra-language equivalences (i.e., synonyms or quasi-synonyms);
- Inter-language equivalences (i.e., translations);

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• Inferred equivalences between textual and non-textual representative values.

Known intra-language equivalences could be incorporated into a descriptor's definition using an *alias* or *sameAs* attribute for elements. However, applications and tools that provide a level of intra-language equivalence interpretation exist and therefore it was considered unnecessary to provide this functionality. Separate search/query/filter engines can ultimately provide some level of intra-language equivalence interpretation.

It is desirable to provide a means for inter-language equivalence as queries will not always be formulated in the same language as the description. Although some degree of redundancy can be tolerated in a description scheme (i.e., descriptors in different languages could be defined), it is not generally acceptable to express a description in multiple languages. The preferred method can translate a parsed description into the language of the query by processing a set of rules that is defined for the description scheme. This set of rules effectively replaces the descriptors in the DesOM with equivalent descriptors in the same language as the query. This method provides a controlled mapping between descriptors in different languages rather than allowing a mapping to be estimated by a translation ability in the search/query/filter engine.

Equivalences between non-textual and textual descriptors can be provided in a similar manner. For example, if the colour of an object in an image is stored as a (R, G, B) value then a rule could instantiate another descriptor in the DesOM that maps the particular (R, G, B) values to particular colours expressed as a text string (e.g., red, green, blue, orange, etc.).

The rules are stored as a rule set that can be specified as part of the description. The extra or translated descriptors are not serialised and are only generated when they are needed. In other words, they only exist in the DesOM and not in the XML document that represents the description. Rule sets are a way of providing a richer, more flexible, description at the time of the description being processed without increasing the overhead of storing redundant information.

### 30 <u>2.4.1.3 Association Relationships</u>

Association relationships specify the context in which a defined Descriptor can occur. The context includes relationships such as containment (e.g., Descriptor A must

occur within a Descriptor B), sequence (e.g., Descriptors A, B, and C must occur in that order), and cardinality (e.g., Descriptor B can occur only once in an instance of Descriptor A).

To a large extent these association relationships can be specified in an XML DTD using an element's content model. A content model is a simple grammar governing the allowed types of child elements (i.e., containment) and the order in which they are allowed to appear. Group connectors [and (comma), or (vertical bar)] are used to specify the order in which child elements can appear within the element. Occurrence indicators [one or more (+), zero or more (\*), or zero or one (?)] are used to specify the cardinality or occurrence of the child elements in the element's content. Element content models are described in Section 3.2.1 of 7]. The XML content model 1.0 does not allow a specific non-zero cardinality to be defined (e.g., an image can contain 0 to 20 objects) and consequently this association property is not provided in the preferred DDF implementation.

## 2.4.1.4 Spatial, Temporal and Conceptual Relationships

Many descriptors will need to be able to model spatial, temporal and conceptual relationships often in addition to association relationships. For example, a Region Adjacency Graph which describes an image, comprises a graph object that contains a set of regions. In addition to being part of the graph object, each region also has a set of neighbouring regions (i.e., spatial relationships). These relationships can be described using references to the relevant descriptors in the description.

In the preferred method, these relationships are represented as Descriptors having atomic Descriptor values with IDREF or IDREFS data types. A set of core relationship descriptors is defined in the DDF Core DTD to enable DesOM implementations to realise a greater extent of semantic interpretation. Examples of the types of descriptor definition to are included are provided in Section 3.1.3.

## 2.4.1.5 Navigational Relationships

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Many applications may require that descriptors can be explicitly linked to spatially and/or temporally localised extents in a resource. Although the resource is typically that being described, this is not always the case. The links should enable navigation from descriptors to indicated locations in a resource (e.g., from a descriptor to a spatially and temporally localised extent in a digital video stream).

The means for expressing these links has been derived from an existing approach to this problem, namely the HyTime standard, which uses location address elements, or locators. This method requires that the resource must be declared as an external entity in the description. Link elements are then declared to create contextual (having a single linkend) and independent (having more than one linkend) links between locations in the description and extents in the declared entity. Locators provide a means for addressing extents in the resource being described.

The Locator and Extent elements defined in the DDF Core DTD are much simpler than those specified in the HyTime standard as the latter provided more than was required for the DDF requirement of linking. Also, because it is difficult to envisage all the possible different forms of locators required for the different media types it was believed that description scheme designers should not be limited in the scope of their design of required locators.

### 2.4.2 Expression of Specific Data Types

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The content model for an element can specify the order and cardinality of allowed child elements (see Section 2.4.1.3), that the element has EMPTY or no content, that the element has parsed character data (i.e., #PCDATA), or some mixture of parsed character data and child elements (i.e., ANY). [The allowed content models of elements are detailed in Section 3.2.1 of XML 1.0 WC3 recommendation]. If the content of an element is used to store the representation value of a feature (e.g., "DateCreated"), then the content model of the relevant Descriptor would need to be "#PCDATA" (or "ANY") and the content would be represented as a character string. Although this might be acceptable for a textual interpretation of the description, this form of representation does not permit more advanced queries where, for example, descriptions may be required to be selected if the "DateCreated" feature has a representation value that is later than some provided date. In other words, it is necessary to know how to parse the character content of the Descriptor (i.e., the Atomic Descriptor Value).

The serialisation syntax of the DDF provides data typing of an element's content by using a *dataType* attribute for the element. Although it would not be explicit for a Version 1.0 XML (DOM) Processor, a DDF Processor can use the data type attribute to interpret an element's content appropriately. Datatyping of element content has been considered as

part of the XML working group discussions and hence it would be preferable if the DDF could remain consistent with the XML standard.

In addition to the basic data types (e.g., integer, floating-point value, string, date, time, etc.), the *dataType* attribute should allow types such as ID, IDREF and ENTITY in order to enable Atomic Descriptor Values to represent references to other Descriptors and links to entities external to the description. The XML concept of ENTITIES is preferred to using a URI data type in that the ENTITY type allows a URI to be linked to a type of the entity (e.g., JPEG image, Java class, etc.).

### 2.5 Implementation Issues

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An implemented DDF Processor could use publicly available software (e.g. IBM's XML parser; to parse descriptions into a DOM structure and then transform this structure into a DesOM structure. The Java language is preferably used to implement Descriptor Handler classes because of its cross-platform properties.

Actual implementations of a DDF Processor would not need to create a DOM as an intermediate step and could parse the XML document directly into a DesOM structure using the DDF description scheme. Such a processor would need to first interpret the subclassing information in the DDF description scheme (see Fig. 1).

A DDF Processor implementation could also take advantage of other core relationship descriptors (see Section 2.4.1.4) to provide a richer semantic interpretation of descriptions. Implementations could also interpret the linking elements when providing a graphical representation of descriptions and incorporate rule-engines to process rules which might be applied to the DesOM.

## 3. Serialisation Syntax Specification

## 3.1.1 Element Definitions

The preferred DDF includes the definition of a set of core elements using the XML/SGML DTD syntax. This set, is preferably stored in a core, or set of core, DTDs. Appendix A contains an example of such a DTD, *Core.ddf*. Note that we use the extension "ddf" to differentiate this document from an XML DTD which would typically have the extension "dtd". A DDF set of definitions needs to have its subclassing/inheritance properties (e.g., attribute inheritance from super elements) processed before a description can be interpreted with respect to set of DDF definitions.

The set of core elements can be used as a basis for the definition of application DTDs or description schemes. The element definitions in the *Core.ddf* effectively provide a set of "foundation" elements from which description schemes can be based.

This specification of the core element definitions for the proposed DDF is based on Version 1.0 of the XML Specification (see Appendix L). Elements that are included in the proposed *Core.ddf* are named according to the naming conventions used for Java classes (i.e., all words in the name are capitalised and concatenated).

## 3.1.2 Core DDF Element Definitions

## 3.1.2.1 Descriptor Definition

The Descriptor element is the basic element which provides the data modelling properties detailed in Section 2.2. Any element definition requiring any of these properties should be represented as a subclass of this element. The element is the markup equivalent of the object class of an object-oriented programming language.

The content model for the Descriptor element needs to allow for either parsed character data (atomic representation value) or one or more Descriptor elements (compound representative value). The content model of the Descriptor element is defined to be "ANY" so as to allow the necessary content and be a valid XML DTD syntactical construct. However in order to control content models more tightly, it is also possible to define two subclasses of the Descriptor, the Atomic Descriptor and the Compound Descriptor. The content models of these subclasses could then have the more restricted content models of #PCDATA and (Descriptor+), respectively.

In specialisations of the basic Compound Descriptor element, the "Descriptor+" would need to be interpreted by the DDF Interpreter as one or more Descriptor or subclasses of Descriptor elements. Specialisations of the Descriptor element that use this content model by default may have their content model extended to "ANY" during the DDF interpretation process (see Section 2.4.1.1.3) in order to form a valid XML DTD for a description scheme.

<!ENTITY % DataTypes "(Int | Float | Double | String | Date | Time | ID | IDREF | IDREFS | ENTITY | ENTITIES)">

<!ELEMENT Descriptor (ANY)>

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ATTLIST Descrip</th <th>otor</th> <th></th> <th></th>	otor		
id	ID _	#IMPLIED	
xml:lang	CDATA	"en"	
dataType	%DataTypes;	"String"	
superElement	NMTOKEN	#IMPLIED	
handler	ENTITY	#IMPLIED	
>			

#### 10 Attribute id

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The value of this attribute provides a natural way to refer to a particular element (e.g., in references). It must be unique for the document.

### Attribute xml:lang

The attribute *xml:lang* is included in Version 1.0 of the XML Specification. It specifies the natural language or formal language in which the content (of the element) is written. The default language used by the Descriptor element is English. If a description scheme was defined in French, for example, then one approach would be to define a FrenchDescriptor in which the value of *xml:lang* was FIXED to "fr", and then derive all application descriptors from the FrenchDescriptor element

### Attribute dataType

Preferably, the definitions of many descriptors require some control over the data type of an element's character data content.

The allowed data types for character data content are specified by the (XML) internal parameter entity, DataTypes (see above). The *dataType* attribute is only utilised if the content model for the Descriptor contains #PCDATA and the provided content for the Descriptor contained character data. In other words, if the content of a Descriptor is specified to contain child elements (i.e., a compound representative value) then the *dataType* attribute is not used. In an alternative implementation, the allowable data types could include a "Compound" type which would make the use of a compound descriptor more explicit in its definition.

Character data content of a Descriptor is represented by a DDF Processor using a AtomicDescriptorValue node (see Section 4.1.3 for the interface specification) rather than a Text node as used by a DOM Processor.

The default value of the attribute *dataType* is "String". This means that the *dataType* attribute does not need to be included in a Descriptor element's definition if the content of the element is to be treated as a string. Preferably, the DDF Processor dates and times are based on the profile of ISO 8601. The types, ENTITY/ENTITIES/ID/IDREF should be parsed as defined for the XML Version 1 standard [see Appendix L].

Although the data type of the Descriptor element's character data content cannot be directly used by XML version 1.0 and DOM version 1.0 specifications, it might in some way assist textual access to the description. Also placing the data type of the character data content in an attribute is consistent with many current proposals for data typing in XML.

Some Descriptors will require their representative value to be limited to a list of possible values (i.e., an enumeration). In these cases, it is preferable to construct Descriptor elements (having an EMPTY content model) for each of the enumerated values and then specify the enumeration in the content model for the parent Descriptor. An alternate approach is to include an enumeration data type and use a #PCDATA content model.

#### 20 Attribute superElement

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The value of this attribute is an element name which is the parent (or super) element of the Descriptor element. The parent element's definition must be available. Subclassing is implemented as described in Section 2.4.1.1.

The information in this attribute is used by the DDF interpretation process (see Fig. 1) to validate the defined subclassing and to process the inheritance of attributes. When accessed at the DOM level, this attribute provides only descriptive information about the immediate generalisation of the element. When processed at a DesOM level the subclassing relationship(s) for the element are represented as a node list or inheritance tree (see Section 4.1.1).

#### Attribute handler

The value of this attribute specifies an external entity for a Descriptor Handler to be used to provide methods for the Descriptor element. The Descriptor Handler is a class

which contains methods that conform to a specified Descriptor Handler interface (see Section 4.1.2).

The Descriptor Handler is specified using an ENTITY which can be defined in the description scheme (preferably before the elements of the scheme are defined). The ENTITY declaration can use a NOTATION to declare the type of the external entity and a helper application required to process the ENTITY. In the example below, a NOTATION is declared for a JavaClass type and this type is linked to the "Java" helper application (i.e., Java virtual machine). An individual Java class in then declared using an ENTITY declaration which uses the JavaClass NOTATION.

<!NOTATION JavaClass SYSTEM "Java">

<!ENTITY MyDescHandler SYSTEM "MyDescHandler.class" NDATA
JavaClass>

Preferably, it is assumed that the methods provided by the Descriptor Handler do not require any parameters that are not available from the DesOM (e.g., resource from a Description element). If methods of a Descriptor Handler require parameters to be set from individual descriptions, then attributes of a specialisation of the Descriptor element can be used to hold the parameter values. A Descriptor Handler could then have a method to set the parameters from the attribute values in the DesOM.

#### 3.1.2.2 Description Definition

A Description element is defined as a subclass of the Descriptor element. It represents the root node of an instance of the DesOM and should be the root element of a serialised description (i.e., an XML document).

The content model for the element is defined as one or more Descriptors. This is a restriction of the content model of the Descriptor element. As with the Descriptor element, definitions of specialisations of this element need to be interpreted by the DDF Interpreter as one or more Descriptor or Descriptor subclass elements.

ELEMENT Description (Descriptor+)			
ATTLIST Description</th			
superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"	
resource	ENTITY	#REQUIRED	
dateResourceLastModified	CDATA	#IMPLIED	
ruleSets	ENTITIES	#IMPLIED	

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>

#### Attribute superElement

Although the attribute *superElement* is inherited from the Descriptor element's definition, it is redefined here to declare that the Description element is a subclass of the Descriptor element. The default superElement is declared as #FIXED so that instances of the Description element cannot redefine the superElement value. Note, that a specialisation of the Description element can further restrict this default attribute value by specifying an element name that is a subclass of the Descriptor element (see 2.4.1.1.2).

#### 10 Attribute resource

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This value of this attribute should contain an entity which references the resource being described by this description. The resource must have been declared as an entity in the description before the Description can be declared. The resource type can be obtained by using a NOTATION, defined in either the description scheme or in the *Core.ddf*, to describe the type of entity:

## e.g., <!NOTATION MPEG-2 SYSTEM "MPEG-2Player">.

The NOTATION can then be used by an external ENTITY declaration in the DOCTYPE declaration of the description:

## e.g., <!ENTITY MyVideo SYSTEM "MyVideo.mpg" NDATA MPEG-2>:

Note, that this method of referencing the resource being described not only identifies it as an MPEG-2 resource but also provides the name of a processor (helper application) for the resource type.

#### Attribute dateResourceLastModified

The value of this attribute is a string representation of the date that the resource was last modified. At any stage a process can check to see if this date has changed (by string comparison), and update the description if necessary.

#### Attribute ruleSets

The value of this attribute contains one or more external ENTITIES. Each ENTITY refers to an XML document that contains a set of rules that can be applied to the description (see Section 7).

## 3.1.3 Descriptors Representing Spatial, Temporal and Conceptual Relationships

A set of Descriptor elements have been included to provide spatial, temporal and conceptual relationships between descriptors. These elements are preferably a part of the core DDF elements rather than specified in individual application description schemes in order to improve the semantic interpretation of description. These relationship Descriptor elements can have either atomic or compound representation values. The element set below is included more by way of example rather than attempting to demonstrate a complete list of the types of relationships that need to be modelled.

	ELEMENT ParallelSequence (Descriptor+)				
10	ATTLIST ParallelSequence</td				
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
	>		•		
	ELEMENT SerialSequence</td <td>e (Descriptor+)&gt;</td> <td></td>	e (Descriptor+)>			
15	ATTLIST SerialSequence</td				
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
	>				
	ELEMENT Neighbours (#PCDATA)				
	ATTLIST Neighbours</td <td></td> <td></td>				
20	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "IDREFS"		
	>				
	ELEMENT Before (#PCDATA)				
	ATTLIST Before</td				
25	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "IDREFS"		
	>				
	ELEMENT After (#PCDATA)				
	ATTLIST After</td <td></td> <td></td>				
30	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "IDREFS"		
l	>				

<!ELEMENT InFrontOf (#PCDATA)> <!ATTLIST InFrontOf **NMTOKEN #FIXED** "Descriptor" superElement #FIXED "IDREFS" dataType %DataTypes; <!ELEMENT Behind (#PCDATA)> <!ATTLIST Behind #FIXED "Descriptor" superElement **NMTOKEN #FIXED "IDREFS"** dataType %DataTypes; >

### 3.1.4 Elements Representing Navigational Relationships

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The preferred DDF also includes some core elements that enable the linking of descriptions to spatio-temporal extents of the content being described. A spatio-temporal extent is defined to be a section of the content that is spatially and/or temporally localised. For example, a spatio-temporal extent of a digital video signal might be represented as a rectangular region that extends for a number of frames. It is proposed to use an adaptation of the core linking elements from the HyTime standard. In particular, a contextual link, CLink, is defined to represent the common cross-reference or navigational link. Like in HyTime, a CLink connects the location in the description where the link occurs to another location. In other words, a CLink has a single linkend attribute. An independent link, or ILink, is also defined for applications that require links connecting more than two locations or stored separately from the link's location in the description. These elements are defined as subclasses of the basic Descriptor element so that they are interpreted by the DDF and represented as nodes in the DesOM. Since these elements do not require any of the data modelling properties described in Section 2.2, there may be a case for allowing elements, such as the set defined below, to not be based on the Descriptor element but still interpreted by a DDF processor.

The definitions of these linking elements are included in *Core.ddf*. Note it might be preferable to include the definition of the core spatio-temporal linking elements in a separate (ddf) DTD just as in HyTime core elements are defined in separate DTD modules and can be included as required in an application DTD.

```
<!ELEMENT CLink (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST CLink
 superElement
                         NMTOKEN
                                           #FIXED "Descriptor"
 dataType
                         %DataTypes;
                                           #FIXED "IDREF"
<!ELEMENT ILink (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST ILink
 superElement
                        NMTOKEN
                                           #FIXED "Descriptor"
                                           #FIXED "IDREFS"
 dataType
                         %DataTypes;
```

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The definitions of these linking elements have been modified from their HyTime equivalents to include the linkend(s) to be specified as the atomic representation value of the link descriptor elements.

The core Locator element simply provides an address for the location of one or more Extent elements within a particular resource. The value of the *resource* attribute identifies the resource using an ENTITY that has been previously declared in the description. This requires that the *Core.ddf* also includes a sufficiently rich set of NOTATIONS that include the types of resources that are going to be referenced by entities (e.g., JPEG, TIFF, MPEG-1, MPEG-2, etc.). An instance of a Locator must contain one or more instances of an Extent. It is desirable to specify the resource even if it is the same resource specified for the description.

Several subclasses of Extent elements are defined in the *Core.ddf*. The definitions of these elements are included below. These element definitions provide an example of the types of Locator and Extent elements that could be required.

```
<!ELEMENT Locator (Extent+)>
<!ATTLIST Locator

superElement NMTOKEN #FIXED "Descriptor
resource ENTITY #REQUIRED
>
```

```
<!ELEMENT Extent (Descriptor+)>
        <!ATTLIST Extent
                                                      #FIXED "Descriptor"
        superElement
                                  NMTOKEN
        >
        <!ELEMENT ImageExtent (Descriptor+)>
5
        <!ATTLIST ImageExtent
                                                      #FIXED "Extent"
                                  NMTOKEN
         superElement
        <!ELEMENT RectImageExtent (RectImageExtentX0, RectImageExtentY0,</pre>
               RectImageExtentHeight, RectImageExtentWidth)>
10
        <!ATTLIST RectImageExtent
                                                      #FIXED "ImageExtent"
                                  NMTOKEN
         superElement
        <!ELEMENT RectImageExtentX0 (#PCDATA)>
15
        <!ATTLIST RectImageExtentX0
         superElement
                                  NMTOKEN
                                                      #FIXED "Descriptor"
                                  %DataTypes;
                                                      #FIXED "Int"
         dataType
        <!ELEMENT RectImageExtentY0 (#PCDATA)>
        <!ATTLIST RectImageExtentY0
20
                                  NMTOKEN
                                                      #FIXED "Descriptor"
         superElement
                                                      #FIXED "Int"
         dataType
                                  %DataTypes;
         <!ELEMENT RectImageExtentHeight (#PCDATA)>
        <!ATTLIST RectImageExtentHeight
25
                                                      #FIXED "Descriptor"
         superElement
                                  NMTOKEN
                                                      #FIXED "Int"
         dataType
                                  %DataTypes;
         <!ELEMENT RectImageExtentWidth (#PCDATA)>
         <!ATTLIST RectImageExtentWidth
30
                                                      #FIXED "Descriptor"
          superElement
                                   NMTOKEN
          dataType
                                   %DataTypes;
                                                      #FIXED "Int"
```

```
<!ELEMENT VideoExtent (VideoExtentStart, VideoExtentEnd, ImageExtent?)>
        <!ATTLIST VideoExtent
         superElement
                                  NMTOKEN
                                                     #FIXED "Extent"
5
        <!ELEMENT VideoExtentStart (#PCDATA)>
        <!ATTLIST VideoExtentStart
         superElement
                                  NMTOKEN
                                                     #FIXED "Descriptor"
         dataType
                                  %DataTypes;
                                                     #FIXED "Int"
10
        >
        <!ELEMENT VideoExtentEnd (#PCDATA)>
        <!ATTLIST VideoExtentEnd
                                  NMTOKEN
                                                     #FIXED "Descriptor"
         superElement
         dataType
                                  %DataTypes;
                                                     #FIXED "Int"
15
```

#### 4. DesOM API Specification

The DesOM interface extends the existing DOM interface specification. The required extensions are detailed in this Section using the Object Management Group (OMG) Interface Definition Language (IDL). The specified interface represents a minimal interface for the DesOM.

# 4.1.1 Interface Descriptor

The Descriptor node object in the DesOM is a subclass of the DOM Element node object (see p.32 in Appendix M). Like the Element node object, the Descriptor node object represents both the Descriptor element, as well as any contained elements (see [Appendix M] for further details on the IDL specification of the Element object).

#### **IDL** Definition

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```
interface Descriptor : Element {

void setHandler(in DescriptorHandler handler);

DescriptorHandler getHandler();

NodeIterator getSuperElements();
```

**}**;

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### Method setHandler()

Set the DescriptorHandler for this Descriptor node object. This handler can be instantiated on the basis of the handler ENTITY that is specified as the value of the *handler* attribute for the Descriptor element.

**Parameters** 

handler

The DescriptorHandler to be assigned to this Descriptor node.

Returns

void

10 Exceptions

This method throws no exceptions.

### Method getHandler()

Returns the DescriptorHandler for this Descriptor node object.

**Parameters** 

None

Returns

DescriptorHandler for the Descriptor node object.

Exceptions

This method throws no exceptions.

## Method getSuperElements()

Returns a list of Descriptor generalisations or superElements for the Descriptor node object.

Parameters

None

Returns

NodeIterator

Exceptions

This method throws no exceptions.

### 4.1.2 Interface DescriptorHandler

The DescriptorHandler object provides methods for a class of Descriptor nodes. A DescriptorHandler can provide methods for more than one type of Descriptor. For example, a collection of Descriptors might use the same similarity metric.

The methods of a DescriptorHandler are generally implemented as class (static) methods.

#### **IDL** Definition

interface DescriptorHandler {

boolean	canCreateDescriptorContent();		
void	createDescriptorContent(Descriptor descriptor, Entity resource);		
void	removeDescriptorContent(Descriptor descriptor);		
double	getSimilarity(Descriptor descriptor1, Descriptor descriptor2);		
};			

## Method canCreateDescriptorContent()

Returns true if the DescriptorHandler contains an implemented method that can create the content for a descriptor..

Returns

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True if a method has been implemented else returns false.

#### Method createDescriptorContent()

Generates the content (i.e., child nodes) of the specified Descriptor node object using the specified resource.

Parameters

descriptor The Descriptor node object for which the content (i.e., child nodes)

is to be created from the resource.

resource The resource, represented as an entity, from which the content is to

be derived.

20 Returns void

Exceptions This method throws a ResourceNotFoundException if the resource

could not be found, or a IllegalResourceException if the resource is

not compatible with the method.

### 25 Method removeDescriptorContent()

Removes the content (i.e., child nodes) of the specified Descriptor node. This method might be invoked to reduce the complexity of a description for storage and would typically only be invoked if the DescriptorHandler was capable of recreating the specified descriptor's content.

#### 30 Parameters

descriptor The Descriptor node object for which the content (i.e., child nodes)

is to be removed.

Returns

void

## Method getSimilarity()

Returns a similarity metric in the range of [0, 1.0] which provides a measure of the similarity between the two specified Descriptor node objects.

**Parameters** 

descriptor 1 The first of the two Descriptor node objects to be compared.

descriptor2 The second of the two Descriptor node objects to be compared.

Returns double

Exceptions This method throws an UnmatchedDescriptorException if the two

Descriptor node objects are of incompatible types.

#### 4.1.3 Interface AtomicDescriptorValue

The AtomicDescriptorNode object is a subclass of the Text (node) object that is specified as part of the DOM [The Text object contains the non-markup content of an Element]. It provides additional methods to the Text object which interpret the string data content of the Text object as other data types (i.e., it is effectively a typed text node). The data types available are as specified for the *dataType* attribute of the Descriptor element (see Section 3.1.2.1). It is assumed in this specification that the XML data types (i.e., Ids, IDREFs, ENTITY, ENTITIES) would be interpreted from the string value of the AtomicDescriptorValue node.

Dates and times are represented using the date an time formats specified by the profile of ISO 8601. Implementations of the AtomicDescriptorValue object can provide further methods that provide extra date functions (e.g., getDataAsDateYear(), getDataAsDateMonth(), etc.).

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#### **IDL** Definition

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**}**;

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### Method getDataAsInt()

Returns the value of the Text node as an integer.

Parameters

None

Returns

Integer

Exceptions

This method throws a DDFDataFormatException if the character

string could not be parsed as an integer.

## 10 Method getDataAsFloat()

Returns the value of the Text node as a float value.

**Parameters** 

None

Returns

Float

Exceptions

This method throws a DDFDataFormatException if the character

string could not be parsed as a float value.

#### Method getDataAsDouble()

Returns the value of the Text node as a double value

**Parameters** 

None

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Returns

Double

Exceptions

This method throws a DDFDataFormatException if the character

string could not be parsed as a double value.

#### Method getDataAsDate()

Returns the value of the Text node as an ISO 8601 date.

Parameters

None

Returns

ISO 8601 date

Exceptions

This method throws a DDFDataFormatException if the character

string could not be parsed as an ISO 8601 date.

#### 30 Method getDataAsTime()

Returns the value of the Text node as an ISO 8601 time.

Parameters

None

Returns

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ISO 8601 time

Exceptions

This method throws a DDFDataFormatException if the character

string could not be parsed as an ISO 8601 time.

# 5 <u>5. Example of a Description Scheme</u>

An example of a description scheme expressed in DDF is contained in Appendix B. The description scheme aims to provide a description for digital video footage of an Australian Football League (AFL) game. This description scheme makes use of some core element definitions that are contained in Appendix A. The Core.ddf is declared as an internal parameter entity B1 and then included in the description scheme using the % operator (see B2). The indicated lines B1 and B2 of the description scheme result in all the element definitions included in Appendix A being available to the example description scheme.

In the definition of the descriptor AFLGameDescription B3 a descriptor handler B4 is specified. In the preferred embodiment this descriptor handler is implemented as a Java class (AFLGameGen.class in the example contained in Appendix B) having a predetermined procedural method which automatically generates the (description) content for the AFLGameDescription descriptor by analysing the digital video signal containing the footage of the game being described.

It should be noted that although the AFLGameDescription element is defined as a specialisation of a Description element, a Description element is just a specialisation of a Descriptor element, and so the AFLGameDescription can also be treated as a Descriptor.

An example description generated from the description scheme contained in Appendix B is shown in Appendix C. This example description would typically have been initially generated by the descriptor handler for the AFLGameDescription descriptor, however manual creation is also possible if an annotator so desires. The procedural method to generate the content for the descriptor AFLGameDescription would typically analyse the digital video resource signal containing the footage of the game to be described, identify the start and end of the four quarters of play, and within each quarter track and, if possible, identify individual tracked players. The tracking could be achieved using motion analysis of the digital video resource with player identification being



achieved by attempting to recognise a player's number from his/her jersey. It is not an object of this invention to specify a method for generating the content of the description.

Clearly it is unlikely that all the information required for the description, as specified by the description scheme, could be automatically generated from an analysis of the digital video resource signal. Where information is not available (e.g., date and location of the game), the content generation method can either generate empty descriptors or simply omit the descriptors from the description. At a later date an annotator can add this information manually if it is required. Similarly, it might be too difficult for an automatic analysis to classify the action of each tracked player. For example, it might be difficult to automatically analyse whether the player was involved in a mark, a kick or a tackle. This information could also be provided at a later date. In fact, an annotator could use a Digital Video Browser System, as described in Section 11, to browse the digital video resource and annotate as required. On completion of annotation the Digital Video Browser System could also be used to select to play all those sections of the digital video resource in which a particular player was involved, or all those sections in which a mark occurred. In other words, the Digital Video Browser System could be used to complete any annotation tasks and browse the described digital video resource.

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Another example of a method to create the content for a descriptor, is one where the resource to be described has already been described using another description scheme. For example, a digital video camera might generate a description (using, for example, a Video Capture Description Scheme) for a digital video resource as it is being captured. The automatically generated description might contain information such as exposure, focus, eye-gaze location, shot boundaries, etc. It might be desirable to maintain some, if not all, of the information automatically recorded using the source description scheme, however it might be preferable to describe the digital video resource using another more generally accepted description scheme, in this case the destination description scheme. In this case the descriptor handler(s) in the destination descriptions. This mapping would typically be provided in the content creation method of descriptor handler for the Description element of the destination description scheme. This transformation from one description scheme to another could also be achieved by applying rules to the DesOM (see Section 7).

6. Methods of Applying Procedures

# 6.1 Method of Applying Procedures to Electronically-Accessible Resources

Turning now to Fig. 7A, there is a shown a method of applying procedures to an electronically accessible resource. The method commences at step 700A and continues at step 702A where a description scheme is applied to a resource. In the next step 704A, a processor identifies the one or more DescriptorHandlers in the description scheme and afterwards the method continues to step 706A. In step 706A, the processor identifies the procedures corresponding to the previously identified DescriptorHandlers. These procedures are in the form of procedural code contained in the DescriptorHandlers. In the next step 708A the procedures are applied to the resource. The method then outputs at step 710A the results of the application of the procedures. The method terminates at step 712A. Preferably, these procedures result in the automatic generation of a description of the resource which may serialised as a XML document. However other procedures or processes may be envisaged. Further this resultant description is preferably interpretable by both humans and machines. In another example the DescriptorHandler can provide a method for computing the similarity between two instances of a descriptor of the resource.

#### 6.2. Methods of Applying Procedures to a Description

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Turning now to Fig. 7B, there is shown a flow diagram of a preferred method of processing a description of a resource. The method commences at step 700B and continues at step 702B where a description is parsed by a DDF processor. In the next step 704B, the DDF processor identifies within the associated description scheme one or more DescriptorHandlers. In the next step 706B of the method, the DFF processor identifies the one or more procedures associated with the previously identified DescriptorHandlers. These procedures are in the form of procedural code contained in the DescriptorHandlers. In the next step 708B the procedures are applied to the DesOM corresponding to the description. The method then outputs at step 710B the results of the application of the procedures. The method terminates at step 712B. The method envisages many different types of procedures that can used in the preferred method. In one embodiment, the preferred method computes the similarity between two same descriptors types. In this embodiment, the descriptions are parsed by the DDF processor and a common descriptor definition is identified by the processor. The DDF processor then identifies within the description scheme containing the common descriptor definition an associated

DescriptorHandler which contains procedural code for computing similarity between two descriptors. The method then applies the procedural code to the DesOMs associated with the descriptions and determines how similar the descriptors and hence the similarity of the two resources. The method then outputs the results of the similarity computation. This embodiment has particular application in searching/querying descriptions of resources.

# 7. Rule-based Processing using the DesOM

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The internal memory structure of a description (i.e., the DesOM) provides a convenient structure on which to perform further processing of a description (or indeed the relevant description scheme). This further processing can be achieved by locating patterns of nodes in the DesOM and performing specified actions in response to the located patterns. Each pattern-action association can be represented by a rule and a set of related rules can be collected into a rule set.

Rules can be used to used to automatically create further descriptors based on existing descriptors (see Section 8. Method of Extending Descriptions of Resources), to provide presentation properties for descriptions and description schemes (see Section 9. Method of Presenting Descriptions of Resources), and to represent queries (see Section 10. Method of Selecting Resource Descriptions). Rules can also be used to translate a description to the language of the query (see Section 11. Method of Translating a Description of a Resource). The preferred embodiment of the Digital Video Browser System described in Section 12 uses a method for formulating rules common for each of these functions. This method is described below.

Each rule consists of a pattern (of nodes in the DesOM) and an associated one or more actions. For each of the different functions (inference, equivalence, presentation and selection), a different set of actions is often applicable. However each of these functions can be enabled using a common rule grammar which will be described in this section. The rule grammar can be defined in an XML DTD. The rules for the different functions can simply use the common rule grammar (this is the case for the preferred embodiment of the Digital Video Browser System), or alternatively the allowable actions can be controlled by defining different DTDs for each of the different functions (e.g., an InferenceRules.dtd, a PresentationRules.dtd, etc.).

Rules can be represented as, or in a manner similar to, Extensible Style Language (XSL) rules. In the preferred embodiment of the Digital Video Browser System (see Section 12), we have used the following basic rule grammar.

### Rules.dtd

```
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         <!ELEMENT Rule (Action+)>
         <!ATTLIST Rule
               target
                         (Element | ElementDefn)
                                                  "Element"
               pattern
                         CDATA
                                                 #REQUIRED
10
         <!ELEMENT Action (
                               AddAttribute | RemoveAttribute
                              | AddElement | RemoveElement
                              | AddAttributeDef | RemoveAttributeDef
                              | Select)>
         <!ELEMENT AddAttribute (EMPTY)>
15
         <!ATTLIST AddAttribute
               attName
                         CDATA
                                                 #REQUIRED
               attValue
                         CDATA
                                                 #REQUIRED
         <!ELEMENT RemoveAttribute (EMPTY)>
         <!ATTLIST RemoveAttribute
20
               attName
                        CDATA
                                                 #REQUIRED
         >
         <!ELEMENT AddElement(#PCDATA)>
         <!ATTLIST AddElement
                        (SiblingBefore | SiblingAfter | AsFirstChild | AsLastChild )
25
               position
                                                 #REQUIRED
        <!ELEMENT RemoveElement (EMPTY)>
        <!ELEMENT AddAttributeDef (EMPTY)>
        <!ATTLIST AddAttributeDef
30
               attName
                        CDATA
                                                 #REQUIRED
               attType
                        CDATA
                                                 #REQUIRED
```

```
attDefault CDATA
                                       #REQUIRED
>
<!ELEMENT RemoveAttributeDef (EMPTY)>
<!ATTLIST RemoveAttributeDef
      attName
               CDATA
                                       #REQUIRED
<!ELEMENT Select (EMPTY)>
<!ATTLIST Select
      attName
                    CDATA
                                            "selected"
      attValue
                    CDATA
                                            "YES"
      selectAncestors (YES | NO)
                                                "YES"
>
```

Each Rule element has a target attribute that has a default value of "Element" and a character string pattern attribute. The target attribute refers to the target of the defined Rule. Typically inference, equivalence and search rules are targeted at elements because the action of the rule results in either a new descriptor in the description or the selection of a descriptor for a query. Presentation rules, however are typically targeted at element definitions as their associated actions specify how a particular descriptor type is to be presented in an application. A set of rules can be serialised in an XML document. This is typically the case with inference, equivalence and presentation rules, but may not be required for selection rules which may often be processed on a single rule basis.

The role of the pattern character data string is to identify the particular elements (or element definitions) to which the action is applied. This character string can identify more than one element and can include element ancestry and attribute qualifiers. In the preferred embodiment the pattern string is parsed according to the following Extended Backus-Naur Form (EBNF) notation.

yOp ElementPattern)*

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Each pattern can consist of one or more alternative patterns (i.e., '|' represents an alternative) or must satisfy more than one ElementPattern (i.e., '&' connector operation). Element ancestry is represented within a pattern by using the parent operator '/'. Two patterns separated by a parent operator match an element if the right hand side matches the element and the left hand side matches the parent of the element. For example, the following Shot elements that have a Scene element as a parent and a VideoClipDescription element as a grandparent match the following Rule's pattern:

Two patterns separated by the ancestry operator '//' match an element if the right-hand side that matches the element has at least one ancestor that the left-hand side matches. So, for example, any Shot elements that have a VideoClipDescription as an ancestor element will match the following Rule's pattern:

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	ElementPattern	::=	ElementTypePattern ElementQualification
20	ElementTypePattern	::=	OneElementTypePattern   '*'
	OneElementTypePattern	::=	<u>ElementTypeName</u>
	ElementQualification	::=	'['Qualifiers?']'
	Qualifiers	::=	Qualifier (','Qualifier)*
	Qualifier	::=	ChildQualifier
25			AttributeQualifier
			PositionalQualifier
	AttributeQualifier	::=	AttributePattern ('='AttributeValue)?
	AttributePattern	::=	'attribute' '('AttributeName')'
	AttributeValue	::=	·" [^"]* ·"   "" [^ <sup>1</sup> ]* ·"
30	PositionalQualifier	::=	Position '(' ')'
	Position	::=	'FirstOfType'   'NotFirstOfType'
			'FirstOfAny'   'NotFirstOfmany'

```
| 'LastOfType' | 'NotLastOfType'

- | 'LastOfAny' | 'NotLastOfAny'

| 'OnlyOfType' | 'NotOnlyOfType'

| 'OnlyOfAny' | 'NotOnlyOfAny'
```

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An element within the pattern hierarchy may have qualifiers applied to it, which further constrain which elements match the term. These qualifiers may constrain the element to have certain attributes or sub-elements or may constrain its position with respect to its siblings. The qualifiers are specified in square brackets following the ElementTypeName (which is it tag name defined in the DTD). A pattern matches only if all of the qualifiers are satisfied.

For example, any Shot elements that have a child element KeyFrame will match the following Rule's pattern:

Attributes on the target element or any of its ancestor elements can also be used to determine whether a particular rule applies to an element. An attribute qualifier can constrain an element to have either a specific attribute with a specific value, or to have a specific attribute with any value. For example, the following pattern matches a Bin descriptor which has as its parent a Histogram descriptor which has an attribute noBins with a value of '100':

```
<Rule pattern = "Histogram[attribute(noBins)='100']/Bin">
<Action> etc...</Action>
</Rule>
```

Positional qualifiers can also be used to further constrain the pattern to match on the element's position or uniqueness amongst its siblings. For example, the following example matches Object descriptors which are the only Objects in a KeyFrame descriptor:

The above description of the matching method permits pattern matching only on elements (which are typically descriptors in the DesOM) or element definitions. Clearly there are many possible embodiments for defining the syntax of the node pattern matching without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

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Each Rule can have one or more associated Action elements. In the preferred embodiment of the Digital Video Browser System the allowable Action elements for rules has been limited to the addition and removal of elements and attributes from elements (i.e., descriptors) in descriptions and the addition and removal of attribute definitions from element definitions in a description scheme. The actions involving individual descriptions are generally used by inference, equivalence and selection rules (see Sections 8 and 10) and the actions involving description schemes are generally used by presentation rules (see Section 9).

The attributes of the Action elements, AddAttribute and RemoveAttribute, specify the attribute to be added or removed from a target element (i.e., an element that has matched the specified pattern in the rule). The content of the AddElement action contains the element to be added to the DesOM as a relation of a target element. The position attribute of the AddElement element specifies where the new element should be added with respect to the target element. This position attribute can indicate that the new element is to be added as a sibling node before the target element (SiblingBefore), as a sibling node after the target element (SiblingAfter), as the first child of the target element (AsFirstChild), or as the last child of the target element (AsLastChild). Clearly, since the element to be added to the DesOM is represented as parsed character data (#PCDATA), an element hierarchy can also be added to the DesOM. The RemoveElement action will simply remove a target element. Any child elements of the target element will also be removed.

The AddAttributeDef and RemoveAttributeDef actions are only valid if the target for the rule is an element definition. These actions are typically used by presentation rules (see Section 9). The AddAttributeDef action uses the attName, attType and attDefault attributes to specify the required information for the attribute definition to be added to an element definition. The RemoveAttributeDef action will simply remove the attribute definition that is identified by the value of the attName attribute of the action. Attribute

definitions can be replaced by including both an AddAttributeDef and a RemoveAttributeDef action in a particular rule.

The Select action is typically only used by selection rules and is described in detail Section 10. Rules can also be used to transform a description. These rules are used to generate a second description conforming with a second description scheme.

# 8. Method of Extending Descriptions of Resources

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Given a description scheme, it is possible that further descriptors can be automatically created by inference or a known equivalence in a description based on the existence or otherwise of a particular set of descriptors. For example, if a descriptor for a digitally captured image representing light exposure levels indicated outdoor lighting levels, then an additional descriptor could be automatically created to classify the image as an "Outdoor Scene". Since the latter classification can be inferred from the recorded light exposure levels there is no advantage in storing the classification because it can always be re-generated while the inference rule exists. Rules can also be used to generate textual descriptors based on non-textual descriptors or vice versa. For example, the colour of an object might be stored in a description as a (R, G, B) value. A rule could be formulated which maps each (R, G, B) value to one of a possible number of colours represented in a text string (e.g., red, green, purple, etc.). The additional descriptors generated by inference or equivalence rules can result in a richer description that can be exploited by applications (e.g., search engines, filter agents, etc.).

A set of rules that is applicable for a given description scheme can be serialised (stored) in an XML document. In the preferred embodiment of the Digital Video Browser System, a reference to such an XML document is stored in the value of the ruleSets attribute of the Description element for the description scheme (see Section 3.1.2.2 Description Definition). It is possible to associate more than one rule set with a description scheme. In the preferred embodiment of the Digital Video Browser System, if more than one rule set is specified then it is assumed that both rule sets can be applied (i.e., the individual rule sets do not contain unresolvable rules). In other words, the individual rule sets are simply combined and treated as a single rule set, in which the order of rules to be processed is provided by the order of the listing of the individual rule sets and the order of the individual rules within each given rule set. Inference and equivalence rule sets can also be stored with an application without departing from the

essence of the invention, however in this event the value of the rules is limited to the particular application.

In the preferred embodiment the Action elements typically used are the addition and removal of attributes and elements from the DesOM. Replacement can be achieved by using a removal followed by an addition Action element.

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A set of inference rules is preferably invoked whenever a description is first processed into the DesOM. The rules are iteratively processed until no further changes can be made to the DesOM as some rules may depend on the actions of other rules. The rule set may need to be (iteratively) reapplied whenever the description is updated (e.g., a manual annotation in an application utilising the description). In the event that an application has permitted changes to be made to the description, then before serialising the altered description each change needs to be considered in light of the inference rules in order to ascertain whether the descriptor can be inferred from a knowledge of the other descriptors in the description. If a descriptor can be inferred then it is excluded from the serialised description.

The preferred method preferably associates a set of inference and/or equivalence rules to a description scheme. This set of rules can be implemented according to the abovementioned description and results in a richer description structure without any additional storage or transport overhead which would result if the extra (inferred or equivalent) descriptors were included as part of the individual descriptions. Being able to represent this inferred or equivalent information as a set of rules that can be invoked when required represents a significant saving in storage and transport cost if a large digital library were to be described. In other words it can eliminate the storage and processing costs of redundant information.

An important aspect of the preferred method is that unlike existing stylesheet languages such as XSL, the inference and equivalence rules do not form the basis of a construction of a new tree structure which is typically used for rendering. In the preferred method the rules are applied to the memory structure that represents the description (i.e, the DesOM) and result in changes to that structure. The role of the rules is to provide a richer description of the resource that can be exploited by applications (e.g., search engines, filter agents, etc.). This richer description does not necessarily need to be

serialised because the richer description can always be generated from the original description using the rules.

The preferred embodiment for applying the inference and equivalence rules has a limited set of actions that can be performed on the selected elements (see Rules.dtd in Section 7. Rule-based Processing using the DesOM. This set of actions is sufficient for the Digital Video Browser System described in Section 12, however it is possible that a more extensive set of rules may be required for other applications.

Turning now to Fig. 8, there is shown a flow diagram of a preferred method of extending a description of a resource. In step 800, the method commences and a host application such as a search engine invokes a DDF processor and selects a description in response to a user request for further processing. In the next step 802, the DDF processor parses the description into a DesOM. After step 802 the method continues at step 804, where an associated set of rules are accessed using the RuleSet Attribute of the description. These set of rules may be serialised in the form of an XML document. In the next step 806, the first rule of the set is selected for processing.

The method then continues to decision block 806, where a check is made whether a pattern associated with the selected rule can be found in the DesOM. The manner in which the pattern associated with the selected rule matches a pattern in the DesOM is described in more detail in 7. Rule-based processing using the DesOM. If the decision block 808 returns true(yes), then the processing continues at the next step 810, where the inference or equivalence action associated with the rule is initiated on the DesOM. These actions preferably initiate addition and removal of attributes and elements from the DesOM thus modifying the DesOM. Afterwards, the method selects the next rule in step A11 and the processing returns to decision block 808. If the decision block 808 returns false(no), the the processing continues at decision block 812, where a check is made whether all the selected rules have finally been processed without action. In this way, the rules are iteratively processed until no further changes can be made to the DesOM. This is advantageous in the situation where some rules are dependent on other rules. If, on the other hand, the decision block 812 returns true(yes), the processing continues at step 816 where the extended desOM is output. The method then terminates at step 818.

### 9. Method of Presenting Descriptions of Resources

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A description could be used by many applications. Each application might exploit different properties of the description and its defining description scheme. Some of these applications will invariably need to represent description schemes and/or descriptors in a graphical or pictorial manner. For example, many descriptors could be graphically represented by icons and a user's interaction with either a description or description scheme could be mediated by icon selection.

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Presentation properties for descriptors could be included as part of the description scheme however this can be non-ideal for two reasons. First, the role of the description scheme and description is to describe classes of resources and a particular resource, respectively, and it is preferable to keep both entities as concise and precise as possible. Presentation information would result in extra presentation information (e.g., icons) being part of a description scheme (and perhaps descriptions) and would therefore increase the storage and transmission costs for each description scheme. Second, different applications might prefer to present descriptions and description schemes in different ways. In other words, the presentation properties of descriptions and description schemes can be application dependent.

It is advantageous, however, to have a set of presentation rules grouped in a rule set that can be serialised, transported with and used in conjunction with the description scheme so that other applications can, if they choose to, use a similar set of presentation rules. This would not be the case if the presentation rules were tightly linked with a particular application (i.e., part of the application code base).

As with inference and equivalence rule sets, presentation rule sets can optionally be linked with a description scheme by specifying the XML document containing the presentation rule set as the value or part of the value of the ruleSets attribute in the Description element for the description scheme (see Section 3.1.2.2 Description Definition). Presentation rule sets can be included in the ruleSets attribute along with other rule sets that might be concerned with inference and equivalence rules. In the Digital Video Browser System, which is described in Section 12, the presentation rule sets are stored with the description scheme in the ruleSets attribute. Alternatively, they could be stored with the application rather than the description scheme. Presentation rule sets stored as part of the description scheme are processed like inference or equivalence rule sets. In other words, all the rules from the individual rule sets are combined into a

single rule set. Resolution of rules is performed on the basis of rule order (as was described for inference rules in Section 8. Method of Extending Descriptions of Resources). If an alternative method of processing presentation rule set(s) is required then the presentation rule set(s) are best stored with the application so the application can control the processing.

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Presentation properties can be attributed to the descriptor definitions in a description scheme or the descriptor elements of a description using application-specific presentation rules. Unlike, inference or equivalence rules, a presentation rule is typically applied to an element definition in a DTD. Its role is to provide presentation behaviour for the instances of the descriptors defined in the description scheme. In the preferred embodiment of the Digital Video Browser System, presentation rules are only applied to descriptor definitions and not to descriptors within individual descriptions. However, it is conceivable that some applications might benefit from an ability to define presentation rules based on individual descriptors in descriptions. The rules in a presentation rule set can be formulated in a similar way to inference or equivalence rule sets.

Preferably, the Action elements of presentation rules typically involve the addition and removal of attribute definitions in element definitions (in the description scheme). Consequently the rules are targeted at element definitions rather than elements. Alternative embodiments could apply presentation rules to individual descriptions and therefore the target of these rules would be elements rather than element definitions.

Presentation rules are used in the Digital Video Browser System described in Section 12 for the following functions:

- To classify descriptors as being structural (hence belonging in a Table of Contents) or
  of an index nature (hence belonging to an Index);
- To assign icons to descriptors where the icons are assigned on a description scheme basis (i.e., by the addition of attribute definitions having default values to descriptor definitions), and;
  - To add "Selected" attributes to all selectable descriptor definitions so that selection rules can interact with the presentation of the descriptions (e.g., so the application can differentiate visually between selected and non-selected descriptors).

The preferred method involves associating a set of rules with a description scheme that can influence the presentation properties of descriptors in descriptions which are conformant with a particular description scheme. It is an advantage to have these presentation rules grouped in a rule set that is either linked to a description scheme so that applications can utilise the defined set of presentation properties if required. Alternatively an application can select to use its own set of presentation rules.

Turning now to Fig. 9, there is shown a flow diagram of a preferred method of visually presenting a description of a resource. In step 900, the method commences and a host application such as a search engine invokes a DDF processor. In the next step 901, a description is selected for presentation. This selection can occur by way of user input or by way of another application. The method then continues at step 902, where the associated defining description scheme is read into memory. The description scheme in memory comprises an array of element definition where each element definition has an array of attribute definitions. Alternatively, the DDF processor can parse the description into a DesOM. After step 902 the method continues at step 904, where the presentation set of rules are accessed using the RuleSet Attribute of the description. In the next step 906, the first presentation rule of the set is selected for processing.

The method then continues to decision block 908, where a check is made whether a pattern associated with the selected rule can be found in the DesOM. A pattern matching process similar to that described in 7. Rule-based processing using the DesOM would be suitable. If the decision block 908 returns true(yes), then the processing continues at the next step 910, where the the attribute definition(s) associated with the rule is removed or added to the array in memory. Afterwards, the method selects the next rule in step 911 and the processing returns to decision block 908. If the decision block 908 returns false(no), the processing continues at decision block 912, where a check is made whether all the selected rules have finally been processed without action. In this way, the rules are iteratively processed until no further changes can be made to the array in memory. This is advantageous in the situation where some rules are dependent on other rules. If, on the other hand, the decision block 912 returns true(yes), the processing continues at step 916 wherein a modified description is created using said modified as a template. This modified description is then output to an output device. For example, the modified description and it's associated resources, such as digital video resources or DVDs, can be rendered on a display or a printing device.

#### 10. Method of Selecting Resource Descriptions

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Selection rules can be used to formulate queries directed at collections of descriptions (e.g., digital libraries). A query can be viewed as a request to select those descriptions or components of descriptions (i.e., descriptors) that match a specified pattern. Like inference and equivalence rules, selection rules are typically directed at elements rather than element definitions. Unlike inference, equivalence and presentation rules, however, selection rules may be generated on a one-off basis and not collected in rule sets that are serialised in an XML document. For example, a query is usually formulated with help from the user, then processed, and the results presented to the user for their evaluation.

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Selection rules often depend on presentation rules in that the selection action must be able to be interpreted by the application and presented to the user. For example, a selection action could simply set a (presentation) attribute for descriptors that match the specified pattern.

Selection rules are typically associated with the application. In the preferred embodiment of the Digital Video Browser System, selection rules use the same grammar as all other rules (see Section 7. Rule-based Processing using the DesOM). However, typically the only Action that is invoked by a selection rule is the Select action. Consequently it would be possible to define a more specific grammar for selection rules (e.g., SelectionRules.dtd having just a Select action being allowed).

The Select action of a selection rule has three attributes which specify how the selection action is implemented. The value of the attribute attName refers to the attribute name used for a descriptor that is able to represent the action of being selected. This attribute would typically have been generated using a presentation rule. If the element matched by the pattern does not contain such an attribute, then the selection process will search for ancestors of the matched element in the DesOM (i.e., up the description tree) until it locates an element with the specified attribute name. In the above DTD this attribute name is provided with a default value of "selected". The value of the second attribute attValue refers to the value that the "selected" attribute should be assigned in order to indicate selection. The DTD also provides a default value of "YES". The third attribute specifies whether all selectable ancestors should also be selected. So, for example, if a user selects a Shot descriptor because of a matched descriptor contained in

the Shot descriptor, then the user should also select the ancestors of the Shot descriptor (i.e, the Scene descriptor and the VideoClipDescription descriptor).

In this way, the Select element provides information to the application on which elements have matched the specified pattern in the selection rule. Clearly the application needs to be aware of the attribute used to provide this information, hence the interaction between presentation and selection rules. In the Digital Video Browser System (see Section 12), selection rules are used to implement searches in a Digital Video Library.

The preferred method involves that of representing queries by selection rules which attempt to find matches to a rule's specified element pattern. The "select" action that is executed on a successful pattern match typically modifies attributes established by presentation rules, so that the selection process can interact with the application.

Turning now to Fig. 10, there is shown a flow diagram of a preferred method of selecting one or more descriptions or part of one or more descriptions of a resource. In step 1000, the method commences and a host application such as a search engine invokes a DDF processor. In the next step 1002, a user inputs a query which is formulated as a rule in step 1004. The search engine then selects in step 1005 a first description for evaluation. The method then continues at step 1006, where the DDF processor parses the description into a DesOM.

The method then continues to decision block 1008, where a check is made whether a pattern associated with the selected rule can be found in the DesOM. The manner in which the pattern associated with the selected rule matches a pattern in the DesOM is described in more detail in 7. Rule-based processing using the DesOM. If the decision block 1008 returns true(yes), then the processing continues at the next step 1010, where the select action associated with the rule is initiated on the DesOM. The details of the select action is described above. Afterwards, the method then continues at decision block 1012 where a check is made whether the last description has been searched. If the decision block returns false(no) the processing continues at step 1014 where the next description is selected. Otherwise, the processing continues at step 1016, where the results of the searching process is output. The method then terminates at step 1018.

#### 11. Method of Translating Descriptions of Resources

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Often descriptions of resources will be in a language different from the request. Rather than store copies of the descriptions in each language, the preferred method stores only one copy of the descriptions in one language. Preferably, the language is English. The preferred method is then provided with a number of rule sets that enable the translation of the descriptions to the language of the request. For example, the description may have a "color" attribute and a color attribute value "red". If the request is received in French, then the preferred method will translate the description to French. In the example given, "color" and "red" will be translated to their French equivalent. This is a form of inter-language equivalence. This procedure is similar to the way Inference Rules are processed, but on a conditional basis. Inference rules are preferably not processed on a conditional basis as described here for translation rules.

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Turning now to Fig. 11, there is shown a flow diagram of a preferred method of translating a description of a resource. In step 1100, the method commences and a host application such as a search engine invokes a DDF processor and selects a description in response to a user request for further processing. In the next step 1102, the DDF processor parses the description into a DesOM. After step 1102 the method continues at decision block 1103, where a check is made whether the language of the request is different from the language of the description. This check is accomplished by comparing the language attributes of both the request and the description.

If the decision block 1103 returns true(yes), the processing continues at step 1104, where an associated translation set of rules are accessed using the RuleSet Attribute of the description. These translation set of rules may be serialised in the form of an XML document. On the other hand, if the decision block returns false(no) then the processing continues at step 1116. After completion of step 1104, the method continues at step 1106, where the first rule of the set is selected for processing.

The method then continues to decision block 1106, where a check is made whether a pattern associated with the selected rule can be found in the DesOM. The manner in which the pattern associated with the selected rule matches a pattern in the DesOM is described in more detail in 7. Rule-based processing using the DesOM. If the decision block 1108 returns true(yes), then the processing continues at the next step 1110, where the translation action associated with the rule is initiated on the DesOM. These actions initiate the removal and addition of attributes and elements from the DesOM. The removal and addition action substitutes the language of the attributes and elements for another. Afterwards, the method selects the next rule in step B11 and the processing

returns to decision block 1108. If the decision block 1108 returns false(no), the the processing continues at decision block 1112, where a check is made whether all the selected rules have finally been processed without action. If, on the other hand, the decision block 1112 returns true(yes), the processing continues at step 1116 where the extended desOM is output. The method then terminates at step 1118. Alternatively it is also possible to include an action of a rule which invokes a DescriptorHandler method to translate the content of the selected Descriptor.

# 12. Digital Video Browser System

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The functionality of the Digital Video Browser System, that is described in this Section, is enabled by the descriptions of digital video that are automatically generated using a description scheme, designed for digital video resources, such as that included in Appendix D.

The Digital Video Browser System allows a user to browse the digital video in a non-linear manner, manually annotate the digital video to provide additional descriptive information that was not able to be automatically generated, and to search for the presence of various descriptors in a description. It should be clear to the reader that all this functionality is enabled by an interaction of the user with the description scheme and the individual descriptions of the digital video resources and that the browser that is described in the following section can in essence be applied to any other electronically-accessible resource.

A typical Digital Video Browser System is shown in Fig. 12. The system contains a Video Browser Panel 1200 which consists of a Viewing Panel 1201, a Table-of-Contents (or TOC) Panel 1202, and an Index Panel 1203. Outside of the Video Browser Panel 1200 but within the system are three buttons required for user interaction; a Search button 1205, a Play button 1206, and an On/Off button 1207.

User interaction with the panels of the Digital Video Browser System can be mediated by a touch-sensitive Video Browser Panel, however this feature is not necessary for the operation of the system. The operation of the Digital Video Browser System will now be discussed in the terms of Fig. 12.

When a new digital video resource is added to the Digital Video Browser System a predetermined description scheme is applied to the digital video resource resulting in the content creation methods of the relevant descriptor handlers in the description schemes

being initiated. Other implementations might provide more than one description scheme which can be applied to the digital video resources. For example, a Digital Video Browser System might provide the description schemes contained in Appendices B and D. In such an embodiment the user would require a means to select the description scheme that he/she would like to apply to each new digital video resource. So, for example, if he/she was adding a new digital video resource containing the footage from a football match then he/she would most likely use the description scheme in Appendix B, however if the digital video resource contained some footage of a recent holiday, then it's likely that the description scheme contained in Appendix D would be more appropriate.

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If more than one description scheme is available then the selection of the most appropriate description scheme to use could also be automated to some extent. The resource to be described could be analysed to see if it contained key features that typically indicate the use of a particular description scheme. For example, the sound track of a digital video resource could be analysed for repetitive whistle sounds arising from a referee's whistle. If detected, such sounds could provide evidence for the use of a particular description scheme (e.g., the description scheme shown in Appendix B).

In a simple description scheme such as that included in Appendix B there is a single descriptor handler specified for the description (which is also a descriptor), which generates the entire content for the description.

In other description schemes, more than one descriptor may have an associated descriptor handler which is responsible for automatically generating the content of just that descriptor. For example, consider the description scheme shown in Appendix D. The VideoDescription descriptor D1 has an associated descriptor handler D2 which provides a method to automatically segment the digital video resource into a series of individual shots. The Shot descriptor D3 has an associated descriptor handler D4 which provides a method to automatically select a key frame from a specific shot and then generate a series of semantic labels which provide some information about the content of the particular shot (e.g., whether or not the shot contained people, was an indoors or outdoors shot, etc.). These descriptor handler methods are executed on the creation of a descriptor in the description being generated. Therefore the description can be progressively constructed using the description scheme (effectively as a template) and the set of descriptor handlers

that provide the methods for automatically generating the content for their relevant descriptors. An example of such a generated description is provided in Appendix E.

In the case of the Digital Video Browser System depicted in Fig. 12, the descriptors able to be accessed in the Index Panel, rather than the TOC Panel are classified as Index Descriptors. The classification of descriptors as Index or TOC descriptors is achieved using presentation rules (see Section 8. Method of Presenting Descriptions of Resources), with each description scheme being used by the Digital Video Browser System having a corresponding presentation rule set. For example, a presentation rule could be applied to each of the descriptor definitions in the description scheme to add an attribute definition to the descriptor's definition for the purposes of this classification. The added attribute definition could have a attribute default of #FIXED "Index" or #FIXED "TOC" to classify an Index and TOC descriptor, respectively. [Note: The use of the #FIXED keyword in the default value means that changing the value of the classifier from its default value results in an invalid XML construct and hence an invalid description.]

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Selecting which descriptors are to be used as Index descriptors is similar to selecting which key words or phrases you would include in the index of a book. In other words, it is an authoring task that results in presentation rules. In general, a descriptor that is classified as a TOC descriptor represents a structural element of the resource (i.e., a component that would normally appear in the TOC of a book). So, for example, a Shot descriptor is a TOC descriptor. An Index descriptor typically represents a property of a TOC descriptor (e.g., a Shot descriptor could contain people scenes, be an indoor or outdoor scene, etc.).

The Index descriptors are the leaf nodes of the internal tree structure used to represent the description [The internal representation of descriptions is discussed in detail in Section 2.3 Description Object Model (DesOM) ]. In the absence of presentation rules, this property can also be used to implicitly differentiate between Index and TOC descriptors in an implemented Digital Video Browser System. In the preferred embodiment of the Digital Video Browser System, explicit differentiation between Index and TOC Descriptors is achieved using presentation rules. A set of presentation rules applicable to the description scheme in Appendix D is shown in Appendix F.

The Digital Video Browser System has access to a collection of digital video resources, which is hereinafter referred to a Digital Video Library. A newly described

digital video resource can be simply appended to an existing collection of described digital video resources. Alternatively (see Section 11. Remote Digital Video Browser Devices), the user can insert a new item at the desired location using a drag-and drop means. The Digital Video Library is itself a resource able to be described. Therefore, on initialising the Digital Video Browser System a description scheme for a Digital Video Library is used to automatically generate a description for the Digital Video Library.

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The description of the Digital Video Library can be very simple containing just a hierarchical representation of the individual descriptions of digital video resources described in the library. In other words, the description need not know about the location of the digital video resources described in the library. It is merely a catalogue of the descriptions of the digital video resources stored in the library. Each individual description has a reference to its corresponding digital video resource.

An example of a description scheme for a Digital Video Library is included in Appendix G. The Digital Video Library's description can contain zero or more Section elements or zero or more Item elements, where each Item element refers to an individual description in the Digital Video Library (i.e., an XML document). A description of a Digital Video Library conforming to the description scheme included in Appendix G is shown in Appendix H.

During browsing the user can select sections of Digital Video Library by selecting the relevant descriptors in the TOC Panel 1202 in the Video Browser Panel 1200. This selection method provides non-linear access to the digital video resource(s). Typically these selections are highlighted in the TOC panel to indicate which are currently selected. The user can choose to play all the highlighted selections by pressing the "Play" button 1206.

Alternatively the user can search for sections, items or parts of items of the Digital Video Library by selecting relevant Index descriptors in the Index Panel 1203. In a simple Digital Video Browser System implementation, the Index descriptors might imply simple boolean presence of a specified feature. For example, the PeopleScene Index descriptor (see D5 in Appendix D) could indicate whether people are either present or absent from the shot. In a more sophisticated Digital Video Browser System the Index descriptors might require some representative value. For example, a "Date" Index descriptor would require a specified value before a search could be performed.

Searches can be performed within a TOC context in the Digital Video Library. For example, if a user wanted to search for PeopleScene descriptors within a specific digital video resource, the user could select the TOC descriptor for that particular resource in the TOC Panel 1202 and then select the desired Index descriptor in the Index panel 1203 and press the "Search" button 1205 in the Digital Video Browser System. The search process would then result in all TOC descriptors that satisfied the search criteria becoming selected (e.g., highlighted) in the TOC Panel 1202. The user could then select to play all the selected sections of the digital video resource by pressing the "Play" button 1206.

Searches can be implemented in the Digital Video Browser System using selection rules (see Section 10. Method of Selecting Resource Descriptions). The TOC context is automatically inserted as part of the pattern of the selection rule. The search process applies the selection rule pattern to each relevant description and updates a selection attribute that has been added for all selectable attributes using a presentation rule. Selectable attributes will vary between description scheme and application. In the case of the description scheme included in Appendix D the only descriptors that might be classified as selectable would be the VideoDescription and Shot descriptors (see the presentation rules in Appendix F).

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The Digital Video Browser System also provides functionality for manual annotation, in conformance with the description scheme, of a digital video resource. If a particular TOC descriptor is selected, then the relevant Index descriptors 1209 can be displayed in the Index Panel 1203. The Index descriptors are preferably represented by icons (which in the preferred embodiment are specified by presentation rules targeted at the descriptor definitions). The selected TOC descriptor can be viewed (played) and then manually annotated by dragging icons representing the Index descriptors (e.g., 1210) into an Annotation Region 1204 of the Viewing Panel 1201. Annotations created in this fashion are then added to the description of the resource and are available for subsequent browsing.

Annotations in the form of titling various TOC Descriptors could also be possible in some implementations of a Digital Video Browser System. For example, in a Digital Video Browser System implemented in software on a regular personal computer, the screen representation of the Descriptor could be selected and then the title for the descriptor could be entered using the computer's keyboard. In alternative embodiments,

in which access to the Video Browser Panel 1200 is provided via a touch-sensitive display, user entry of textual titles could be mediated by a pen interface or via a method whereby a particular descriptor is selected by touch, and the title communicated by the user speaking the title words and a speech-to-text module in the Video Browser System converting the spoken words to text and displaying the result where a title is expected on the display.

Whenever new descriptions are retrieved for browsing the description is processed into a DesOM. Before the description is actually presented in the Video Browser System, any inference or equivalence rules (see Section 8. Method of Extending Descriptions of Resources) that are associated with the description's description scheme are processed. This processing involves iterating through the defined inference rules until no more changes can be made to the description. Clearly, this rule processing requires that there are no circular dependencies in the rule set. The inference and/or equivalence rules will result in the creation of new descriptors which have been inferred from those that were part of the serialised description. Preferably, any new descriptors created by this process will have been defined as part of the relevant description scheme (and as such will have been classified as an Index or TOC descriptor). The inference rules will need to be reprocessed in the event of any annotations being created.

### 13. Remote Digital Video Browser Devices

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The Digital Video Browser System described in the previous section can also be implemented as a dedicated remote device. In this section two possible remote device embodiments of the Digital Video Browser System are described with respect to Fig. 13 and Fig. 14.

The first remote device of the Digital Video Browser System is shown in Fig. 13. In this embodiment the Video Browser 1300, contains no storage for the Digital Video Library. The Video Browser 1300 communicates with a Server 1310 using a wireless transmitter/receiver 1302 and a wireless connection 1303. The Server 1310 has a connection 1313 with a storage device that contains the Digital Video Library 1311. All the digital video resources that can be browsed by the Video Browser are stored in this Digital Video Library. Preferably, in this remote device all the descriptions of the digital video resources are also stored in this library 1311. The Server 1310 also has a connection 1314 to a large display 1312 that can be used for public viewing of the digital video

resources. Preferably, the connections between the Server 1310 and the Digital Video Library 1311 and between the Server 1310 and the large display 1312 are wired connections.

New digital video resources can be added to the Digital Video Library 1311 which is directly connected to the Server 1310 independently of the Video Browser device 1300. As the resources are added to the Digital Video Library 1311 (from, for example, a digital video camera), descriptions for the digital video resources are automatically generated using the description scheme. Also at this time, usually after the description has been generated, the user could optionally title sections of the digital video resource. These titles would then be visible when browsing using the Digital Video Browser device.

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On power-up the Video Browser device connects to the Server 1310 using the wireless connection 1303. The Server 1310 communicates to the Digital Video Browser device a description of the Digital Video Library. This description, like descriptions of the digital video resources, conforms to a description scheme (in this case for a Digital Video Library), and is serialised in an XML document. An example of a description of a Digital Video Library is shown in Appendix H.

The remote Digital Video Browser device 1300 can either store the relevant description schemes permanently, or download these description schemes at the time of making its connection with the Server 1310. The latter method of obtaining the description schemes is the preferred method. The description of the Digital Video Library and the relevant description schemes contain all the information required to display an Index and TOC panel on the Digital Video Browser device 1300. The user can then use the Digital Video Browser device to navigate through the Digital Video Library, selecting or searching for video resources to view. Prereably, the navigation through the TOC and Index panels is enabled via a touch-sensitive screen. Other methods of navigation (e.g., a pen or simple keyboard) could also be used.

Only when a Digital Video Browser user selects to "Play" a particular selection of digital video resources, is it necessary to transmit the required digital video resources from the Digital Video Library 1311 to the remote Digital Video Browser device 1300. Preferably the digital video resources are stored and transmitted in compressed form (e.g., MPEG-1 or MPEG-2) therefore minimising the bandwidth of the required wireless

connection 1303 between the Server 1310 and the remote Digital Video Browser device 1300.

The remote Digital Video Browser device can optionally have an additional button (to those shown in Fig. 12), which can be used to direct the Viewing Panel 1301 of the remote Digital Video Browser device to a large display 1312 connected to the Server 1310. This redirection can be achieved by transmitting a description of the required presentation (i.e., an XML document) from the remote Digital Video Browser device 1300 to the Server 1310. This description would conform to a Video Presentation Description Scheme that could be as simple as just a list of all the selected sections of the selected digital video resources. This description would be interpreted by the Server 1310 and the corresponding sections of the selected digital video resources would be rendered to the large display 1312. Preferably the rendering is performed by the Server 1310 and pixel data would be transmitted over the connection 1314, however if the large display 1312 had the processing ability to decode the compressed digital video resource, then the compressed resource could be transmitted over the connection 1314 and then decoded and rendered in the large display 1312.

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Clearly, presentation rules could be applied to the presentation of the selected items in the same way as presentation rules are applied to a description of a digital video resource. Some presentation rules that could be applicable to the presentation of digital video resources include rules that specify the type of transitions to be inserted between shots of a particular digital video clip (e.g., fades, cuts, wipes, etc.) and whether clip titles are to be rendered over the presented video and the style of title rendering to be used. These rules could be collected in a presentation rule set that is linked with the Video Presentation Description Scheme in the same way that sets of presentation rules could be linked to the Digital Video Resource Description Scheme (see Appendix D).

Alternative Digital Video Browser implementations could allow users to specify additional presentation rules for the presentation of selected digital video resources. For example, an implementation could allow a user to specify whether a particular selection was to be played at recorded, slow or fast speed. Altering the speed of video playing can provide interesting presentation effects. Similarly, the Digital Video Browser user might also be able to specify the types of transitions to use on a one-off presentation basis rather than a default basis as provided by rules linked to the Video Presentation Description

Scheme. These one-off presentation rules can be combined into a single rule set which is referenced by the Description element of the presentation description that is communicated to the Server 1310 when the user chooses to play the selected digital video resources (whether on the Digital Video Browser device itself or, more likely, when the presentation has been re-directed to the large display 1312).

An example of a Video Presentation Description Scheme, which could be used with the Video Description Scheme shown in Appendix D, is shown in Appendix I. In this description scheme, a standard set of presentation rules is provided as part of the description scheme. These rules have been collected into a rule set and stored in the XML document which, in the case of the example is called "VideoPresentationRules.xml". The rule set has then been referenced by the description scheme by specifying an ENTITY for the ruleSets attribute I1 of the VideoPresentationDescription element. The attribute userPresentationRules I2 has been added to the VideoPresentationDescription subclass of the Description element to be able to contain an ENTITY that specifies an xml document that contains any presentation-specific rules.

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An example of a video presentation description that conforms to the Video Presentation Description Scheme, which is included in Appendix I, is shown in Appendix J. A set of presentation-specific rules has been specified for the particular presentation using the userPresentationRules attribute of the VideoPresentationDescription element (see J1). Clearly the example description scheme and presentation description included in Appendices I and J pertain to the Video Description Scheme included in Appendix D since they refer to particular descriptors in that description scheme. For example, the VideoDescriptionReference element contains zero or more references to Shot elements in the referenced video descriptions. In particular the shotIDRef element J2 specifies a particular shot descriptor in the description contained VideoEg1.xml, by using a reference to the ID of that descriptor in the description. It is not necessary to use a Video Presentation Description Scheme that is directed so specifically at a particular description scheme. For example, if a Digital Video Browser System was implemented with more than one description scheme, then a more general Video Presentation Description Scheme can be used.

The ability to be able to re-direct the Viewing Panel 1301 to a large display 1312 connected to the Server 1310 is a useful feature as the user can select the sections of

his/her Digital Video Library that he/she wishes to share with an audience using the remote Digital Video Browser device. That selection can then simply be played to the large display 1312.

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A second remote device implementation of the Digital Video Browser System is shown in Fig. 14. In this implementation the Digital Video Browser 1400 is implemented as a remote device that has a capability to read Digital Video Disks (DVDs). Typically each DVD is treated like an independent Digital Video Library and consequently each DVD has its own description of the Digital Video Library contained on the DVD. When the DVD 1415 is inserted into the remote Digital Video Browser device 1400 the Video Browser 1400 reads the description of the Digital Video Library contained on the DVD. In this device the description scheme required to interpret the Digital Video Library would preferably reside in the remote Digital Video Browser device, however it is conceivable that the description scheme could also be located on each DVD. Similarly the description schemes required to interpret the descriptions of the digital video resources could either be located on the DVD or in the remote Digital Video Browser device. In the preferred implementation of this device, all the required description schemes are located in the remote Digital Video Browser device 1400. New description schemes for digital video resources can be downloaded via the wireless transmitter/receiver 1402 and wireless connection 1404 to a server or computer 1413 connected to a network 1414. Alternatively, the remote Digital Video Browser can be docked at a server or networked computer for the download of new description schemes.

Once the description of a Digital Video Library has been read from the DVD 1415 then the user can navigate through this Digital Video Library as described previously. Sections of described digital video resources can be selected and played on the remote device. The device is in many respects very similar to the device depicted in Fig. 13, with the exception that it does not require a Server to store the digital video resources and descriptions.

Sections of the selected digital video resources can be selected for viewing on a large display 1410 that has a wireless connection 1403 with the remote Digital Video Browser device. This large display 1410 must either contain, or be directly connected to. a processor able to decode and render the compressed digital video resource that is transmitted via the wireless connection 1403. As with the remote device depicted in Fig.

13, a description of the required presentation is communicated to the large display 1410. In addition, any digital video resources required for the presentation description to be rendered must also be communicated. These resources are typically communicated in compressed (encoded) form (e.g., MPEG-1 or MPEG-2). The processor either contained in, or directly connected to, the large display 1410 renders the presentation using the presentation description and its associated digital video resources. The rendering process can typically adapt to the resolution of the large display 1410, which is usually greater than that of the handheld device.

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In the preferred implementation of this device 1400, if the description of the required presentation requires that only particular sections of a selected digital video resources be presented, then these required sections can be isolated from the original digital video resource, recoded if necessary in the handheld device, and then communicated to the large display 1410. This approach reduces the communication bandwidth of the wireless connection 1403. Alternatively, the entire digital video resource can be communicated and the processor that renders the presentation will need to extract the relevant sections of the digital video resource(s). The latter implementation is more costly in bandwidth but does not involve recording of digital video resources in the remote device.

In order to facilitate resource discovery on different DVDs, this remote Digital Video Browser device can also have an ability to generate printed DVD covers that display the contents of the DVD in a graphically pleasing manner. This facility can be achieved using a wireless connection 1405 to either a printer with some processing ability 1412, or to a computer directly connected to a printer (not shown in Fig. 14). Typically the Digital Video Browser device would send to the printing device (1412 or the computer directly connected to a printer), a description of the (printed) presentation that is to be the printed DVD cover.

Description schemes for this presentation could be designed just as they can be designed for video presentations (e.g., see Appendix I). For example, at the simplest level the Digital Video Library description could form the basis of the printed presentation. Presentation rules could then be used to specify the spatial layout and colour arrangement of the printed presentation, and also the association of icons or key frames to particular descriptors in the description. The presence of visual reminders of the content of the

DVD, such as icons or key frames, are important for purposes of identification and retrieval.

A processor, which is located either in the printer 1412 or in a computer connected to the printer could then use the description of the required printed presentation and any provided presentation rule sets to render a DVD cover for the particular DVD using the provided key frames. This processor would need to be able to interpret the description of the printed presentation.

### 14. Alternative Preferred Embodiment of Apparatus

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The methods of Figs. 1A,1B,2B and 7A to 11 can be practiced using a conventional general-purpose computer, such as the one shown in Fig. 15 wherein the processes of Figs. 1A,1B,2B and 7A to 11 may be implemented as software executing on the computer. In particular, the method steps are effected by instructions in the software that are carried out by the computer. The software may be divided into two separate parts; one part for carrying out the processing steps; and another part to manage the user interface between the latter and the user. The software may be stored in a computer readable medium, including the storage devices described below, for example. The software is loaded into the computer from the computer readable medium, and then executed by the computer. A computer readable medium having such software or computer program recorded on it is a computer program product. The use of the computer program product in the computer preferably effects an advantageous apparatus in accordance with the embodiments of the invention.

The computer system 1500 consists of the computer 1502, a video display 1516, and input devices 1518, 1520. In addition, the computer system 1500 can have any of a number of other output devices including line printers, laser printers, plotters, and other reproduction devices connected to the computer 1502. The computer system 1500 can be connected to one or more other computers via a communication interface 1508b using an appropriate communication channel 1530 such as a modem communications path, a computer network, or the like. The computer network may include a local area network (LAN), a wide area network (WAN), an Intranet, and/or the Internet

The computer 1502 itself consists of a central processing unit(s) (simply referred to as a processor hereinafter) 1504, a memory 1506 which may include random access memory (RAM) and read-only memory (ROM), input/output (IO) interfaces 1508a,

1508b & 1508c, a video interface 1510, and one or more storage devices generally represented by a block 1512 in Fig. 15. The storage device(s) 1512 can consist of one or more of the following: a floppy disc, a hard disc drive, a magneto-optical disc drive, CD-ROM, magnetic tape or any other of a number of non-volatile storage devices well known to those skilled in the art. Each of the components 1504 to 1512 is typically connected to one or more of the other devices via a bus 1514 that in turn can consist of data, address, and control buses.

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The video interface 1510 is connected to the video display 1516 and provides video signals from the computer 1502 for display on the video display 1516. User input to operate the computer 1502 can be provided by one or more input devices 1508b. For example, an operator can use the keyboard 1518 and/or a pointing device such as the mouse 1520 to provide input to the computer 1502.

The system 1500 is simply provided for illustrative purposes and other configurations can be employed without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention. Exemplary computers on which the embodiment can be practiced include IBM-PC/ATs or compatibles, one of the Macintosh TM family of PCs, Sun Sparcstation TM, or the like. The foregoing are merely exemplary of the types of computers with which the embodiments of the invention may be practiced. Typically, the processes of the embodiments, described hereinafter, are resident as software or a program recorded on a hard disk drive (generally depicted as block 1512 in Fig. 15) as the computer readable medium, and read and controlled using the processor 1504. Intermediate storage of the program and pixel data and any data fetched from the network may be accomplished using the semiconductor memory 1506, possibly in concert with the hard disk drive 1512.

In some instances, the program may be supplied to the user encoded on a CD-ROM or a floppy disk (both generally depicted by block 1512), or alternatively could be read by the user from the network via a modem device connected to the computer, for example. Still further, the software can also be loaded into the computer system 1500 from other computer readable medium including magnetic tape, a ROM or integrated circuit, a magneto-optical disk, a radio or infra-red transmission channel between the computer and another device, a computer readable card such as a PCMCIA card, and the Internet and Intranets including email transmissions and information recorded on websites and the like. The foregoing are merely exemplary of relevant computer readable mediums. Other

computer readable mediums may be practiced without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention.

The preferred methods of the invention may alternatively be implemented in dedicated hardware such as one or more integrated circuits performing the functions or sub functions of preferred methods of the invention. Such dedicated hardware may include graphic processors, digital signal processors, or one or more microprocessors and associated memories.

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The foregoing only describes a small number of embodiments of the present invention, however, modifications and/or changes can be made thereto by a person skilled in the art without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention. The present embodiments are, therefore, to be considered in all respects to be illustrative and not restrictive. In the context of this specification and accompanying aspects of invention, the word "comprising" means "including principally but not necessarily solely". Variations of the word comprising, such as "comprise" and "comprises" have correspondingly varied meanings.

The following numbered paragraphs set forth aspects of the invention, including

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1. A method of redirecting a digital video presentation from a source processing device to a destination device with digital video display capability using a wireless connection linking the said two devices, said method comprising the steps of:

providing a description for the resources using a description scheme as the template for the description's instantiation, wherein the description scheme for the resource uses a declarative description definition language which contains definitions for descriptor components of the description scheme, and each said descriptor component comprises the association of a resource attribute with a representative value for that attribute; and

communicating the said description of the presentation via the wireless connection to the destination processing device;

rendering the said video presentation from the said description of the presentation and its associated digital video resources on the digital video display of the destination device.

- 2. The method according to paragraph 1 wherein the said presentation can require specified sections of different individual digital video resources to be used to generate the presentation.
- 3. The method according to paragraphs 1 and 2 wherein the digital video resources are stored and accessed from a processing server, which is separate from and has a wireless connection to the said processing device, and a connection to the said destination device.
- 4. The method according to paragraph 3 wherein the said processing server renders the presentation for viewing from the description of the presentation and communicates the rendered presentation to the said destination device.
- 5. The method according to paragraph 3 wherein the said processing server simply communicates both the description of the presentation and the associated digital video resources to the said destination device which subsequently renders the presentation for viewing.
- 30 6. The method according to paragraphs 1 and 2 wherein the digital video resources are stored and accessed from the said source processing device and therefore

communicated with the said description of the presentation to the said destination processing device with the digital video display capability.

- 7. The method according to paragraph 6 wherein a digital video resource associated with the description is communicated via the wireless connection in encoded format.
- 5 8. The method according to paragraph 7 wherein a digital video resource associated with the description is communicated via the wireless connection in compressed format.
  - 9. The method according to paragraphs 1 to 8 wherein the said source processing device also has a digital video display capability.
  - 10. An apparatus for implementing any one of the aforementioned methods.
- 10 11. A computer program product including a computer readable medium having recorded thereon a computer program for implementing any one of the methods described above.
  - 12. A method as substantially described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Dated this Twenty Ninth Day of January 1999

Canon Kabushiki Kaisha

Patent Attorneys for the Applicant

SPRUSON & FERGUSON

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#### Appendix A: Core DDF Element Definitions

#### Core.ddf

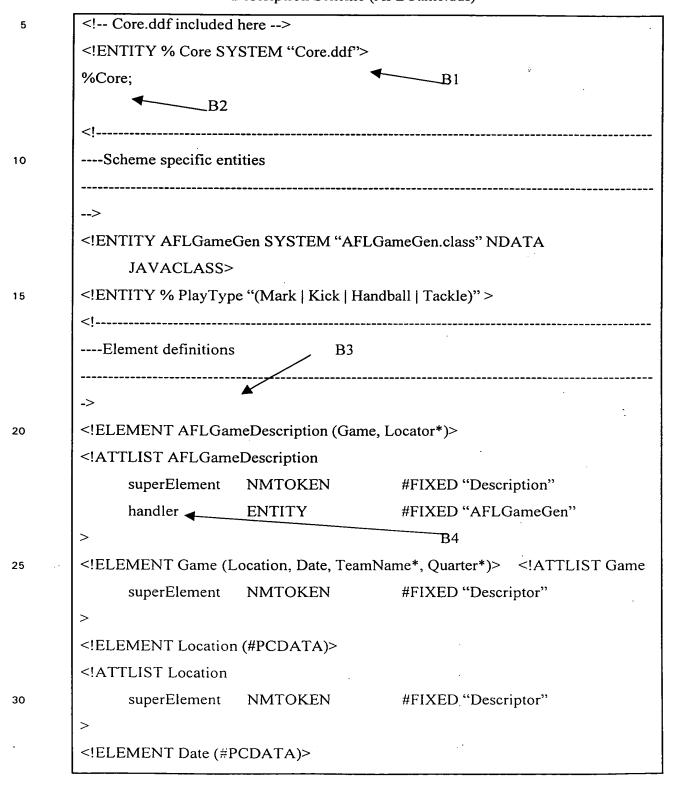
	Core.ddf: Contains the definitions of core DDL elements					
5						
	Include commonly used NOTATIONS here					
	NOTATION JavaClass SYSTEM "java"					
	NOTATION JavaClass SY	(STEM "java">	•			
10	I Include a server 1 1 DAY MAN TO SERVER SER					
10	Include commonly used ENTITIES here					
	ENTITY % DataTypes "(Int   Float   Double   String   Date   Time   ID   IDREF  </td					
	IDREFS   ENTITY   ENTIT	int   Float   Double   String	Date   Time   ID   IDREF			
		iES) >				
15	Definition of core eleme</td <td>nte&gt;</td> <td></td>	nte>				
	</td <td></td> <td></td>					
	ELEMENT Descriptor (A)</td <td>VY)&gt;</td> <td></td>	VY)>				
	ATTLIST Descriptor</td <td>11)</td> <td></td>	11)				
	id	ID	#IMPLIED			
20	xml:lang	CDATA	"en"			
	dataType	%DataTypes;	"String"			
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#IMPLIED			
	handler	ENTITY	#IMPLIED			
	> #IIVII EIED					
25	<pre><!--ELEMENT Description (D</pre--></pre>	escriptor+)>				
•	ATTLIST Description</td <td></td> <td></td>					
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"			
	resource	ENTITY	#REQUIRED .			
	dateResourceLastModified	CDATA	#IMPLIED			
30	ruleSets	ENTITIES	#IMPLIED			
	>					
	Definition of selected rel</td <td>ationship elements&gt;</td> <td></td>	ationship elements>				
0.5	</td <td></td> <td></td>					
35	<pre><!--ELEMENT ParallelSequen</pre--></pre>	ce (Descriptor+)>	·			
	ATTLIST ParallelSequence</td <td></td> <td></td>					
	superElement >	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"			
<pre><!--ELEMENT SerialSequence (Descriptor+)--> <!--ATTLIST SerialSequence</pre--></pre>						
40	superElement	NMTOKEN	#EIVED "Dane"			
	superElement	NMTOREN	#FIXED "Descriptor"			
	ELEMENT Neighbours (#F</td <td>PCDATA)&gt;</td> <td></td>	PCDATA)>				
	ATTLIST Neighbours</td					
45	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"			
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "IDREFS"			
	The state of the s					

1					
	>				
	ELEMENT Before (#PCDATA)				
	ATTLIST Before</td <td></td> <td>·</td>		·		
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
5	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "IDREFS"		
	>				
	ELEMENT After (#PC)</td <td>DATA)&gt;</td> <td></td>	DATA)>			
	ATTLIST After</td <td></td> <td></td>				
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
10	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "IDREFS"		
		UD OD A TO A S			
	ELEMENT InFrontOf (</td <td>#PCDATA)&gt;</td> <td></td>	#PCDATA)>			
	ATTLIST InFrontOf</td <td>NA ATOMENI</td> <td>UPITUPD (ID )</td>	NA ATOMENI	UPITUPD (ID )		
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
15	dataType >	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "IDREFS"		
	<pre><!--ELEMENT Behind (#P</pre--></pre>	CDATA)>			
	ATTLIST Behind</td <td>CDATA)&gt;</td> <td></td>	CDATA)>			
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
20	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED Descriptor #FIXED "IDREFS"		
20	>	70Data 1 y pcs,	"I IALD IDICI'S		
	Definition of link eler</td <td>nents&gt;</td> <td>·</td>	nents>	·		
	</td <td></td> <td></td>				
25	ELEMENT CLink (#PC</td <td>CDATA)&gt;</td> <td></td>	CDATA)>			
	ATTLIST CLink</td <td>,</td> <td></td>	,			
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "IDREF"		
	>				
30	ELEMENT ILink (#PC</td <td>DATA)&gt;</td> <td>·</td>	DATA)>	·		
	ATTLIST ILink</td <td></td> <td></td>				
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "IDREFS"		
	>				
35	of Definition Cl	1 1			
	Definition of locator and extent elements				
	*	•	•		
	ELEMENT Locator (Extent+) ATTLIST Locator</td				
40	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
70	resource	ENTITY	#REQUIRED		
	>	<b>2</b> 211222			
	ELEMENT Extent (Des</td <td>scriptor+)&gt;</td> <td></td>	scriptor+)>			
	ATTLIST Extent</td <td>F /</td> <td></td>	F /			
45	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
	>		•		
	ELEMENT ImageExter</td <td>nt (Descriptor+)&gt;</td> <td></td>	nt (Descriptor+)>			

	ATTLIST ImageExtent</th <th></th> <th></th>					
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Extent"			
	>					
	<pre><!--ELEMENT RectImageEx</pre--></pre>	tent (RectImageExtentX0, R	ectImageExtentY0.			
5		ight, RectImageExtentWidth				
	ATTLIST RectImageExte</td <td>ent</td> <td>•</td>	ent	•			
	superElement NMTOKEN #FIXED "ImageExt					
	"	NMIOREN	#FIXED "ImageExtent"			
	>		·			
10	ELEMENT RectImageEx</td <td>tentX() (#PCDATA)&gt;</td> <td></td>	tentX() (#PCDATA)>				
. •	ATTLIST RectImageExte</td <td></td> <td></td>					
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"			
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "Int"			
	>	, marypes,	111325 III.			
15	ELEMENT RectImageEx</td <td>tentY0 (#PCDATA)&gt;</td> <td></td>	tentY0 (#PCDATA)>				
	ATTLIST RectImageExte</td <td></td> <td></td>					
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"			
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "Int"			
	>	•				
20	ELEMENT RectImageExt</td <td>tentHeight (#PCDATA)&gt;</td> <td></td>	tentHeight (#PCDATA)>				
	ATTLIST RectImageExtentHeight</td					
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"			
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "Int"			
	>					
25	ELEMENT RectImageExtentWidth (#PCDATA)					
	ATTLIST RectImageExtentWidth</td					
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"			
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "Int"			
20	>					
30	ZIELEMENT VIA-E A ACTI E ACTI E ACTI E A ACTI E					
ľ	<pre><!--ELEMENT VideoExtent (VideoExtentStart, VideoExtentEnd, ImageExtent?)--> <!--ATTLIST VideoExtent</pre--></pre>					
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Extent"			
	>	WINT ORLIV	#1 IXED EXCIT			
35	ELEMENT VideoExtentS</td <td>tart (#PCDATA)&gt;</td> <td>İ</td>	tart (#PCDATA)>	İ			
	ATTLIST VideoExtentSta</td <td></td> <td>·</td>		·			
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"			
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "Int"			
	>	21				
40	ELEMENT VideoExtentE</td <td>nd (#PCDATA)&gt;</td> <td></td>	nd (#PCDATA)>				
	ATTLIST VideoExtentEnd</td <td>d</td> <td></td>	d				
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"			
	dataType	%DataTypes;	#FIXED "Int"			
	>					
45						

Appendix B: An Example Description Scheme for an Australian Football League Game

Description Scheme (AFLGame.ddf)



```
<!ATTLIST Date
              superElement
                             NMTOKEN
                                                #FIXED "Descriptor"
                             %DataTypes;
              dataType
                                                #FIXED "Date"
        <!ELEMENT TeamName (#PCDATA)>
 5
        <!ATTLIST TeamName
              superElement
                             NMTOKEN
                                                #FIXED "Descriptor"
        >
        <!ELEMENT Quarter (Play*)>
        <!ATTLIST Quarter
10
              superElement
                            NMTOKEN
                                               #FIXED "Descriptor"
        >
        <!ELEMENT Play (PlayerNo, PlayType, Annotator, CLink*)>
        <!ATTLIST Play
              superElement
                            NMTOKEN
                                               #FIXED "Descriptor"
15
        <!ELEMENT PlayerNo (#PCDATA)>
        <!ATTLIST PlayerNo
              superElement
                            NMTOKEN
                                               #FIXED "Descriptor"
              dataType
                                               #FIXED "Int"
20
                            %DataTypes;
        <!ELEMENT PlayType (EMPTY)>
        <!ATTLIST PlayType
              superElement
                            NMTOKEN
                                               #FIXED "Descriptor"
              value
                            %PlayType;
                                               #REQUIRED
25
        <!ELEMENT Annotator (#PCDATA)>
        <!ATTLIST Annotator
              superElement
                                               #FIXED "Descriptor"
                            NMTOKEN
30
```

### Appendix C: An Example Description generated from the Description Scheme in Appendix B

Example Description (AFLGameEg.xml)

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone = "no" ?>
 5
         <!DOCTYPE AFLGameDescription SYSTEM "AFLGame.ddf" [</p>
             <!ENTITY MatchVideo SYSTEM "MatchVideo.mpg" NDATA MPEG2>
         ]>
         <AFLGameDescription resource = "MatchVideo">
                <!--A description of the game is contained in this section -->
                <Game>
10
                     <!-- First some details of the game being player -->
                     <Location>Sydney Cricket Ground/Location>
                     <Date>1998-08-09</Date>
                     <TeamName>Sydney Swans</TeamName>
15
                     <TeamName>West Coast Eagles</TeamName>
                     <!-- Now add play information with links -->
                     <Quarter id = "Q1">
                          <Play id = "P1">
                                <PlayerNo>23</PlayerNo>
20
                                <PlayType value = "Mark"/>
                                <Annotator>John Smith</Annotator>
                                <CLink linkend = "L1"/>
                          </Play>
                          <Play id = "P2">
25
                                <PlayerNo>5</PlayerNo>
                                <PlayType value = "Kick"/>
                                <Annotator>Joe Bloggs</Annotator>
                                <CLink linkend = "L2"/>
                          </Play>
30
                     </Quarter>
                     <Quarter id = "Q2"> ... </Quarter>
```

```
<Quarter id = "Q3"> ... </Quarter>
                     <Quarter id = "Q4"> ... </Quarter>
                </Game>
                <!-- This section now contains the linkends for the various plays -->
                <Locator id = "L1" resource = "MatchVideo">
                     <VideoExtent >
                          <VideoExtentStart>0</VideoExtentStart>
                          <VideoExtentEnd>10</VideoExtentEnd>
                          <RectImageExtent>
10
                                <RectImageExtentX0>50</RectImageExtentX0>
                               <RectImageExtentY0>50</RectImageExtentY0>
                               <RectImageExtentHeight>100</RectImageExtentHeight>
                               <RectImageExtentWidth>40</RectImageExtentWidth>
                          </RectImageExtent>
                     </VideoExtent>
15
                     <VideoExtent>
                          <VideoExtentStart>11</VideoExtentStart>
                          <VideoExtentEnd>32</VideoExtentEnd>
                          <RectImageExtent>
                               <RectImageExtentX0>80</RectImageExtentX0>
20
                               <RectImageExtentY0>100</RectImageExtentY0>
                               <RectImageExtentHeight>100</RectImageExtentHeight>
                               <RectImageExtentWidth>40</RectImageExtentWidth>
                          </RectImageExtent>
                     </VideoExtent>
25
                </Locator>
                <Locator id = "L2" resource = "MatchVideo">
                     <VideoExtent>
                          <VideoExtentStart>0</VideoExtentStart>
30
                          <VideoExtentEnd>25</VideoExtentEnd>
                          <RectImageExtent>
                               <RectImageExtentX0>200</RectImageExtentX0>
```

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### Appendix D: Digital Video Resource Description Scheme Description Scheme (Video.ddf)

Core.ddf included h</th <th>nere&gt;</th> <th></th> <th></th>	nere>			
ENTITY % Core SYS</td <td>STEM "Core.ddf"&gt;</td> <td></td> <td></td>	STEM "Core.ddf">			
%Core;				
</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Scheme specific enti				
>				
ENTITY VideoDe</td <td>escGen SYSTEM</td> <td>"VideoDescGen.class"</td> <td>NDATA</td>	escGen SYSTEM	"VideoDescGen.class"	NDATA	
JAVACLASS>	in a second			
ENTITY ShotAnalyse</td <td></td> <td>alyser.class" NDATA JAVA</td> <td>CLASS&gt;</td>		alyser.class" NDATA JAVA	CLASS>	
ENTITY VideoPresR</td <td>ules SYSTEM "Video</td> <td>PresentationRules.xml"&gt;</td> <td></td>	ules SYSTEM "Video	PresentationRules.xml">		
	, ** !	ı		
</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Video resource relate		· ·		
>				
	D1			
ELEMENT VideoDescription (Title, Shot*, Locator*)				
ATTLIST VideoDesc</td <td>ription</td> <td></td> <td></td>	ription			
superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Description"		
handler _	ENTITY	#FIXED "VideoDescGen"	,	
ruleSets	ENTITIES	#FIXED "VideoPresRules	,,,	
>	D2			
ELEMENT Title (#P</td <td>CDATA)&gt;</td> <td></td> <td></td>	CDATA)>			
ATTLIST Title</td <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td>	•			
superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
>		•		
		· •		
		• • •		

```
<!ELEMENT Shot (Descriptor*)>
        <!ATTLIST Shot
 5
                                               D3
              superElement
                            NMTOKEN
                                               #FIXED "Descriptor"
                                               #FIXED "ShotAnalyser"
              handler _
                            ENTITY
              keyFrame
                                               #REQUIRED
                            ENTITY
              locator
                            IDREF
                                               #REQUIRED
        >
10
                            D4
        <!ELEMENT PeopleScene (EMPTY)>
        <!ATTLIST PeopleScene D5
              superElement
                            NMTOKEN
                                               #FIXED "Descriptor"
        <!ELEMENT CrowdScene (EMPTY)>
15
        <!ATTLIST CrowdScene
             superElement
                            NMTOKEN
                                               #FIXED "PeopleScene"
        <!ELEMENT PortraitScene (EMPTY)>
        <!ATTLIST PortraitScene
20
              superElement
                            NMTOKEN
                                               #FIXED "PeopleScene"
        <!ELEMENT IndoorScene (EMPTY)
        <!ATTLIST IndoorScene
25
              superElement
                            NMTOKEN
                                               #FIXED "Descriptor"
        <!ELEMENT OutdoorScene (EMPTY)
        <!ATTLIST OutdoorShot
              superElement
                            NMTOKEN
                                               #FIXED "Descriptor"
        >
30
```

### Appendix E: An Example Description generated from the Video Description Scheme in Appendix D

#### Example Description (VideoEg1.xml)

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone = "no" ?>
         <!DOCTYPE VideoDescription SYSTEM "Video.ddf" [</pre>
 5
             <!ENTITY MyVideo SYSTEM "MyVideo.mpg" NDATA MPEG2>
             <!ENTITY KFrame1 SYSTEM "KFrame2.jpg" NDATA JPEG>
             <!ENTITY KFrame2 SYSTEM "KFrame2.jpg" NDATA JPEG>
             etc.
         ]>
10
         <VideoDescription resource = "MyVideo">
                <Title>Video Clip Title</Title>
                <!-- Shots detected in the digital video resource -->
                <Shot id = "S1" keyFrame = "KFrame1" locator = "L1">
                     <CrowdScene/>
15
                     <OutdoorScene/>
                </Shot>
                <Shot id = "S2" keyFrame = "KFrame2" locator = "L2">
                     <PortraitScene/>
                     <OutdoorScene/>
20
                </Shot>
                <!-- Locators in the digital video resource -->
                <Locator id = "L1" resource = "MyVideo">
                     <VideoExtent >
25
                          <VideoExtentStart>0</VideoExtentStart>
                          <VideoExtentEnd>20</VideoExtentEnd>
                     </VideoExtent>
                </Locator>
                <Locator id = "L2">
30
                     <VideoExtent >
                          <VideoExtentStart>21</VideoExtentStart>
```

#### <VideoExtentEnd>50</VideoExtentEnd>

</VideoExtent>

</Locator>

</VideoDescription>

Appendix F: Presentation Rules for the Video Description Scheme in Appendix D

Example Description (VideoPresentationRules.xml)

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone = "no" ?>
         <!DOCTYPE PresentationRules SYSTEM "Rules.dtd" [</pre>
             <!ENTITY CrowdScene SYSTEM "CrowdSceneIcon.jpg" NDATA JPEG>
 .5
             <!ENTITY PortraitScene SYSTEM "PortraitSceneIcon.jpg" NDATA JPEG>
             <!ENTITY OutdoorScene SYSTEM "OutdoorSceneIcon.jpg" NDATA JPEG>
             <!ENTITY IndoorScene SYSTEM "IndoorSceneIcon.jpg" NDATA JPEG>
         ]>
10
         <PresentationRules>
               < Rule target = ElementDefn pattern = "VideoDescription">
                     <Action>
                          <AddAttributeDef
                               attName = "selected"
15
                               attType = "CDATA"
                               attDefault = "NO"/>
                     </Action>
                     <Action>
20
                          <AddAttributeDef
                               attName = "presentationType"
                               attType = "(Index|TOC)"
                               attDefault = #FIXED "TOC"/>
                     </Action>
               </Rule>
25
               < Rule target = ElementDefn pattern = "VideoDescription/Shot">
                     <Action>
                          <AddAttributeDef
                               attName = "selected"
                               attType = "CDATA"
30
                               attDefault = "NO"/>
                     </Action>
```

```
<Action>
                            <AddAttributeDef
                                 attName = "presentationType"
                                 attType = "(Index|TOC)"
 5
                                 attDefault = #FIXED "TOC"/>
                      </Action>
                </Rule>
                <Rule
                              target
                                                    ElementDefn
                                                                         pattern
          "VideoDescription/Shot/CrowdScene">
10
                      <Action>
                           <AddAttributeDef
                                 attName = "presentationType"
                                attType = "(Index|TOC)"
                                attDefault = #FIXED "Index"/>
15
                      </Action>
                      <Action>
                           <AddAttributeDef
                                attName = "icon"
                                attType = "ENTITY"
                                attDefault = #FIXED "CrowdScene"/>
20
                     </Action>
                </Rule>
                <Rule
                              target
                                                    ElementDefn
                                                                        pattern
         "VideoDescription/Shot/PortraitScene">
25
                     <Action>
                           <AddAttributeDef
                                attName = "presentationType"
                                attType = "(Index|TOC)"
                                attDefault = #FIXED "Index"/>
                     </Action>
30
                     <Action>
                           <AddAttributeDef
```

```
attName = "icon"
                                attType = "ENTITY"
                                attDefault = #FIXED "PortraitScene"/>
                      </Action>
                </Rule>
 5
                < Rule target = ElementDefn pattern = "VideoDescription/Shot/IndoorScene">
                      <Action>
                           <AddAttributeDef
                                attName = "presentationType"
                                attType = "(Index|TOC)"
10
                                attDefault = #FIXED "Index"/>
                     </Action>
                     <Action>
                           <AddAttributeDef
                                attName = "icon"
15
                                attType = "ENTITY"
                                attDefault = #FIXED "IndoorScene"/>
                     </Action>
                </Rule>
                <Rule
20
                             target
                                                    ElementDefn
                                                                        pattern
         "VideoDescription/Shot/OutdoorScene">
                     <Action>
                           <AddAttributeDef
                                attName = "presentationType"
                                attType = "(Index|TOC)"
25
                                attDefault = #FIXED "Index"/>
                     </Action>
                                <Action>
                           <AddAttributeDef
30
                                attName = "icon"
                                attType = "ENTITY"
                                attDefault = #FIXED "OutdoorScene"/>
```

	,

## Appendix G: Digital Video Library Description Scheme Description Scheme (DigitalVideoLibrary.ddf)

</th <th>Core.ddf included he</th> <th>ere&gt;</th> <th></th>	Core.ddf included he	ere>	
E</td <td>NTITY % Core SYS</td> <td>TEM "Core.ddf"&gt;</td> <td></td>	NTITY % Core SYS	TEM "Core.ddf">	
%C	ore;		
</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
S	Scheme specific entiti		
>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		<del></del>
Eì</td <td>NTITY VideoLibrary</td> <td>Gen SYSTEM "Vid</td> <td>deoLibraryGen class"</td>	NTITY VideoLibrary	Gen SYSTEM "Vid	deoLibraryGen class"
	NDATA JAVACI		Jood of the state
</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
	igital Video Library r		
>			
EI</td <td>LEMENT DigitalVide</td> <td>eoLibraryDescriptic</td> <td>on (Section*   Item*)&gt;</td>	LEMENT DigitalVide	eoLibraryDescriptic	on (Section*   Item*)>
	TTLIST DigitalVideo		
	superElement	NMTOKEN	
	handler	ENTITY	1
	title	CDATA	#IMPLIED
>			
EL</td <td>LEMENT Section (Se</td> <td>ction*   Item*)&gt;</td> <td></td>	LEMENT Section (Se	ction*   Item*)>	
	TTLIST Section	, ,	
	superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"
	title	CDATA	#IMPLIED
>			•
	EMENT Item (EMP	TY)>	
EL</td <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>		•	
	TTLIST Item		
	•	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"

# Appendix H: An Example Description generated from the Digital Video Library Description Scheme in Appendix G Example Description (VideoLibraryEg.xml)

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone = "no" ?>
 5
          <!DOCTYPE DigitalVideoLibraryDescription SYSTEM "DigitalVideoLibrary.ddf" [</p>
              <!ENTITY VideoEg1 SYSTEM "VideoEg1.xml">
              <!ENTITY VideoEg2 SYSTEM "VideoEg2.xml">
              <!ENTITY VideoEg3 SYSTEM "VideoEg3.xml">
              etc.
         ]>
10
         <DigitalVideoLibraryDescription title = "My Personal Digital Video Library">
                <Section title = "Holiday Videos">
                      <Item description = "VideoEg1"/>
                      <Item description = "VideoEg2"/>
                      etc.
15
                </Section>
                <Section title = "Birthday Videos">
                      <Section title = "Mary's Birthdays">
                           <Item description = "VideoEg3/>
20
                           etc.
                      </Section>
                     <Section title = "John's Birthdays"> ... </Section>
                </Section>
         </DigitalVideoLibraryDescription>
```

## Appendix I: Video Presentation Description Scheme Description Scheme (VideoPresentation.ddf)

Core.ddf included here				
ENTITY % Core SYSTEM "Core.ddf"				
%Core;				
</td <td></td> <td></td>				
Scheme specific entities				
>				
ENTITY VideoPresentation</td <td>Gen SYSTEM "V</td> <td>VideoPresentation.class"</td>	Gen SYSTEM "V	VideoPresentation.class"		
NDATA JAVACLASS	S>			
ENTITY VideoPresentation</td <td></td> <td>"VideoPresentionRules.xml"&gt;</td>		"VideoPresentionRules.xml">		
</td <td></td> <td></td>				
Video Presentation related				
>				
ELEMENT VideoPresentat</td <td>ionDescription (V</td> <td>'ideoDescriptionReference*)&gt;</td>	ionDescription (V	'ideoDescriptionReference*)>		
ATTLIST VideoPresentatio</td <td>onDescription</td> <td></td>	onDescription			
superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Description"		
handler	ENTITY	#FIXED "VideoPresentationGen"		
title	CDATA	#IMPLIED		
_ruleSets	ENTITIES	#FIXED "VideoPresentationRules"		
userPresentationRules	ENTITY	#IMPLIED		
> I1 <b></b>	J2			
ELEMENT VideoDescripti</td <td>onReference (Sho</td> <td>otReference*)</td>	onReference (Sho	otReference*)		
ATTLIST VideoDescriptionReference</td				
superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		
videoDescription	ENTITY	#REQUIRED		
>		·		
ELEMENT ShotReference</td <td>(EMPTY)</td> <td></td>	(EMPTY)			
ATTLIST ShotReference</td <td>-</td> <td></td>	-			
superElement	NMTOKEN	#FIXED "Descriptor"		

	shotIDRef	IDREF	#REQUIRED	-
>				
			<del></del>	

. .

### Appendix J: An Example Description generated from the Video Presentation Description Scheme in Appendix I

Example Description (VideoPresentationEg.xml)

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone = "no" ?>
          <!DOCTYPE VideoPresentationDescription SYSTEM "VideoPresentation.ddf" [</pre>
 5
                <!ENTITY UserPresentationRules SYSTEM "UserPresentationRules.xml">
                <!ENTITY VideoEg1 SYSTEM "VideoEg1.xml">
                <!ENTITY VideoEg2 SYSTEM "VideoEg2.xml">
                etc.
         ]>
10
         < VideoPresentationDescription userPresentationRules = "UserPresentationRules">
                < VideoDescriptionReference videoDescription = "VideoEg1">
                     <ShotReference shotIDRef = "S1"/> ____J2
                                                                                J1
                     <ShotReference shotIDRef = "S2"/>
                </ VideoDescriptionReference >
15
                < VideoDescriptionReference description = "VideoEg2">
                     <ShotReference shotIDRef = "S3"/>
                     <ShotReference shotIDRef = "S4"/>
                </ VideoDescriptionReference >
20
               etc.
         </VideoPresentationDescription>
```



REC-xml-19980210

### Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0

#### W3C Recommendation 10-February-1998

This version:

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-xml-19980210

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-xml-19980210.xml

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-xml-19980210.html

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-xml-19980210.pdf

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http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml

Previous version:

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**Editors:** 

Tim Bray (Textuality and Netscape) <tbray@textuality.com>

Jean Paoli (Microsoft) <i ray | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Paoli (Microsoft) | Signar | Jean Pao

C. M. Sperberg-McQueen (University of Illinois at Chicago) <a href="mailto:screen"><a href="mailto:screen"><a href="mailto:screen"><a href="mailto:screen"><a href="mailto:screen">screen<a #### Abstract

The Extensible Markup Language (XML) is a subset of SGML that is completely described in this document. Its goal is to enable generic SGML to be served, received, and processed on the Web in the way that is now possible with HTML. XML has been designed for ease of implementation and for interoperability with both SGML and HTML.

#### Status of this document

This document has been reviewed by W3C Members and other interested parties and has been endorsed by the Director as a W3C Recommendation. It is a stable document and may be used as reference material or cited as a normative reference from another document. W3C's role in making the Recommendation is to draw attention to the specification and to promote its widespread deployment. This enhances the functionality and interoperability This document specifies a syntax created by subsetting an existing, widely used international text processing standard (Standard Generalized Markup Language, ISO 8879:1986(E) as amended and corrected) for use on the World Wide Web. It is a product of the W3C XML Activity, details of which can be found at http://www.w3.org/XML. A list of current W3C Recommendations and other technical documents can be found at http://www.w3.org/TR.

This specification uses the term URI, which is defined by [Berners-Lee et al.], a work in progress expected to update [IETF RFC1738] and [IETF RFC1808].

The list of known errors in this specification is available at

http://www.w3.org/XML/xml-19980210-errata.

Please report errors in this document to <u>xml-editor@w3.org</u>.

### Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0

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#### 1. Introduction

Extensible Markup Language, abbreviated XML, describes a class of data objects called <u>XML</u> documents and partially describes the behavior of computer programs which process them. XML is an application profile or restricted form of SGML, the Standard Generalized Markup Language [ISO 8879]. By construction, XML documents are conforming SGML documents.

XML documents are made up of storage units called <u>entities</u>, which contain either parsed or unparsed data. Parsed data is made up of <u>characters</u>, some of which form <u>character data</u>, and some of which form <u>markup</u>. Markup encodes a description of the document's storage layout and logical structure. XML provides a mechanism to impose constraints on the storage layout and logical structure.

A software module called an XML processor is used to read XML documents and provide access to their content and structure. It is assumed that an XML processor is doing its work on behalf of another module, called the application. This specification describes the required behavior of an XML processor in terms of how it must read XML data and the information it must provide to the application.

#### 1.1 Origin and Goals

XML was developed by an XML Working Group (originally known as the SGML Editorial Review Board) formed under the auspices of the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) in 1996. It was chaired by Jon Bosak of Sun Microsystems with the active participation of an XML Special Interest Group (previously known as the SGML Working Group) also organized by the W3C. The membership of the XML Working Group is given in an appendix. Dan Connolly served as the WG's contact with the W3C.

The design goals for XML are:

- 1. XML shall be straightforwardly usable over the Internet.
- 2. XML shall support a wide variety of applications.
- 3. XML shall be compatible with SGML.
- 4. It shall be easy to write programs which process XML documents.
- 5. The number of optional features in XML is to be kept to the absolute minimum, ideally zero.
- 6. XML documents should be human-legible and reasonably clear.
- 7. The XML design should be prepared quickly.
- 8. The design of XML shall be formal and concise.
- 9. XML documents shall be easy to create.
- 10. Terseness in XML markup is of minimal importance.

This specification, together with associated standards (Unicode and ISO/IEC 10646 for characters, Internet RFC 1766 for language identification tags, ISO 639 for language name codes, and ISO 3166 for country name codes), provides all the information necessary to understand XML Version 1.0 and construct computer programs to process it.

This version of the XML specification may be distributed freely, as long as all text and legal notices

remain intact.

#### 1.2 Terminology

The terminology used to describe XML documents is defined in the body of this specification. The terms defined in the following list are used in building those definitions and in describing the actions of an XML processor:

#### may

Conforming documents and XML processors are permitted to but need not behave as described.

#### must

Conforming documents and XML processors are required to behave as described; otherwise they are in error.

#### error

A violation of the rules of this specification; results are undefined. Conforming software may detect and report an error and may recover from it.

#### fatal error

An error which a conforming XML processor must detect and report to the application. After encountering a fatal error, the processor may continue processing the data to search for further errors and may report such errors to the application. In order to support correction of errors, the processor may make unprocessed data from the document (with intermingled character data and markup) available to the application. Once a fatal error is detected, however, the processor must not continue normal processing (i.e., it must not continue to pass character data and information about the document's logical structure to the application in the normal way).

#### at user option

Conforming software may or must (depending on the modal verb in the sentence) behave as described; if it does, it must provide users a means to enable or disable the behavior described.

#### validity constraint

A rule which applies to all <u>valid</u> XML documents. Violations of validity constraints are errors; they must, at user option, be reported by <u>validating XML processors</u>.

#### well-formedness constraint

A rule which applies to all <u>well-formed</u> XML documents. Violations of well-formedness constraints are fatal errors.

#### match

(Of strings or names:) Two strings or names being compared must be identical. Characters with multiple possible representations in ISO/IEC 10646 (e.g. characters with both precomposed and base+diacritic forms) match only if they have the same representation in both strings. At user option, processors may normalize such characters to some canonical form. No case folding is performed. (Of strings and rules in the grammar:) A string matches a grammatical production if it belongs to the language generated by that production. (Of content and content models:) An element matches its declaration when it conforms in the fashion described in the constraint "Element Valid".

#### for compatibility

A feature of XML included solely to ensure that XML remains compatible with SGML.

#### for interoperability

A non-binding recommendation included to increase the chances that XML documents can be processed by the existing installed base of SGML processors which predate the WebSGML Adaptations Annex to ISO 8879.

#### 2. Documents

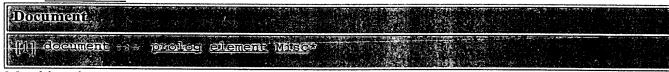
A data object is an XML document if it is well-formed, as defined in this specification. A

well-formed XML document may in addition be <u>valid</u> if it meets certain further constraints. Each XML document has both a logical and a physical structure. Physically, the document is composed of units called <u>entities</u>. An entity may <u>refer</u> to other entities to cause their inclusion in the document. A document begins in a "root" or <u>document entity</u>. Logically, the document is composed of declarations, elements, comments, character references, and processing instructions, all of which are indicated in the document by explicit markup. The logical and physical structures must nest properly, as described in "4.3.2 Well-Formed Parsed Entities".

#### 2.1 Well-Formed XML Documents

A textual object is a well-formed XML document if:

- 1. Taken as a whole, it matches the production labeled document.
- 2. It meets all the well-formedness constraints given in this specification.
- 3. Each of the <u>parsed entities</u> which is referenced directly or indirectly within the document is <u>well-formed</u>.



Matching the document production implies that:

- 1. It contains one or more <u>elements</u>.
- 2. There is exactly one element, called the **root**, or document element, no part of which appears in the <u>content</u> of any other element. For all other elements, if the start-tag is in the content of another element, the end-tag is in the content of the same element. More simply stated, the elements, delimited by start- and end-tags, nest properly within each other.

As a consequence of this, for each non-root element C in the document, there is one other element P in the document such that C is in the content of P, but is not in the content of any other element that is in the content of P. P is referred to as the **parent** of C, and C as a **child** of P.

#### 2.2 Characters

A parsed entity contains **text**, a sequence of <u>characters</u>, which may represent markup or character data. A **character** is an atomic unit of text as specified by ISO/IEC 10646 [ISO/IEC 10646]. Legal characters are tab, carriage return, line feed, and the legal graphic characters of Unicode and ISO/IEC 10646. The use of "compatibility characters", as defined in section 6.8 of [Unicode], is discouraged.

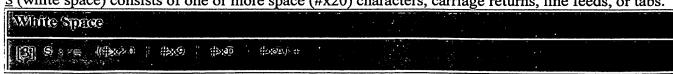


The mechanism for encoding character code points into bit patterns may vary from entity to entity. All XML processors must accept the UTF-8 and UTF-16 encodings of 10646; the mechanisms for signaling which of the two is in use, or for bringing other encodings into play, are discussed later, in "4.3.3 Character Encoding in Entities".

#### 2.3 Common Syntactic Constructs

This section defines some symbols used widely in the grammar.

S (white space) consists of one or more space (#x20) characters, carriage returns, line feeds, or tabs.



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Characters are classified for convenience as letters, digits, or other characters. Letters consist of an alphabetic or syllabic base character possibly followed by one or more combining characters, or of an ideographic character. Full definitions of the specific characters in each class are given in "B. Character Classes".

A Name is a token beginning with a letter or one of a few punctuation characters, and continuing with letters, digits, hyphens, underscores, colons, or full stops, together known as name characters. Names beginning with the string "xml", or any string which would match (('X'|'x') ('M'|'m') ('L'|'|')), are reserved for standardization in this or future versions of this specification.

Note: The colon character within XML names is reserved for experimentation with name spaces. Its meaning is expected to be standardized at some future point, at which point those documents using the colon for experimental purposes may need to be updated. (There is no guarantee that any name-space mechanism adopted for XML will in fact use the colon as a name-space delimiter.) In practice, this means that authors should not use the colon in XML names except as part of name-space experiments, but that XML processors should accept the colon as a name character. An Nmtoken (name token) is any mixture of name characters.

Literal data is any quoted string not containing the quotation mark used as a delimiter for that string. Literals are used for specifying the content of internal entities (EntityValue), the values of attributes (AttValue), and external identifiers (SystemLiteral). Note that a SystemLiteral can be parsed without scanning for markup.

```
Literals

[9] EntityValue ::= """ ([^*&"] | PEReference | Reference)* """

[10] AttValue ::= """ ([^<&"] | Reference)* """

[11] SystemLiteral ::= ('"" [^"] * '"") | (""" [^"] * """)

[12] PubidLiteral ::= "" PubidChar* "" | """ (PubidChar - """)* """

[13] PubidChar ::= #x20 | #xD | #xA | [a-zA-20-9] | [-"():+ .*/:=3;3!.*#@$_$]
```

#### 2.4 Character Data and Markup

<u>Text</u> consists of intermingled <u>character data</u> and markup. <u>Markup</u> takes the form of <u>start-tags</u>, <u>end-tags</u>, <u>empty-element tags</u>, <u>entity references</u>, <u>character references</u>, <u>comments</u>, <u>CDATA section</u> delimiters, <u>document type declarations</u>, and <u>processing instructions</u>.

All text that is not markup constitutes the **character data** of the document.

The ampersand character (&) and the left angle bracket (<) may appear in their literal form only when used as markup delimiters, or within a comment, a processing instruction, or a CDATA section. They are also legal within the literal entity value of an internal entity declaration; see "4.3.2 Well-Formed Parsed Entities". If they are needed elsewhere, they must be escaped using either numeric character references or the strings "&amp;" and "&lt;" respectively. The right angle bracket (>) may be represented using the string "&gt;", and must, for compatibility, be escaped using "&gt;" or a character reference when it appears in the string "]]>" in content, when that string is not marking the end of a CDATA section.

In the content of elements, character data is any string of characters which does not contain the

start-delimiter of any markup. In a CDATA section, character data is any string of characters not including the CDATA-section-close delimiter, "]]>".

To allow attribute values to contain both single and double quotes, the apostrophe or single-quote character (') may be represented as "'", and the double-quote character (") as """.



#### 2.5 Comments

Comments may appear anywhere in a document outside other <u>markup</u>; in addition, they may appear within the document type declaration at places allowed by the grammar. They are not part of the document's <u>character data</u>; an XML processor may, but need not, make it possible for an application to retrieve the text of comments. <u>For compatibility</u>, the string "--" (double-hyphen) must not occur within comments.

```
Comments

[[[5]] Comment 23= '<4==" ((Cheve = " ") | (" " (Cheve = "="))) & "==>"

An example of a comment:

| <1== declerations for sheed & shows ==>
```

#### 2.6 Processing Instructions

**Processing instructions** (PIs) allow documents to contain instructions for applications.

PIs are not part of the document's <u>character data</u>, but must be passed through to the application. The PI begins with a target (<u>PITarget</u>) used to identify the application to which the instruction is directed. The target names "XML", "xml", and so on are reserved for standardization in this or future versions of this specification. The XML <u>Notation</u> mechanism may be used for formal declaration of PI targets.

#### 2.7 CDATA Sections

CDATA sections may occur anywhere character data may occur; they are used to escape blocks of text containing characters which would otherwise be recognized as markup. CDATA sections begin with the string "<![CDATA[" and end with the string "]]>":

```
CDATIA Sections

[[18] CDS-cot = - CDS-cast CD-cta CD566:

[[19] CDS-tast = - 'S |CDATA| '

[[20] CDS-tast = (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (Chapa - (C
```

Within a CDATA section, only the <u>CDEnd</u> string is recognized as markup, so that left angle brackets and ampersands may occur in their literal form; they need not (and cannot) be escaped using "&lt;" and "&amp;". CDATA sections cannot nest.

An example of a CDATA section, in which "<greeting>" and "</greeting>" are recognized as character data, not markup:

```
<! [CDATA[kgreeting>Hello, world!</greeting>]]>
```

#### 2.8 Prolog and Document Type Declaration

XML documents may, and should, begin with an XML declaration which specifies the version of XML being used. For example, the following is a complete XML document, <u>well-formed</u> but not valid:

```
<?xml_version="1.0"?>
<greeting>Hello, world!</greeting>
```

and so is this:

```
<greeting>Hello's world!k/greeting>
```

The version number "1.0" should be used to indicate conformance to this version of this specification; it is an error for a document to use the value "1.0" if it does not conform to this version of this specification. It is the intent of the XML working group to give later versions of this specification numbers other than "1.0", but this intent does not indicate a commitment to produce any future versions of XML, nor if any are produced, to use any particular numbering scheme. Since future versions are not ruled out, this construct is provided as a means to allow the possibility of automatic version recognition, should it become necessary. Processors may signal an error if they receive documents labeled with versions they do not support.

The function of the markup in an XML document is to describe its storage and logical structure and to associate attribute-value pairs with its logical structures. XML provides a mechanism, the document type declaration, to define constraints on the logical structure and to support the use of predefined storage units. An XML document is valid if it has an associated document type declaration and if the document complies with the constraints expressed in it. The document type declaration must appear before the first element in the document.

The XML document type declaration contains or points to <u>markup declarations</u> that provide a grammar for a class of documents. This grammar is known as a document type definition, or **DTD**. The document type declaration can point to an external subset (a special kind of <u>external entity</u>) containing markup declarations, or can contain the markup declarations directly in an internal subset, or can do both. The DTD for a document consists of both subsets taken together.

A markup declaration is an <u>element type declaration</u>, an <u>attribute-list declaration</u>, an <u>entity declaration</u>, or a <u>notation declaration</u>. These declarations may be contained in whole or in part within <u>parameter entities</u>, as described in the well-formedness and validity constraints below. For fuller <u>information</u>, see "<u>4</u>. Physical Structures".

The markup declarations may be made up in whole or in part of the <u>replacement text</u> of <u>parameter entities</u>. The productions later in this specification for individual nonterminals (<u>elementdecl</u>, <u>AttlistDecl</u>, and so on) describe the declarations <u>after</u> all the parameter entities have been <u>included</u>. Validity Constraint: Root Element Type

The Name in the document type declaration must match the element type of the root element.

#### Validity Constraint: Proper Declaration/PE Nesting

Parameter-entity <u>replacement text</u> must be properly nested with markup declarations. That is to say, if either the first character or the last character of a markup declaration (<u>markupdecl</u> above) is contained in the replacement text for a <u>parameter-entity reference</u>, both must be contained in the same replacement text.

#### Well-Formedness Constraint: PEs in Internal Subset

In the internal DTD subset, <u>parameter-entity references</u> can occur only where markup declarations can occur, not within markup declarations. (This does not apply to references that occur in external parameter entities or to the external subset.)

Like the internal subset, the external subset and any external parameter entities referred to in the DTD must consist of a series of complete markup declarations of the types allowed by the non-terminal symbol markupdecl, interspersed with white space or parameter-entity references. However, portions of the contents of the external subset or of external parameter entities may conditionally be ignored by using the conditional section construct; this is not allowed in the internal subset.

The external subset and external parameter entities also differ from the internal subset in that in them, <u>parameter-entity references</u> are permitted *within* markup declarations, not only *between* markup declarations.

An example of an XML document with a document type declaration:

```
**Pxmil version=**i_0**?>

**IndocTYNY** great ing SYSTEM **helle.dtc**

**Errectingsfielie, world!
**Corectingsfielie, world!
```

The system identifier "hello.dtd" gives the URI of a DTD for the document.

The declarations can also be given locally, as in this example:

```
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```

If both the external and internal subsets are used, the internal subset is considered to occur before the external subset. This has the effect that entity and attribute-list declarations in the internal subset take precedence over those in the external subset.

#### 2.9 Standalone Document Declaration

Markup declarations can affect the content of the document, as passed from an <u>XML processor</u> to an application; examples are attribute defaults and entity declarations. The standalone document declaration, which may appear as a component of the XML declaration, signals whether or not there are such declarations which appear external to the <u>document entity</u>.

```
Strickling Dournant Deskriction

[32] Podrec 1: -- 3 - Are double one see the see the see the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of the seed of
```

In a standalone document declaration, the value "yes" indicates that there are no markup declarations external to the <u>document entity</u> (either in the DTD external subset, or in an external parameter entity referenced from the internal subset) which affect the information passed from the XML processor to the application. The value "no" indicates that there are or may be such external markup declarations. Note that the standalone document declaration only denotes the presence of external *declarations*; the presence, in a document, of references to external *entities*, when those entities are internally declared, does not change its standalone status.

If there are no external markup declarations, the standalone document declaration has no meaning. If there are external markup declarations but there is no standalone document declaration, the value "no" is assumed.

Any XML document for which standalone="no" holds can be converted algorithmically to a standalone document, which may be desirable for some network delivery applications.

#### Validity Constraint: Standalone Document Declaration

The standalone document declaration must have the value "no" if any external markup declarations contain declarations of:

- o attributes with <u>default</u> values, if elements to which these attributes apply appear in th document without specifications of values for these attributes, or
- o entities (other than amp, lt, gt, apos, quot), if <u>references</u> to those entities appear in the document, or
- o attributes with values subject to <u>normalization</u>, where the attribute appears in the document with a value which will change as a result of normalization, or
- element types with <u>element content</u>, if white space occurs directly within any instance of those types.

An example XML declaration with a standalone document declaration:

2.10 White Space Handling

In editing XML documents, it is often convenient to use "white space" (spaces, tabs, and blank lines, denoted by the nonterminal <u>S</u> in this specification) to set apart the markup for greater readability. Such white space is typically not intended for inclusion in the delivered version of the document. On the other hand, "significant" white space that should be preserved in the delivered version is common, for example in poetry and source code.

An XML processor must always pass all characters in a document that are not markup through to the application. A validating XML processor must also inform the application which of these characters constitute white space appearing in element content.

A special <u>attribute</u> named xml:space may be attached to an element to signal an intention that in that element, white space should be preserved by applications. In valid documents, this attribute, like any other, must be <u>declared</u> if it is used. When declared, it must be given as an <u>enumerated type</u> whose <u>only possible values are "default" and "preserve"</u>. For example:

KIVARMAN DOGU ZULKDEGE (GASANIK (DEGLAMA)) (DEGLAMA) >

The value "default" signals that applications' default white-space processing modes are acceptable for this element; the value "preserve" indicates the intent that applications preserve all the white space. This declared intent is considered to apply to all elements within the content of the element where it is specified, unless overriden with another instance of the xml:space attribute.

The <u>root element</u> of any document is considered to have signaled no intentions as regards application space handling, unless it provides a value for this attribute or the attribute is declared with a default value.

#### 2.11 End-of-Line Handling

XML <u>parsed entities</u> are often stored in computer files which, for editing convenience, are organized into lines. These lines are typically separated by some combination of the characters carriage-return

(#xD) and line-feed (#xA).

To simplify the tasks of <u>applications</u>, wherever an external parsed entity or the literal entity value of an internal parsed entity contains either the literal two-character sequence "#xD#xA" or a standalone literal #xD, an <u>XML processor</u> must pass to the application the single character #xA. (This behavior can conveniently be produced by normalizing all line breaks to #xA on input, before parsing.)

#### 2.12 Language Identification

In document processing, it is often useful to identify the natural or formal language in which the content is written. A special <u>attribute</u> named xml:lang may be inserted in documents to specify the language used in the contents and attribute values of any element in an XML document. In valid documents, this attribute, like any other, must be <u>declared</u> if it is used. The values of the attribute are language identifiers as defined by [IETF RFC 1766], "Tags for the Identification of Languages":

The Langcode may be any of the following:

- a two-letter language code as defined by [ISO 639], "Codes for the representation of names of languages"
- o a language identifier registered with the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority [IANA]; these begin with the prefix "i-" (or "I-")
- o a language identifier assigned by the user, or agreed on between parties in private use; these must begin with the prefix "x-" or "X-" in order to ensure that they do not conflict with names later standardized or registered with IANA

There may be any number of <u>Subcode</u> segments; if the first subcode segment exists and the Subcode consists of two letters, then it must be a country code from [ISO 3166], "Codes for the representation of names of countries." If the first subcode consists of more than two letters, it must be a subcode for the language in question registered with IANA, unless the <u>Langcode</u> begins with the prefix "x-" or "X-".

It is customary to give the language code in lower case, and the country code (if any) in upper case. Note that these values, unlike other names in XML documents, are case insensitive. For example:

```
sp xall clarge near stre guiler brown fex jumps over the lawy degle/ps

sp xall clarge near (8) subject colour is attentive

sp xall clarge near (8) subject colour is attentive

sp viol prount accept lease xall clarge deas

clared accept lease xall clarge deas

clared accept builder oping (4/1)

clared leader encly accept lease (1)

``

The intent declared with xml:lang is considered to apply to all attributes and content of the element where it is specified, unless overridden with an instance of xml:lang on another element within that content.

A simple declaration for xml:lang might take the form

```
्रवाता । त्राक्ष्मका अप्रतासभावता । त्राह्मका । त्राहमका । त्राह्मका । त्राह्मका । त्राहमका । त्राह
```

but specific default values may also be given, if appropriate. In a collection of French poems for English students, with glosses and notes in English, the xml:lang attribute might be declared this way:

```
< ATTHIST poem xml:lang NMTOKEN fr:>
clatteist gloss xml:lang NMTOKEN en:>
clatteist note xml:lang NMTOKEN en:>
```

## 3. Logical Structures

Each XML document contains one or more **elements**, the boundaries of which are either delimited by <u>start-tags</u> and <u>end-tags</u>, or, for <u>empty</u> elements, by an <u>empty-element tag</u>. Each element has a type, identified by name, sometimes called its "generic identifier" (GI), and may have a set of attribute specifications. Each attribute specification has a <u>name</u> and a <u>value</u>.

```
Element

[39] element ::= EmptyElemTag

| STag content ETag [ WFC: Element Type Match ]

[ VC: Element Valid ]
```

This specification does not constrain the semantics, use, or (beyond syntax) names of the element types and attributes, except that names beginning with a match to (('X'|'x')('M'|'m')('L'|'l'))are reserved for standardization in this or future versions of this specification.

#### Well-Formedness Constraint: Element Type Match

The Name in an element's end-tag must match the element type in the start-tag.

#### Validity Constraint: Element Valid

An element is valid if there is a declaration matching <u>elementdecl</u> where the <u>Name</u> matches the element type, and one of the following holds:

- 1. The declaration matches EMPTY and the element has no content.
- 2. The declaration matches <u>children</u> and the sequence of <u>child elements</u> belongs to the language generated by the regular expression in the content model, with optional white space (characters matching the nonterminal <u>S</u>) between each pair of child elements.
- 3. The declaration matches <u>Mixed</u> and the content consists of <u>character data</u> and <u>child elements</u> whose types match names in the content model.
- 4. The declaration matches ANY, and the types of any child elements have been declared.

## 3.1 Start-Tags, End-Tags, and Empty-Element Tags

The beginning of every non-empty XML element is marked by a start-tag.

The <u>Name</u> in the start- and end-tags gives the element's **type**. The <u>Name-AttValue</u> pairs are referred to as the **attribute specifications** of the element, with the <u>Name</u> in each pair referred to as the **attribute name** and the content of the <u>AttValue</u> (the text between the 'or " delimiters) as the **attribute value**.

#### Well-Formedness Constraint: Unique Att Spec

No attribute name may appear more than once in the same start-tag or empty-element tag.

#### Validity Constraint: Attribute Value Type

The attribute must have been declared; the value must be of the type declared for it. (For attribute types, see "3.3 Attribute-List Declarations".)

#### Well-Formedness Constraint: No External Entity References

Attribute values cannot contain direct or indirect entity references to external entities.

## Well-Formedness Constraint: No < in Attribute Values

The <u>replacement text</u> of any entity referred to directly or indirectly in an attribute value (other than "&lt;") must not contain a <.

An example of a start-tag:

```
cermde@ ld="dt-dog" ferm="dog">
```

The end of every element that begins with a start-tag must be marked by an end-tag containing a name that echoes the element's type as given in the start-tag:

```
iBind-tag
[42] Mag: x = " = " Name S2 1> "
```

An example of an end-tag:

```
<//iverndeff>
```

The <u>text</u> between the start-tag and end-tag is called the element's content:

If an element is **empty**, it must be represented either by a start-tag immediately followed by an end-tag or by an empty-element tag. An **empty-element tag** takes a special form:

```
Tags for Empty Elaments

[449] Empty-Alembag --- "<" Name (S Atticidate) - S? "/>" | WFC- Undome Att Ange |
```

Empty-element tags may be used for any element which has no content, whether or not it is declared using the keyword EMPTY. For interoperability, the empty-element tag must be used, and can only be used, for elements which are <u>declared</u> EMPTY.

Examples of empty elements:

## 3.2 Element Type Declarations

The <u>element</u> structure of an <u>XML</u> <u>document</u> may, for <u>validation</u> purposes, be constrained using element type and attribute-list declarations. An element type declaration constrains the element's <u>content</u>.

Element type declarations often constrain which element types can appear as <u>children</u> of the element. At user option, an XML processor may issue a warning when a declaration mentions an element type for which no declaration is provided, but this is not an error.

An element type declaration takes the form:

```
[45] Charantage to Carbinani & Arms & Koto Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element Thise Carbone Element This Carbone Elemen
```

where the Name gives the element type being declared.

#### Validity Constraint: Unique Element Type Declaration

No element type may be declared more than once.

Examples of element type declarations:

```
| ELEMENT BY EMPTYS
| ELEMENT BY (#PCDATA emph) * >
| ELEMENT BY (#PCDATA emph) * >
| ELEMENT BY (#PCDATA emph) * >
| ELEMENT BY (#PCDATA emph) * >
| ELEMENT BY (#PCDATA emph) * >
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| E
```

#### 3.2.1 Element Content

An element type has element content when elements of that type must contain only child elements (no character data), optionally separated by white space (characters matching the nonterminal <u>s</u>). In this case, the constraint includes a content model, a simple grammar governing the allowed types of the child elements and the order in which they are allowed to appear. The grammar is built on content particles (cps), which consist of names, choice lists of content particles, or sequence lists of content particles:

```
Element-content Models

[47] children := (choice | seq) ('?' | '*'

[48] cp := (Name | choice | seq) ('?' | '*'

[49] choice := '("S?' cp' (S?' | "S? cp') * S?' (VC: Proper Group/PE | Nesting | VC: Proper Group/PE | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting | Nesting |
```

where each <u>Name</u> is the type of an element which may appear as a <u>child</u>. Any content particle in a choice list may appear in the <u>element content</u> at the location where the choice list appears in the grammar; content particles occurring in a sequence list must each appear in the <u>element content</u> in the order given in the list. The optional character following a name or list governs whether the element or the content particles in the list may occur one or more (+), zero or more (\*), or zero or one times (?). The absence of such an operator means that the element or content particle must appear exactly once. This syntax and meaning are identical to those used in the productions in this specification.

The content of an element matches a content model if and only if it is possible to trace out a path through the content model, obeying the sequence, choice, and repetition operators and matching each element in the content against an element type in the content model. For compatibility, it is an error if an element in the document can match more than one occurrence of an element type in the content model. For more information, see "E. Deterministic Content Models".

#### Validity Constraint: Proper Group/PE Nesting

Parameter-entity replacement text must be properly nested with parenthetized groups. That is to say, if either of the opening or closing parentheses in a choice, seq, or Mixed construct is contained in the replacement text for a parameter entity, both must be contained in the same replacement text. For interoperability, if a parameter-entity reference appears in a choice, seq, or Mixed construct, its replacement text should not be empty, and neither the first nor last non-blank character of the replacement text should be a connector (| or ,).

Examples of element-content models:

#### 3.2.2 Mixed Content

An element type has mixed content when elements of that type may contain character data, optionally interspersed with child elements. In this case, the types of the child elements may be constrained, but not their order or their number of occurrences:

```
Mixeleoman Dedimenon
[51] Mixeleo = "(" se "Hedrin (se "| se heme) :
se ") o"
| "(" se "Hedrin (se ")" | two here enque chaque/de
Nestine |
(" ve herebiselee Tyres )
```

where the Names give the types of elements that may appear as children.

## Validity Constraint: No Duplicate Types

The same name must not appear more than once in a single mixed-content declaration.

Examples of mixed content declarations:

#### 3.3 Attribute-List Declarations

<u>Attributes</u> are used to associate name-value pairs with <u>elements</u>. Attribute specifications may appear only within <u>start-tags</u> and <u>empty-element tags</u>; thus, the productions used to recognize them appear in "3.1 Start-Tags, End-Tags, and Empty-Element Tags". Attribute-list declarations may be used:

- To define the set of attributes pertaining to a given element type.
- To establish type constraints for these attributes.
- o To provide default values for attributes.

Attribute-list declarations specify the name, data type, and default value (if any) of each attribute associated with a given element type:

```
Attribute-lini Deckretion
[52] Aftilisedeci : 4= "<1/4Thlish s <u>Name Attribut</u> s? ">"
[53] Aftiliseci
[53] Aftilise s <u>Name s Attribute</u> s decentioned
```

'The <u>Name</u> in the <u>AttlistDecl</u> rule is the type of an element. At user option, an XML processor may issue a warning if attributes are declared for an element type not itself declared, but this is not an error. The <u>Name</u> in the <u>AttDef</u> rule is the name of the attribute.

When more than one AttlistDecl is provided for a given element type, the contents of all those provided are merged. When more than one definition is provided for the same attribute of a given element type, the first declaration is binding and later declarations are ignored. For interoperability, writers of DTDs may choose to provide at most one attribute-list declaration for a given element type, at most one attribute definition for a given attribute name, and at least one attribute definition in each attribute-list declaration. For interoperability, an XML processor may at user option issue a warning when more than one attribute-list declaration is provided for a given element type, or more than one attribute definition is provided for a given attribute, but this is not an error.

#### 3.3.1 Attribute Types

XML attribute types are of three kinds: a string type, a set of tokenized types, and enumerated types. The string type may take any literal string as a value; the tokenized types have varying lexical and semantic constraints, as noted:

| Attribute Types                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| [54] AttType::= StringType   TokenizedType                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [55] StringType ::= 'CDATA'                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| [56] TokenizedType::= 'ID'                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| [ VC: One ID per<br>Element Type ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| [ VC: <u>ID Attribute</u><br><u>Default</u> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 'IDREF'   VC: <u>idref</u>   VC: idref   VC: id |
| "ENTITY!" [VC: Entity Name ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ENTITIES'                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| NMTOKEN [ VC: Name Token ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 'NMTOKENS' [ VC Name Token ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

#### Validity Constraint: ID

Values of type ID must match the Name production. A name must not appear more than once in an XML document as a value of this type; i.e., ID values must uniquely identify the elements which bear them.

## Validity Constraint: One ID per Element Type

No element type may have more than one ID attribute specified.

#### Validity Constraint: ID Attribute Default

An ID attribute must have a declared default of #IMPLIED or #REQUIRED.

#### **Validity Constraint: IDREF**

Values of type IDREF must match the <u>Name</u> production, and values of type IDREFS must match <u>Names</u>; each <u>Name</u> must match the value of an ID attribute on some element in the XML document; i.e. IDREF values must match the value of some ID attribute.

#### Validity Constraint: Entity Name

Values of type ENTITY must match the <u>Name</u> production, values of type ENTITIES must match <u>Names</u>; each <u>Name</u> must match the name of an <u>unparsed</u> entity declared in the DTD.

#### Validity Constraint: Name Token

Values of type NMTOKEN must match the <u>Nmtoken</u> production; values of type NMTOKENS must match <u>Nmtokens</u>.

Enumerated attributes can take one of a list of values provided in the declaration. There are two kinds of enumerated types:

| [57] EnumeratedType:: != NotationType   Enumeration  [58] NotationType:: = 'NOTATION' S:!('S? Name (S?', VC Notation '  S? Name) * S?', VC Notation '  S? Name) * S?', VC Notation '  S? Name) * S?', VC Notation '  Nation '  Name (S?', VC Neumeration')   Name (S.', VC Neumerati | Enumerated Attribute | Types                  |                    |                                          |                         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| [59] Enumeration: := '('S? Nmtoken (S? : 'NS? : VC:VEnumeration')   VE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                      | ::=: 'NOTATION' S.L    | S? Name (S?        | . [ VC <u>Notati</u>                     | on                      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | [59] Enumeration     | : > ∈ ' (' \S? Nmtoken | (\$?:// /\\$? * \\ | <u>Attributes</u><br>LWC:W <u>Enumer</u> | 引。<br><u>ation</u> 別、松井 |

A NOTATION attribute identifies a <u>notation</u>, declared in the DTD with associated system and/or public identifiers, to be used in interpreting the element to which the attribute is attached.

#### Validity Constraint: Notation Attributes

Values of this type must match one of the <u>notation</u> names included in the declaration; all notation names in the declaration must be declared.

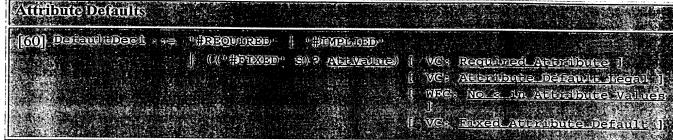
#### **Validity Constraint: Enumeration**

Values of this type must match one of the Nmtoken tokens in the declaration.

<u>For interoperability</u>, the same <u>Nmtoken</u> should not occur more than once in the enumerated attribute types of a single element type.

#### 3.3.2 Attribute Defaults

An <u>attribute declaration</u> provides information on whether the attribute's presence is required, and if not, how an XML processor should react if a declared attribute is absent in a document.



In an attribute declaration, #REQUIRED means that the attribute must always be provided, #IMPLIED that no default value is provided. If the declaration is neither #REQUIRED nor #IMPLIED, then the AttValue value contains the declared **default** value; the #FIXED keyword states that the attribute must always have the default value. If a default value is declared, when an XML processor encounters an omitted attribute, it is to behave as though the attribute were present with the declared default value.

## Validity Constraint: Required Attribute

If the default declaration is the keyword #REQUIRED, then the attribute must be specified for all elements of the type in the attribute-list declaration.

#### Validity Constraint: Attribute Default Legal

The declared default value must meet the lexical constraints of the declared attribute type.

#### Validity Constraint: Fixed Attribute Default

If an attribute has a default value declared with the #FIXED keyword, instances of that attribute must match the default value.

Examples of attribute-list declarations:

```
«PATTLIST beautief

id in (Required)

neine GDATA (Righting)»

«PATTLIST list

Expe (Buildes ordered glossary) pordered

«PATTLIST form

method GDATA (FDAD) "ROSI"»
```

#### 3.3.3 Attribute-Value Normalization

Before the value of an attribute is passed to the application or checked for validity, the XML processor must normalize it as follows:

- o a character reference is processed by appending the referenced character to the attribute value
- o an entity reference is processed by recursively processing the replacement text of the entity
- o a whitespace character (#x20, #xD, #xA, #x9) is processed by appending #x20 to the normalized value, except that only a single #x20 is appended for a "#xD#xA" sequence that is part of an external parsed entity or the literal entity value of an internal parsed entity
- o other characters are processed by appending them to the normalized value

If the declared value is not CDATA, then the XML processor must further process the normalized attribute value by discarding any leading and trailing space (#x20) characters, and by replacing sequences of space (#x20) characters by a single space (#x20) character.

All attributes for which no declaration has been read should be treated by a non-validating parser as if declared CDATA.

#### 3.4 Conditional Sections

Conditional sections are portions of the <u>document type declaration external subset</u> which are included in, or excluded from, the logical structure of the DTD based on the keyword which governs them.

```
Conditional Section

[6]] conditional Sect := includeSect | ignoreSect |
[62] includeSect := '<![' S? 'INCLUDE' S? '[' extSubsetDecl ']]>'
[63] ignoreSect := '<![' S? 'IGNORE' S? '[' ignoreSectContents*']]>''
[64] ignoreSectContents ::= Ignore ('<![' ignoreSectContents ']]>' Ignore)*
[65] Ignore ::= Char* - (Char* ('<![' | ']]>') Char*)
```

Like the internal and external DTD subsets, a conditional section may contain one or more complete declarations, comments, processing instructions, or nested conditional sections, intermingled with white space.

If the keyword of the conditional section is INCLUDE, then the contents of the conditional section are part of the DTD. If the keyword of the conditional section is IGNORE, then the contents of the conditional section are not logically part of the DTD. Note that for reliable parsing, the contents of even ignored conditional sections must be read in order to detect nested conditional sections and ensure that the end of the outermost (ignored) conditional section is properly detected. If a conditional section with a keyword of INCLUDE occurs within a larger conditional section with a keyword of IGNORE, both the outer and the inner conditional sections are ignored. If the keyword of the conditional section is a parameter-entity reference, the parameter entity must be replaced by its content before the processor decides whether to include or ignore the conditional section.

An example:

```
| CHENTITY & draft INCLUDE | STATE | S
```

## 4. Physical Structures

An XML document may consist of one or many storage units. These are called **entities**; they all have **content** and are all (except for the document entity, see below, and the <u>external DTD subset</u>) identified by **name**. Each XML document has one entity called the <u>document entity</u>, which serves as the starting point for the <u>XML processor</u> and may contain the whole document. Entities may be either parsed or unparsed. A **parsed entity's** contents are referred to as its <u>replacement text</u>; this <u>text</u> is considered an integral part of the document.

An unparsed entity is a resource whose contents may or may not be <u>text</u>, and if text, may not be XML. Each unparsed entity has an associated <u>notation</u>, identified by name. Beyond a requirement that an XML processor make the identifiers for the entity and notation available to the application, XML places no constraints on the contents of unparsed entities.

Parsed entities are invoked by name using entity references; unparsed entities by name, given in the value of ENTITY or ENTITIES attributes.

General entities are entities for use within the document content. In this specification, general entities are sometimes referred to with the unqualified term *entity* when this leads to no ambiguity. Parameter entities are parsed entities for use within the DTD. These two types of entities use different forms of reference and are recognized in different contexts. Furthermore, they occupy different namespaces; a parameter entity and a general entity with the same name are two distinct entities.

## 4.1 Character and Entity References

A character reference refers to a specific character in the ISO/IEC 10646 character set, for example one not directly accessible from available input devices.

```
Chargeter Reference
[66] Charasef - - "c#" [0-9]む "**"
# "$#$?" [0-9a-34-4]数 ?。" [ WRC: Legel Charasefaic ]。
```

#### Well-Formedness Constraint: Legal Character

Characters referred to using character references must match the production for Char.

If the character reference begins with "&#x", the digits and letters up to the terminating; provide a hexadecimal representation of the character's code point in ISO/IEC 10646. If it begins just with "&#", the digits up to the terminating; provide a decimal representation of the character's code point. An entity reference refers to the content of a named entity. References to parsed general entities use ampersand (&) and semicolon (;) as delimiters. Parameter-entity references use percent-sign (%) and semicolon (;) as delimiters.

```
[67] Reference ::= <u>| militarref</u> | Chararef
|68] Buildeyref ::= "&" Name ;" | WFC: Botlite Declaration |
| WC: Buildey Declaration |
| WFC: <u>Personal Builder</u> |
| WFC: No Reconstion |
| WFC: <u>Buildey</u> Beclaration |
| WFC: <u>Buildey</u> Beclaration |
```

## Well-Formedness Constraint: Entity Declared

In a document without any DTD, a document with only an internal DTD subset which contains no parameter entity references, or a document with "standalone='yes'", the Name given in the entity reference must match that in an entity declaration, except that well-formed documents need not declare any of the following entities: amp, lt, gt, apos, quot. The declaration of a parameter entity must precede any reference to it. Similarly, the declaration of a general entity must precede any reference to it which appears in a default value in an attribute-list declaration. Note that if entities are declared in the external subset or in external parameter entities, a non-validating processor is not obligated to read and process their declarations; for such documents, the rule that an entity must be declared is a well-formedness constraint only if standalone='yes'.

#### Validity Constraint: Entity Declared

In a document with an external subset or external parameter entities with "standalone='no'", the Name given in the entity reference must match that in an entity declaration. For interoperability, valid documents should declare the entities amp, lt, gt, apos, quot, in the form specified in "4.6 Predefined Entities". The declaration of a parameter entity must precede any reference to it. Similarly, the declaration of a general entity must precede any reference to it which appears in a default value in an attribute-list declaration.

## Well-Formedness Constraint: Parsed Entity

An entity reference must not contain the name of an <u>unparsed entity</u>. Unparsed entities may be referred to only in <u>attribute values</u> declared to be of type ENTITY or ENTITIES.

#### Well-Formedness Constraint: No Recursion

A parsed entity must not contain a recursive reference to itself, either directly or indirectly.

#### Well-Formedness Constraint: In DTD

Parameter-entity references may only appear in the DTD.

Examples of character and entity references:

Example of a parameter-entity reference:

#### 4.2 Entity Declarations

Entities are declared thus:

```
Entity Declaration

[70] EntityDecl::= GEDecl | PEDecl
[71] GEDecl::= '<!ENTITY' S Name S EntityDef S? '>'
[72] PEDecl::= '<!ENTITY' S Name S PEDef S? '>'
[73] EntityDef::= EntityValue | (ExternalID NDataDecl?)
[74] PEDef::= EntityValue | ExternalID
```

The <u>Name</u> identifies the entity in an <u>entity reference</u> or, in the case of an unparsed entity, in the value of an <u>ENTITY</u> or <u>ENTITIES</u> attribute. If the same entity is declared more than once, the first declaration encountered is binding; at user option, an XML processor may issue a warning if entities are declared multiple times.

#### 4.2.1 Internal Entities

If the entity definition is an <u>EntityValue</u>, the defined entity is called an **internal entity**. There is no separate physical storage object, and the content of the entity is given in the declaration. Note that some processing of entity and character references in the <u>literal entity value</u> may be required to produce the correct <u>replacement text</u>: see "4.5 Construction of Internal Entity Replacement Text".

An internal entity is a parsed entity.

• Example of an internal entity declaration:

#### 4.2.2 External Entities

If the entity is not internal, it is an external entity, declared as follows:

```
External Entity Declaration

[75] External ID := 'SYSTEM' S SystemLiteral | 'PUBLIC' S Publiculteral | SystemLiteral | SystemL
```

If the NDataDecl is present, this is a general unparsed entity; otherwise it is a parsed entity. Validity Constraint: Notation Declared

The Name must match the declared name of a notation.

The <u>SystemLiteral</u> is called the entity's **system identifier**. It is a URI, which may be used to retrieve the entity. Note that the hash mark (#) and fragment identifier frequently used with URIs are not, formally, part of the URI itself; an XML processor may signal an error if a fragment identifier is given as part of a system identifier. Unless otherwise provided by information outside the scope of this specification (e.g. a special XML element type defined by a particular DTD, or a processing instruction defined by a particular application specification), relative URIs are relative to the location of the resource within which the entity declaration occurs. A URI might thus be relative to

the <u>document entity</u>, to the entity containing the <u>external DTD subset</u>, or to some other <u>external parameter entity</u>.

An XML processor should handle a non-ASCII character in a URI by representing the character in UTF-8 as one or more bytes, and then escaping these bytes with the URI escaping mechanism (i.e., by converting each byte to %HH, where HH is the hexadecimal notation of the byte value). In addition to a system identifier, an external identifier may include a **public identifier**. An XML processor attempting to retrieve the entity's content may use the public identifier to try to generate an alternative URI. If the processor is unable to do so, it must use the URI specified in the system literal. Before a match is attempted, all strings of white space in the public identifier must be normalized to single space characters (#x20), and leading and trailing white space must be removed. Examples of external entity declarations:

#### 4.3 Parsed Entities

#### 4.3.1 The Text Declaration

External parsed entities may each begin with a text declaration.

```
Hexi Decknation

[777] Pestided 4 and "afrank of Wester and who succeed in the continuity of the conti
```

The text declaration must be provided literally, not by reference to a parsed entity. No text declaration may appear at any position other than the beginning of an external parsed entity.

#### 4.3.2 Well-Formed Parsed Entities

The document entity is well-formed if it matches the production labeled <u>document</u>. An external general parsed entity is well-formed if it matches the production labeled <u>extParsedEnt</u>. An external parameter entity is well-formed if it matches the production labeled <u>extPE</u>.

```
Well-Porned Brewell Parsed Britis

[[78] extermed but the lexibed a content

[79] extermed the lexibed accompany
```

An internal general parsed entity is well-formed if its replacement text matches the production labeled content. All internal parameter entities are well-formed by definition.

A consequence of well-formedness in entities is that the logical and physical structures in an XML document are properly nested; no <u>start-tag</u>, <u>end-tag</u>, <u>empty-element tag</u>, <u>element</u>, <u>comment</u>, <u>processing instruction</u>, <u>character reference</u>, or <u>entity reference</u> can begin in one entity and end in another.

#### 4.3.3 Character Encoding in Entities

Each external parsed entity in an XML document may use a different encoding for its characters. All XML processors must be able to read entities in either UTF-8 or UTF-16.

Entities encoded in UTF-16 must begin with the Byte Order Mark described by ISO/IEC 10646 Annex E and Unicode Appendix B (the ZERO WIDTH NO-BREAK SPACE character, #xFEFF). This is an encoding signature, not part of either the markup or the character data of the XML

document. XML processors must be able to use this character to differentiate between UTF-8 and UTF-16 encoded documents.

Although an XML processor is required to read only entities in the UTF-8 and UTF-16 encodings, it is recognized that other encodings are used around the world, and it may be desired for XML processors to read entities that use them. Parsed entities which are stored in an encoding other than UTF-8 or UTF-16 must begin with a <u>text declaration</u> containing an encoding declaration:

```
| Checoling Declaration | Comparison | Compa
```

In the <u>document entity</u>, the encoding declaration is part of the <u>XML declaration</u>. The <u>EncName</u> is the name of the encoding used.

In an encoding declaration, the values "UTF-8", "UTF-16", "ISO-10646-UCS-2", and "ISO-10646-UCS-4" should be used for the various encodings and transformations of Unicode / ISO/IEC 10646, the values "ISO-8859-1", "ISO-8859-2", ... "ISO-8859-9" should be used for the parts of ISO 8859, and the values "ISO-2022-JP", "Shift\_JIS", and "EUC-JP" should be used for the various encoded forms of JIS X-0208-1997. XML processors may recognize other encodings; it is recommended that character encodings registered (as *charsets*) with the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority [IANA], other than those just listed, should be referred to using their registered names. Note that these registered names are defined to be case-insensitive, so processors wishing to match against them should do so in a case-insensitive way.

In the absence of information provided by an external transport protocol (e.g. HTTP or MIME), it is an error for an entity including an encoding declaration to be presented to the XML processor in an encoding other than that named in the declaration, for an encoding declaration to occur other than at the beginning of an external entity, or for an entity which begins with neither a Byte Order Mark nor an encoding declaration to use an encoding other than UTF-8. Note that since ASCII is a subset of UTF-8, ordinary **ASCII** entities do not strictly need encoding declaration. .It is a fatal error when an XML processor encounters an entity with an encoding that it is unable to process.

Examples of encoding declarations:

```
<?xmil, encoding=ºเมเว-8º१୪≤
<?xmil, encoding=ºเมเว-୧୪⊳
```

#### 4.4 XML Processor Treatment of Entities and References

The table below summarizes the contexts in which character references, entity references, and invocations of unparsed entities might appear and the required behavior of an <u>XML processor</u> in each case. The labels in the leftmost column describe the recognition context:

#### Reference in Content

as a reference anywhere after the <u>start-tag</u> and before the <u>end-tag</u> of an element; corresponds to the nonterminal <u>content</u>.

#### Reference in Attribute Value

as a reference within either the value of an attribute in a <u>start-tag</u>, or a default value in an <u>attribute declaration</u>; corresponds to the nonterminal <u>AttValue</u>.

#### Occurs as Attribute Value

as a <u>Name</u>, not a reference, appearing either as the value of an attribute which has been declared as type ENTITY, or as one of the space-separated tokens in the value of an attribute which has been declared as type ENTITIES.

#### Reference in Entity Value

as a reference within a parameter or internal entity's literal entity value in the entity's

declaration; corresponds to the nonterminal Entity Value.

#### Reference in DTD

as a reference within either the internal or external subsets of the <u>DTD</u>, but outside of an <u>EntityValue</u> or <u>AttValue</u>.

|                                               |                                 | Enrisy I                | Type                           |                            |  |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|                                               | Parameter                       | linternal<br>General    | Expand Passel<br>General       | િમુગ્યસ્લ્લી               |  |
| Reference<br>in Content                       | Modulesofanyasy                 | <u>Itoolmaksal</u>      | Boresteroleyols visible throng | मिकप्रमिष्टिल्ला           |  |
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| as engago<br>Administrative<br>Administrative | प्रिया प्रस्करकाणायस्त्         | <b>িত্ৰতা</b> প্ৰতিগ্ৰহ | ¦्वार्य <b>्रिल्</b>           | Giornigi                   |  |
| Reference<br>in Entry Value                   | backeded in likeral             | personal property (St.  | เทิงตัวเพลาสส                  | िळातेक (बीबीस)             |  |
| Reterence<br>in DTD                           | <u> চিমভাচ্চবিহ্বর প্রজ PPB</u> | <u>Porbidden</u>        | Forbidden                      | la ट्याप्ट्रण (ब्रह्मिल्ड) |  |

#### 4.4.1 Not Recognized

Outside the DTD, the % character has no special significance; thus, what would be parameter entity references in the DTD are not recognized as markup in content. Similarly, the names of unparsed entities are not recognized except when they appear in the value of an appropriately declared attribute.

#### · · 4.4.2 Included

An entity is **included** when its <u>replacement text</u> is retrieved and processed, in place of the reference itself, as though it were part of the document at the location the reference was recognized. The replacement text may contain both <u>character data</u> and (except for parameter entities) <u>markup</u>, which must be recognized in the usual way, except that the replacement text of entities used to escape markup delimiters (the entities amp, lt, gt, apos, quot) is always treated as data. (The string "AT&amp;T;" expands to "AT&T;" and the remaining ampersand is not recognized as an entity-reference delimiter.) A character reference is **included** when the indicated character is processed in place of the reference itself.

#### 4.4.3 Included If Validating

When an XML processor recognizes a reference to a parsed entity, in order to <u>validate</u> the document, the processor must <u>include</u> its replacement text. If the entity is external, and the processor is not attempting to validate the XML document, the processor <u>may</u>, but need not, include the entity's replacement text. If a non-validating parser does not include the replacement text, it must inform the application that it recognized, but did not read, the entity.

This rule is based on the recognition that the automatic inclusion provided by the SGML and XML entity mechanism, primarily designed to support modularity in authoring, is not necessarily appropriate for other applications, in particular document browsing. Browsers, for example, when encountering an external parsed entity reference, might choose to provide a visual indication of the entity's presence and retrieve it for display only on demand.

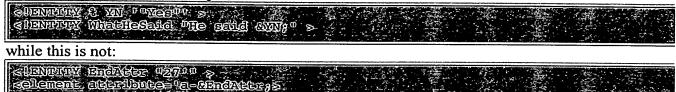
#### 4.4.4 Forbidden

The following are forbidden, and constitute fatal errors:

- o the appearance of a reference to an unparsed entity.
- the appearance of any character or general-entity reference in the DTD except within an <a href="EntityValue">EntityValue</a> or <a href="AttValue">AttValue</a>.
- o a reference to an external entity in an attribute value.

#### 4.4.5 Included in Literal

When an entity reference appears in an attribute value, or a parameter entity reference appears in a literal entity value, its replacement text is processed in place of the reference itself as though it were part of the document at the location the reference was recognized, except that a single or double quote character in the replacement text is always treated as a normal data character and will not terminate the literal. For example, this is well-formed:



## 4.4.6 Notify

When the name of an <u>unparsed entity</u> appears as a token in the value of an attribute of declared type ENTITY or ENTITIES, a validating processor must inform the application of the <u>system</u> and <u>public</u> (if any) identifiers for both the entity and its associated notation.

#### 4.4.7 Bypassed

When a general entity reference appears in the EntityValue in an entity declaration, it is bypassed and left as is.

#### 4.4.8 Included as PE

Just as with external parsed entities, parameter entities need only be <u>included if validating</u>. When a parameter-entity reference is recognized in the DTD and included, its <u>replacement text</u> is enlarged by the attachment of one leading and one following space (#x20) character; the intent is to constrain the replacement text of parameter entities to contain an integral number of grammatical tokens in the DTD.

## 4.5 Construction of Internal Entity Replacement Text

In discussing the treatment of internal entities, it is useful to distinguish two forms of the entity's value. The **literal entity value** is the quoted string actually present in the entity declaration, corresponding to the non-terminal <u>EntityValue</u>. The **replacement text** is the content of the entity, after replacement of character references and parameter-entity references.

The literal entity value as given in an internal entity declaration (EntityValue) may contain character, parameter-entity, and general-entity references. Such references must be contained entirely within the literal entity value. The actual replacement text that is included as described above must contain the replacement text of any parameter entities referred to, and must contain the character referred to, in place of any character references in the literal entity value; however, general-entity references must be left as-is, unexpanded. For example, given the following declarations:



then the replacement text for the entity "book" is:

```
La Peste: Albert Camus,
© 1947 Édutions Gallimard, &rights, 1
```

The general-entity reference "&rights;" would be expanded should the reference "&book;" appear in the document's content or an attribute value.

These simple rules may have complex interactions; for a detailed discussion of a difficult example, see "D. Expansion of Entity and Character References".

#### 4.6 Predefined Entities

Entity and character references can both be used to **escape** the left angle bracket, ampersand, and other delimiters. A set of general entities (amp, lt, gt, apos, quot) is specified for this purpose. Numeric character references may also be used; they are expanded immediately when recognized and must be treated as character data, so the numeric character references "<" and "&#38;" may be used to escape < and & when they occur in character data.

All XML processors must recognize these entities whether they are declared or not. <u>For interoperability</u>, valid XML documents should declare these entities, like any others, before using them. If the entities in question are declared, they must be declared as internal entities whose replacement text is the single character being escaped or a character reference to that character, as shown below.

```
(IBMTTTY LE UGH38/H38/P)

(IBMTTTY GE "GH38/P)

(IBMTTTY apos "GH39/P)

(IBMTTTY apos "GH39/P)

(IBMTTTY apos "GH39/P)
```

Note that the < and & characters in the declarations of "lt" and "amp" are doubly escaped to meet the requirement that entity replacement be well-formed.

#### 4.7 Notation Declarations

Notations identify by name the format of <u>unparsed entities</u>, the format of elements which bear a notation attribute, or the application to which a <u>processing instruction</u> is addressed. Notation declarations provide a name for the notation, for use in entity and attribute-list declarations and in attribute specifications, and an external identifier for the notation which may allow an XML processor or its client application to locate a helper application capable of processing data in the given notation.

```
Notation Declarations

[82] Notationded --- "sumparion" s name s (paterialis) | padilicio) se ">"
[83] Publicod --- "population s productional
```

XML processors must provide applications with the name and external identifier(s) of any notation declared and referred to in an attribute value, attribute definition, or entity declaration. They may additionally resolve the external identifier into the <u>system identifier</u>, file name, or other information needed to allow the application to call a processor for data in the notation described. (It is not an error, however, for XML documents to declare and refer to notations for which notation-specific applications are not available on the system where the XML processor or application is running.)

## 4.8 Document Entity

The **document entity** serves as the root of the entity tree and a starting-point for an <u>XML processor</u>. This specification does not specify how the document entity is to be located by an XML processor; unlike other entities, the document entity has no name and might well appear on a processor input stream without any identification at all.

## 5. Conformance

## 5.1 Validating and Non-Validating Processors

Conforming XML processors fall into two classes: validating and non-validating. Validating and non-validating processors alike must report violations of this specification's well-formedness constraints in the content of the document entity and any other parsed entities that they read.

Validating processors must report violations of the constraints expressed by the declarations in the <u>DTD</u>, and failures to fulfill the validity constraints given in this specification. To accomplish this, validating XML processors must read and process the entire DTD and all external parsed entities referenced in the document.

Non-validating processors are required to check only the <u>document entity</u>, including the entire internal DTD subset, for well-formedness. While they are not required to check the document for validity, they are required to **process** all the declarations they read in the internal DTD subset and in any parameter entity that they read, up to the first reference to a parameter entity that they do *not* read; that is to say, they must use the information in those declarations to <u>normalize</u> attribute values, <u>include</u> the replacement text of internal entities, and supply <u>default attribute values</u>. They must not <u>process entity declarations</u> or <u>attribute-list declarations</u> encountered after a reference to a parameter entity that is not read, since the entity may have contained overriding declarations.

## 5.2 Using XML Processors

The behavior of a validating XML processor is highly predictable; it must read every piece of a document and report all well-formedness and validity violations. Less is required of a non-validating processor; it need not read any part of the document other than the document entity. This has two effects that may be important to users of XML processors:

- Certain well-formedness errors, specifically those that require reading external entities, may
  not be detected by a non-validating processor. Examples include the constraints entitled Entity
  Declared, Parsed Entity, and No Recursion, as well as some of the cases described as
  forbidden in "4.4 XML Processor Treatment of Entities and References".
- o The information passed from the processor to the application may vary, depending on whether the processor reads parameter and external entities. For example, a non-validating processor may not <u>normalize</u> attribute values, <u>include</u> the replacement text of internal entities, or supply <u>default attribute values</u>, where doing so depends on having read declarations in external or parameter entities.

For maximum reliability in interoperating between different XML processors, applications which use non-validating processors should not rely on any behaviors not required of such processors. Applications which require facilities such as the use of default attributes or internal entities which are declared in external entities should use validating XML processors.

## 6. Notation

The formal grammar of XML is given in this specification using a simple Extended Backus-Naur Form (EBNF) notation. Each rule in the grammar defines one symbol, in the form

Symbols are written with an initial capital letter if they are defined by a regular expression, or with an initial lower case letter otherwise. Literal strings are quoted.

. ?

Within the expression on the right-hand side of a rule, the following expressions are used to match strings of one or more characters:

#xN

where N is a hexadecimal integer, the expression matches the character in ISO/IEC 10646 whose canonical (UCS-4) code value, when interpreted as an unsigned binary number, has the value indicated. The number of leading zeros in the #xN form is insignificant; the number of leading zeros in the corresponding code value is governed by the character encoding in use and is not significant for XML.

[a-zA-Z], [#xN-#xN]

matches any character with a value in the range(s) indicated (inclusive).

 $[^a-z], [^*xN-*xN]$ 

matches any character with a value outside the range indicated.

[^abc], [^#xN#xN#xN]

matches any character with a value not among the characters given.

"string"

matches a literal string matching that given inside the double quotes.

'string'

matches a literal string matching that given inside the single quotes.

These symbols may be combined to match more complex patterns as follows, where A and B represent simple expressions:

(expression)

expression is treated as a unit and may be combined as described in this list.

**A?** 

matches A or nothing; optional A.

AB

matches A followed by B.

A | B

matches A or B but not both.

A - B

matches any string that matches A but does not match B.

 $\mathbf{A}$ +

matches one or more occurrences of A.

**A**\*

matches zero or more occurrences of A.

Other notations used in the productions are:

/\* ... \*/

comment.

[ wfc: ... ]

well-formedness constraint; this identifies by name a constraint on well-formed documents associated with a production.

[ vc: ... ]

validity constraint; this identifies by name a constraint on valid documents associated with a production.

## **Appendices**

## A. References

#### **A.1 Normative References**

#### **IANA**

(Internet Assigned Numbers Authority) Official Names for Character Sets, ed. Keld Simonsen et al. See <a href="ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/character-sets">ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/character-sets</a>.

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#### A.2 Other References

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First edition -- 1986-10-15. [Geneva]: International Organization for Standardization, 1986. ISO/IEC 10744

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## **B.** Character Classes

Following the characteristics defined in the Unicode standard, characters are classed as base characters (among others, these contain the alphabetic characters of the Latin alphabet, without diacritics), ideographic characters, and combining characters (among others, this class contains most diacritics); these classes combine to form the class of letters. Digits and extenders are also distinguished.

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| [#x116D-#x116E]                                                                                   |                                       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                   | ¢119E                                 |
|                                                                                                   | [1B8]                                 |
| #x11BA   [#x11BC-#x11C2]   #x11EB   #x11F0   #x                                                   | cllF9 👌                               |
| [#x1E00-#x1E9B] [#x1EA0-#x1EF9] [#x1F00-#x1                                                       |                                       |
| [#x1F18-#x1F1D] [#x1F20-#x1F45] [#x1F48-#x1                                                       | LF4D]                                 |
| [#x1F50-#x1F57]                                                                                   |                                       |
| [#x1F5F-#x1F7D] [#x1F80-#x1FB4] [#x1FB6-#x1                                                       | LFBC]                                 |
| #x1FBE   [#x1FC2-#x1FC4]   [#x1FC6-#x1FCC]                                                        |                                       |
| [#x1FD0-#x1FD3] [#x1FD6-#x1FDB] [#x1FE0-#x1                                                       | FEC]                                  |
| [#x1FF2-#x1FF4]   [#x1FF6-#x1FFC]   #x2126                                                        |                                       |
|                                                                                                   | •                                     |
| [#x3041-#x3094] [#x30A1-#x30FA]   [#x3105-#x3                                                     | 312C]                                 |
| [#xAC00-#xD7A3]                                                                                   | ,                                     |
| [86] Ideographic::= [#x4E00-#x9FA5]   #x3007   [#x3021-#x3029]                                    | •                                     |
| [87] CombiningChar::= [#x0300-#x0345]   [#x0360-#x0361]   [#x0483-#x048                           |                                       |
| [#X0200-#X0345] [#X0360-#X0365] [#X0483-#X048                                                     | 36]                                   |
| [#x0591-#x05A1] [#x05A3-#x05B9] [#x05BB-#x0                                                       | DBD]                                  |
| #x05BF   [#x05C1-#x05C2]   #x05C4   [#x064B-#x0<br>#x0670   [#x06D6-#x06DC]   [#x06DD-#x06DF]     | 1625], (4)                            |
| #X0070                                                                                            |                                       |
| [#x06E0-#x06E4], [#x06E7-#x06E8]   [#x06EA-#x0<br>[#x0901-#x0903]   #x093C   [#x093E-#x094C]   #x | 16ED1                                 |
|                                                                                                   | (094D                                 |
| [#x0951-#x0954] [#x0962-#x0963]   [#x0981-#x0                                                     | )983] - "-"                           |
| #x09BC   #x09BE   #x09BF   [#x09C0-#x09C4]                                                        |                                       |
| [#x09C7-#x09C8] [#x09CB-#x09CD]                                                                   |                                       |
| [#x09E2-#x09E3]                                                                                   | COA3F                                 |
| [#x0A40-#x0A42] [#x0A47-#x0A48] [#x0A4B-#x0                                                       | )A4D],                                |
| #x0A71   [#x0A71   [#x0A81   #x0A83]                                                              |                                       |
| [#x0ABE-#x0AC5] [#x0AC7-#x0AC9] [#x0ACB-#x0                                                       | ACD]                                  |
| [#x0B01-#x0B03]                                                                                   |                                       |
| [#x0B47-#x0B48] [#x0B4B-#x0B4D] [#x0B56-#x0                                                       | B57]                                  |
| [#x0B82-#x0B83] [#x0BBE-#x0BC2] [#x0BC6-#x0                                                       | BC8]                                  |
| [#x0BCA-#x0BCD]                                                                                   |                                       |
| [#x0C3E-#x0C44] [#x0C46-#x0C48] [#x0C46-#x0C48]                                                   | [C4D]                                 |
| [#x0C55-#x0C56]. [#x0C82-#x0C83]. [#x0CBE-#x0                                                     | CC4]                                  |
| [#x0CC6-#x0C68]                                                                                   | CD6]                                  |
| [#x0D02-#x0D03]   [#x0D43]   [#x0D43]   /[#x0D46-#x0                                              | D48]                                  |
| [#x0D4A-#x0D4D]                                                                                   | E3Al 💢                                |
| ***********************************                                                               | ·传··································· |
| [#x0EBB-#x0BBC]                                                                                   | F19]                                  |
| #x0F35   #x0F37   #x0F39   #x0F3B   #x0F3F                                                        |                                       |
| [#x0F71-#x0F84]   [#x0F86-#x0F8B]   [#x0F90-#x0                                                   | F95]                                  |
| #x0F97   [#x0F99~#x0FAD]   [#x0FB1-#x0FB7]   #x                                                   | OFB9                                  |
|                                                                                                   | 3099                                  |
| #x30.9A                                                                                           |                                       |
| [88] Digit := [#x0030=#x0039]   [#x0660-#x0669]   [#x06F0-#x06E                                   | 701                                   |
|                                                                                                   |                                       |
|                                                                                                   |                                       |
| ♪ - 그 중 약2차 기계의 중인 중인 역 전 전경인 사용 기계를 하는 것 같습니다. 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그             | 37 554                                |
| [#x0C66-#x0C6F] [#x0CE6-#x0CEF] [#x0D66-#x0                                                       |                                       |
| [#x0E50-#x0E59] [#x0ED0-#x0ED9]   [#x0F20-#x0                                                     |                                       |
| [89] Extender ::= #x00B7   #x02D0   #x02D1   #x0387   #x0640   #x0E                               | 46                                    |
| #x0EC6   #x3005   [#x3031-#x3035]   [#x309D-#x3                                                   | 09E] 🔻                                |
|                                                                                                   |                                       |
|                                                                                                   |                                       |

The character classes defined here can be derived from the Unicode character database as follows:

- Name start characters must have one of the categories Ll, Lu, Lo, Lt, Nl.
- Name characters other than Name-start characters must have one of the categories Mc, Me, Mn, Lm, or Nd.
- Characters in the compatibility area (i.e. with character code greater than #xF900 and less than #xFFFE) are not allowed in XML names.
- Characters which have a font or compatibility decomposition (i.e. those with a "compatibility formatting tag" in field 5 of the database -- marked by field 5 beginning with a "<") are not allowed.</li>
- The following characters are treated as name-start characters rather than name characters because the property file classifies them as Alphabetic: [#x02BB-#x02C1], #x0559, #x06E5, #x06E6.
- Characters #x20DD-#x20E0 are excluded (in accordance with Unicode, section 5.14).
- o Character #x00B7 is classified as an extender, because the property list so identifies it.
- Character #x0387 is added as a name character, because #x00B7 is its canonical equivalent.

- o Characters ':' and '\_' are allowed as name-start characters.
- Characters '-' and '.' are allowed as name characters.

## C. XML and SGML (Non-Normative)

XML is designed to be a subset of SGML, in that every <u>valid</u> XML document should also be a conformant SGML document. For a detailed comparison of the additional restrictions that XML places on documents beyond those of SGML, see [Clark].

# D. Expansion of Entity and Character References (Non-Normative)

This appendix contains some examples illustrating the sequence of entity- and character-reference recognition and expansion, as specified in " <u>4.4 XML Processor Treatment of Entities and References</u>".

If the DTD contains the declaration

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Then with the example \pi_{<0>2} and empersonal (where \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such a general entity (where \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such a general entity (where \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} and \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as \pi_{<0>2} are such as
```

then the XML processor will recognize the character references when it parses the entity declaration, and resolve them before storing the following string as the value of the entity "example":

```
(specim ampersand (still88) may be escaped interested (still88) or which a general entity (still8) (speciment) and the still still still speciment (still still still speciment) and the still speciment is still still still still speciment.
```

A reference in the document to "&example;" will cause the text to be reparsed, at which time the startand end-tags of the "p" element will be recognized and the three references will be recognized and expanded, resulting in a "p" element with the following content (all data, no delimiters or markup):

```
/An ampersend (&) may be escaped
frumerically (&#38%) or which a general entity
((&ampg)):
```

A more complex example will illustrate the rules and their effects fully. In the following example, the line numbers are solely for reference.

```
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 0.000
2. 4. 1.
```

This produces the following:

- o in line 4, the reference to character 37 is expanded immediately, and the parameter entity "xx" is stored in the symbol table with the value "%zz;". Since the replacement text is not rescanned, the reference to parameter entity "zz" is not recognized. (And it would be an error if it were, since "zz" is not yet declared.)
- o in line 5, the character reference "<" is expanded immediately and the parameter entity "zz" is stored with the replacement text "<!ENTITY tricky "error-prone" >", which is a well-formed entity declaration.
- o in line 6, the reference to "xx" is recognized, and the replacement text of "xx" (namely "%zz;") is parsed. The reference to "zz" is recognized in its turn, and its replacement text ("<!ENTITY tricky "error-prone" > ") is parsed. The general entity "tricky" has now been declared, with the replacement text "error-prone".
- o in line 8, the reference to the general entity "tricky" is recognized, and it is expanded, so the full content of the "test" element is the self-describing (and ungrammatical) string This sample

#### (Non-Normative) Models Content **Deterministic** E.

For compatibility, it is required that content models in element type declarations be deterministic. SGML requires deterministic content models (it calls them "unambiguous"); XML processors built

using SGML systems may flag non-deterministic content models as errors. For example, the content model ((b, c) | (b, d)) is non-deterministic, because given an initial b the parser cannot know which b in the model is being matched without looking ahead to see which element follows the b. In this case, the two references to b can be collapsed into a single reference, making the model read (b, (c | d)). An initial b now clearly matches only a single name in the content model. The parser doesn't need to look ahead to see what follows; either c or d would be accepted. More formally: a finite state automaton may be constructed from the content model using the standard algorithms, e.g. algorithm 3.5 in section 3.9 of Aho, Sethi, and Ullman [Aho/Ullman]. In many such algorithms, a follow set is constructed for each position in the regular expression (i.e., each leaf node in the syntax tree for the regular expression); if any position has a follow set in which more than one following position is labeled with the same element type name, then the content model is in error and may be reported as an error.

Algorithms exist which allow many but not all non-deterministic content models to be reduced automatically to equivalent deterministic models; see Brüggemann-Klein 1991 [Brüggemann-Klein].

# F. Autodetection of Character Encodings (Non-Normative)

The XML encoding declaration functions as an internal label on each entity, indicating which character encoding is in use. Before an XML processor can read the internal label, however, it apparently has to know what character encoding is in use--which is what the internal label is trying to indicate. In the general case, this is a hopeless situation. It is not entirely hopeless in XML, however, because XML limits the general case in two ways: each implementation is assumed to support only a finite set of character encodings, and the XML encoding declaration is restricted in . position and content in order to make it feasible to autodetect the character encoding in use in each entity in normal cases. Also, in many cases other sources of information are available in addition to the XML data stream itself. Two cases may be distinguished, depending on whether the XML entity is presented to the processor without, or with, any accompanying (external) information. We

Because each XML entity not in UTF-8 or UTF-16 format must begin with an XML encoding declaration, in which the first characters must be '<?xml', any conforming processor can detect, after consider the first case first. two to four octets of input, which of the following cases apply. In reading this list, it may help to know that in UCS-4, '<' is "#x0000003C" and '?' is "#x0000003F", and the Byte Order Mark required of UTF-16 data streams is "#xFEFF".

- 00 00 00 3C: UCS-4, big-endian machine (1234 order)
- o 3C 00 00 00: UCS-4, little-endian machine (4321 order)
- 00 00 3C 00: UCS-4, unusual octet order (2143)
- 00 3C 00 00: UCS-4, unusual octet order (3412)
- FE FF: UTF-16, big-endian
- 00 3C 00 3F: UTF-16, big-endian, no Byte Order Mark (and thus, strictly speaking, in error) o FF FE: UTF-16, little-endian
- 3C 00 3F 00: UTF-16, little-endian, no Byte Order Mark (and thus, strictly speaking, in error)
- 3C 3F 78 6D: UTF-8, ISO 646, ASCII, some part of ISO 8859, Shift-JIS, EUC, or any other 7-bit, 8-bit, or mixed-width encoding which ensures that the characters of ASCII have their normal positions, width, and values; the actual encoding declaration must be read to detect which of these applies, but since all of these encodings use the same bit patterns for the ASCII characters, the encoding declaration itself may be read reliably
- 4C 6F A7 94: EBCDIC (in some flavor; the full encoding declaration must be read to tell which code page is in use)

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一個明明是在在一個一個一個一個一個一個

 other: UTF-8 without an encoding declaration, or else the data stream is corrupt, fragmentary, or enclosed in a wrapper of some kind

This level of autodetection is enough to read the XML encoding declaration and parse the character-encoding identifier, which is still necessary to distinguish the individual members of each family of encodings (e.g. to tell UTF-8 from 8859, and the parts of 8859 from each other, or to distinguish the specific EBCDIC code page in use, and so on).

Because the contents of the encoding declaration are restricted to ASCII characters, a processor can reliably read the entire encoding declaration as soon as it has detected which family of encodings is in use. Since in practice, all widely used character encodings fall into one of the categories above, the XML encoding declaration allows reasonably reliable in-band labeling of character encodings, even when external sources of information at the operating-system or transport-protocol level are unreliable.

Once the processor has detected the character encoding in use, it can act appropriately, whether by invoking a separate input routine for each case, or by calling the proper conversion function on each character of input.

Like any self-labeling system, the XML encoding declaration will not work if any software changes the entity's character set or encoding without updating the encoding declaration. Implementors of character-encoding routines should be careful to ensure the accuracy of the internal and external information used to label the entity.

The second possible case occurs when the XML entity is accompanied by encoding information, as in some file systems and some network protocols. When multiple sources of information are available, their relative priority and the preferred method of handling conflict should be specified as part of the higher-level protocol used to deliver XML. Rules for the relative priority of the internal label and the MIME-type label in an external header, for example, should be part of the RFC document defining the text/xml and application/xml MIME types. In the interests of interoperability, however, the following rules are recommended.

- If an XML entity is in a file, the Byte-Order Mark and encoding-declaration PI are used (if
  present) to determine the character encoding. All other heuristics and sources of information
  are solely for error recovery.
- If an XML entity is delivered with a MIME type of text/xml, then the charset parameter on the MIME type determines the character encoding method; all other heuristics and sources of information are solely for error recovery.
- If an XML entity is delivered with a MIME type of application/xml, then the Byte-Order Mark and encoding-declaration PI are used (if present) to determine the character encoding. All other heuristics and sources of information are solely for error recovery.

These rules apply only in the absence of protocol-level documentation; in particular, when the MIME types text/xml and application/xml are defined, the recommendations of the relevant RFC will supersede these rules.

## G. W3C XML Working Group (Non-Normative)

This specification was prepared and approved for publication by the W3C XML Working Group (WG). WG approval of this specification does not necessarily imply that all WG members voted for its approval. The current and former members of the XML WG are:

Jon Bosak, Sun (Chair); James Clark (Technical Lead); Tim Bray, Textuality and Netscape (XML Co-editor); Jean Paoli, Microsoft (XML Co-editor); C. M. Sperberg-McQueen, U. of Ill. (XML Co-editor); Dan Connolly, W3C (W3C Liaison); Paula Angerstein, Texcel; Steve DeRose, INSO; Dave Hollander, HP; Eliot Kimber, ISOGEN; Eve Maler, ArborText; Tom Magliery, NCSA; Murray Maloney, Muzmo and Grif; Makoto Murata, Fuji Xerox Information Systems; Joel Nava, Adobe; Conleth O'Connell, Vignette; Peter Sharpe, SoftQuad; John Tigue, DataChannel

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Appendix M

Document Object Model (DOM) Level 1 Specification



## **Document Object Model (DOM) Level 1 Specification**

#### Version 1.0

## W3C Recommendation 1 October, 1998

#### This version

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-DOM-Level-1-19981001

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-DOM-Level-1-19981001/DOM.ps

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-DOM-Level-1-19981001/DOM.pdf

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-DOM-Level-1-19981001/DOM.tgz

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-DOM-Level-1-19981001/DOM.zip

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-DOM-Level-1-19981001/DOM.txt

#### Latest version

http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-DOM-Level-1

#### **Previous versions**

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/PR-DOM-Level-1-19980818

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/WD-DOM-19980720

http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/WD-DOM-19980416

http://www.w3.org/TR/WD-DOM-19980318

http://www.w3.org/TR/WD-DOM-971209

http://www.w3.org/TR/WD-DOM-971009

#### WG Chair

Lauren Wood, SoftQuad, Inc.

#### **Editors**

Vidur Apparao, Netscape

Steve Byrne, Sun

Mike Champion, ArborText

Scott Isaacs, Microsoft

Ian Jacobs, W3C

Arnaud Le Hors, W3C

Gavin Nicol, Inso EPS

Jonathan Robie, Texcel Research

Robert Sutor, IBM

Chris Wilson, Microsoft

Lauren Wood, SoftQuad, Inc.

#### **Principal Contributors**

Vidur Apparao, Netscape

Steve Byrne, Sun (until November 1997)

Mike Champion, ArborText, Inc.

Scott Isaacs, Microsoft (until January, 1998)
Arnaud Le Hors, W3C
Gavin Nicol, Inso EPS
Jonathan Robie, Texcel Research
Peter Sharpe, SoftQuad, Inc.
Bill Smith, Sun (after November 1997)
Jared Sorensen, Novell
Robert Sutor, IBM
Ray Whitmer, iMall
Chris Wilson, Microsoft (after January, 1998)

## Status of this document

This document has been reviewed by W3C Members and other interested parties and has been endorsed by the Director as a W3C Recommendation. It is a stable document and may be used as reference material or cited as a normative reference from another document. W3C's role in making the Recommendation is to draw attention to the specification and to promote its widespread deployment. This enhances the functionality and interoperability of the Web.

The authors of this document are the DOM Working Group members, different chapters may have different editors.

Comments on this document should be sent to the public mailing list www-dom@w3.org.

A list of current W3C Recommendations and other technical documents can be found at http://www.w3.org/TR.

#### · Errata

The list of known errors in this document is found at http://www.w3.org/DOM/updates/REC-DOM-Level-1-19981001-errata.html.

## **Available Languages**

The English version of this specification is the only normative version. However, for translations in other languages see http://www.w3.org/DOM/updates/REC-DOM-Level-1-translations.html.

## **Abstract**

This specification defines the Document Object Model Level 1, a platform- and language-neutral interface that allows programs and scripts to dynamically access and update the content, structure and style of documents. The Document Object Model provides a standard set of objects for representing HTML and XML documents, a standard model of how these objects can be combined, and a standard interface for accessing and manipulating them. Vendors can support the DOM as an interface to their proprietary data structures and APIs, and content authors can write to the standard DOM interfaces rather than product-specific APIs, thus increasing interoperability on the Web.

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The goal of the DOM specification is to define a programmatic interface for XML and HTML. The DOM Level 1 specification is separated into two parts: Core and HTML. The Core DOM Level 1 section provides a low-level set of fundamental interfaces that can represent any structured document, as well as defining extended interfaces for representing an XML document. These extended XML interfaces need not be implemented by a DOM implementation that only provides access to HTML documents; all of the fundamental interfaces in the Core section must be implemented. A compliant DOM implementation that implements the extended XML interfaces is required to also implement the fundamental Core interfaces, but not the HTML interfaces. The HTML Level 1 section provides additional, higher-level interfaces that are used with the fundamental interfaces defined in the Core Level 1 section to provide a more convenient view of an HTML document. A compliant implementation of the HTML DOM implements all of the fundamental Core interfaces as well as the HTML interfaces.

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## What is the Document Object Model?

Editors

Jonathan Robie, Texcel Research

#### Introduction

The Document Object Model (DOM) is an application programming interface (API) for HTML and XML documents. It defines the logical structure of documents and the way a document is accessed and manipulated. In the DOM specification, the term "document" is used in the broad sense - increasingly, XML is being used as a way of representing many different kinds of information that may be stored in diverse systems, and much of this would traditionally be seen as data rather than as documents. Nevertheless, XML presents this data as documents, and the DOM may be used to manage this data.

With the Document Object Model, programmers can build documents, navigate their structure, and add, modify, or delete elements and content. Anything found in an HTML or XML document can be accessed, changed, deleted, or added using the Document Object Model, with a few exceptions - in particular, the DOM interfaces for the XML internal and external subsets have not yet been specified.

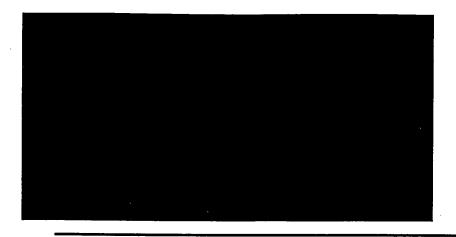
As a W3C specification, one important objective for the Document Object Model is to provide a standard programming interface that can be used in a wide variety of environments and applications. The DOM is designed to be used with any programming language. In order to provide a precise, language-independent specification of the DOM interfaces, we have chosen to define the specifications in OMG IDL, as defined in the CORBA 2.2 specification. In addition to the OMG IDL specification, we provide language bindings for Java and ECMAScript (an industry-standard scripting language based on JavaScript and JScript). Note: OMG IDL is used only as a language-independent and implementation-neutral way to specify interfaces. Various other IDLs could have been used. In general, IDLs are designed for specific computing environments. The Document Object Model can be implemented in any computing environment, and does not require the object binding runtimes generally associated with such IDLs.

## What the Document Object Model is

• • The DOM is a programming API for documents. It closely resembles the structure of the documents it models. For instance, consider this table, taken from an HTML document:

```
<TABLE>
<TBODY>
<TR>
<TD>Shady Grove</TD>
<TD>Aeolian</TD>
</TR>
<TR>
<TR>
<TR>
<TR>
<TR>
<TR>
<TBOOVER the River, Charlie</TD>
</TR>
</TD>
</TR>
</TD>
</TR>
</TABLE>
```

The DOM represents this table like this:



#### DOM representation of the example table

In the DOM, documents have a logical structure which is very much like a tree; to be more precise, it is like a "forest" or "grove", which can contain more than one tree. However, the DOM does not specify that documents must be *implemented* as a tree or a grove, nor does it specify how the relationships among objects be implemented. The DOM is a logical model that may be implemented in any convenient manner. In this specification, we use the term *structure model* to describe the tree-like representation of a document; we specifically avoid terms like "tree" or "grove" in order to avoid implying a particular implementation. One important property of DOM structure models is *structural isomorphism*: if any two Document Object Model implementations are used to create a representation of the same document, they will create the same structure model, with precisely the same objects and relationships.

The name "Document Object Model" was chosen because it is an "object model" in the traditional object oriented design sense: documents are modeled using objects, and the model encompasses not only the structure of a document, but also the behavior of a document and the objects of which it is composed. In other words, the nodes in the above diagram do not represent a data structure, they represent objects, which have functions and identity. As an object model, the DOM identifies:

the interfaces and objects used to represent and manipulate a document

- the semantics of these interfaces and objects including both behavior and attributes
- the relationships and collaborations among these interfaces and objects

The structure of SGML documents has traditionally been represented by an abstract data model, not by an object model. In an abstract data model, the model is centered around the data. In object oriented programming languages, the data itself is encapsulated in objects that hide the data, protecting it from direct external manipulation. The functions associated with these objects determine how the objects may be manipulated, and they are part of the object model.

The Document Object Model currently consists of two parts, DOM Core and DOM HTML. The DOM Core represents the functionality used for XML documents, and also serves as the basis for DOM HTML. A compliant implementation of the DOM must implement all of the fundamental interfaces in the Core chapter with the semantics as defined. Further, it must implement at least one of the HTML DOM and the

extended (XML) interfaces with the semantics as defined.

## What the Document Object Model is not

This section is designed to give a more precise understanding of the DOM by distinguishing it from other systems that may seem to be like it.

- Although the Document Object Model was strongly influenced by "Dynamic HTML", in Level 1, it
  does not implement all of "Dynamic HTML". In particular, events have not yet been defined. Level 1
  is designed to lay a firm foundation for this kind of functionality by providing a robust, flexible
  model of the document itself.
- The Document Object Model is not a binary specification. DOM programs written in the same language will be source code compatible across platforms, but the DOM does not define any form of binary interoperability.
  - The Document Object Model is not a way of persisting objects to XML or HTML. Instead of specifying how objects may be represented in XML, the DOM specifies how XML and HTML documents are represented as objects, so that they may be used in object oriented programs. The Document Object Model is not a set of data structures, it is an object model that specifies interfaces. Although this document contains diagrams showing parent/child relationships, these are logical relationships defined by the programming interfaces, not representations of any particular internal data structures.
- The Document Object Model does not define "the true inner semantics" of XML or HTML. The semantics of those languages are defined by W3C Recommendations for these languages. The DOM is a programming model designed to respect these semantics. The DOM does not have any ramifications for the way you write XML and HTML documents; any document that can be written in these languages can be represented in the DOM.
- The Document Object Model, despite its name, is not a competitor to the Component Object Model (COM). COM, like CORBA, is a language independent way to specify interfaces and objects; the DOM is a set of interfaces and objects designed for managing HTML and XML documents. The DOM may be implemented using language-independent systems like COM or CORBA; it may also be implemented using language-specific bindings like the Java or ECMAScript bindings specified in this document.

## Where the Document Object Model came from

The DOM originated as a specification to allow JavaScript scripts and Java programs to be portable among Web browsers. "Dynamic HTML" was the immediate ancestor of the Document Object Model, and it was originally thought of largely in terms of browsers. However, when the DOM Working Group was formed at W3C, it was also joined by vendors in other domains, including HTML or XML editors and document repositories. Several of these vendors had worked with SGML before XML was developed; as a result, the DOM has been influenced by SGML Groves and the HyTime standard. Some of these vendors had also developed their own object models for documents in order to provide an API for SGML/XML editors or document repositories, and these object models have also influenced the DOM.

#### **Entities and the DOM Core**

In the fundamental DOM interfaces, there are no objects representing entities. Numeric character references, and references to the pre-defined entities in HTML and XML, are replaced by the single character that makes up the entity's replacement. For example, in:

```
This is a dog & a cat
```

the "&" will be replaced by the character "&", and the text in the P element will form a single continuous sequence of characters. Since numeric character references and pre-defined entities are not recognized as such in CDATA sections, or the SCRIPT and STYLE elements in HTML, they are not replaced by the single character they appear to refer to. If the example above were enclosed in a CDATA section, the "&" would not be replaced by "&"; neither would the be recognized as a start tag. The representation of general entities, both internal and external, are defined within the extended (XML) interfaces of the Level 1 specification.

Note: When a DOM representation of a document is serialized as XML or HTML text, applications will need to check each character in text data to see if it needs to be escaped using a numeric or pre-defined entity. Failing to do so could result in invalid HTML or XML. Also, implementations should be aware of the fact that serialization into a character encoding ("charset") that does not fully cover ISO 10646 may fail if there are characters in markup or CDATA sections that are not present in the encoding.

## **DOM Interfaces and DOM Implementations**

The DOM specifies interfaces which may be used to manage XML or HTML documents. It is important to realize that these interfaces are an abstraction - much like "abstract base classes" in C++, they are a means of specifying a way to access and manipulate an application's internal representation of a document. Interfaces do not imply a particular concrete implementation. Each DOM application is free to maintain documents in any convenient representation, as long as the interfaces shown in this specification are supported. Some DOM implementations will be existing programs that use the DOM interfaces to access software written long before the DOM specification existed. Therefore, the DOM is designed to avoid implementation dependencies; in particular,

- 1. Attributes defined in the IDL do not imply concrete objects which must have specific data members in the language bindings, they are translated to a pair of get()/set() functions, not to a data member. (Read-only functions have only a get() function in the language bindings).
- 2. DOM applications may provide additional interfaces and objects not found in this specification and still be considered DOM compliant.
- 3. Because we specify interfaces and not the actual objects that are to be created, the DOM can not know what constructors to call for an implementation. In general, DOM users call the createXXX() methods on the Document class to create document structures, and DOM implementations create their own internal representations of these structures in their implementations of the createXXX() functions.

## **Limitations of Level 1**

The DOM Level 1 specification is intentionally limited to those methods needed to represent and manipulate document structure and content. The plan is for future Levels of the DOM specification to provide:

- 1. A structure model for the internal subset and the external subset.
- 2. Validation against a schema.
- 3. Control for rendering documents via style sheets.
- 4. Access control.
- 5. Thread-safety.
- 6. Events.

# 1. Document Object Model (Core) Level 1

# **Editors**

Mike Champion, ArborText (from November 20, 1997) Steve Byrne, JavaSoft (until November 19, 1997) Gavin Nicol, Inso EPS Lauren Wood, SoftQuad, Inc.

# 1.1. Overview of the DOM Core Interfaces

This section defines a minimal set of objects and interfaces for accessing and manipulating document objects. The functionality specified in this section (the *Core* functionality) should be sufficient to allow software developers and web script authors to access and manipulate parsed HTML and XML content inside conforming products. The DOM Core API also allows population of a Document [p.22] object using only DOM API calls; creating the skeleton Document [p.22] and saving it persistently is left to the product that implements the DOM API.

# 1.1.1. The DOM Structure Model

The DOM presents documents as a hierarchy of Node [p.25] objects that also implement other, more specialized interfaces. Some types of nodes may have child nodes of various types, and others are leaf nodes that cannot have anything below them in the document structure. The node types, and which node types they may have as children, are as follows:

- Document [p.22] -- Element [p.38] (maximum of one), ProcessingInstruction [p.46], Comment [p.43], DocumentType [p.44]
- DocumentFragment [p.21] -- Element [p.38], ProcessingInstruction [p.46],
   Comment [p.43], Text [p.42], CDATASection [p.43], EntityReference [p.46]
- DocumentType [p.44] -- no children
- EntityReference [p.46] -- Element [p.38], ProcessingInstruction [p.46], Comment [p.43], Text [p.42], CDATASection [p.43], EntityReference [p.46]
- Element [p.38] -- Element [p.38], Text [p.42], Comment [p.43],
   ProcessingInstruction [p.46], CDATASection [p.43], EntityReference [p.46]
- Attr [p.37] -- Text [p.42], EntityReference [p.46]
- ProcessingInstruction [p.46] -- no children
- Comment [p.43] -- no children
- Text [p.42] -- no children
- CDATASection [p.43] -- no children
- Entity [p.45] -- Element [p.38], ProcessingInstruction [p.46], Comment [p.43],
   Text [p.42], CDATASection [p.43], EntityReference [p.46]
- Notation [p.44] -- no children

The DOM also specifies a NodeList [p.32] interface to handle ordered lists of Node [p.25] s, such as the children of a Node [p.25], or the elements returned by the Element.getElementsByTagName method, and also a NamedNodeMap [p.32] interface to handle unordered sets of nodes referenced by their name attribute, such as the attributes of an Element [p.38]. NodeList [p.32] s and NamedNodeMap [p.32] s in the DOM are "live", that is, changes to the underlying document structure are reflected in all relevant NodeList [p.32] s and NamedNodeMap [p.32] s. For example, if a DOM user gets a NodeList [p.32] object containing the children of an Element [p.38], then subsequently adds more children to that element (or removes children, or modifies them), those changes are automatically reflected in the NodeList [p.32] without further action on the user's part. Likewise changes to a Node [p.25] in the tree are reflected in all references to that Node [p.25] in NodeList [p.32] s and NamedNodeMap [p.32] s.

# 1.1.2. Memory Management

Most of the APIs defined by this specification are *interfaces* rather than classes. That means that an actual implementation need only expose methods with the defined names and specified operation, not actually implement classes that correspond directly to the interfaces. This allows the DOM APIs to be implemented as a thin veneer on top of legacy applications with their own data structures, or on top of newer applications with different class hierarchies. This also means that ordinary constructors (in the Java or C++ sense) cannot be used to create DOM objects, since the underlying objects to be constructed may have little relationship to the DOM interfaces. The conventional solution to this in object-oriented design is to define *factory* methods that create instances of objects that implement the various interfaces. In the DOM Level 1, objects implementing some interface "X" are created by a "createX()" method on the Document [p.22] interface; this is because all DOM objects live in the context of a specific Document.

The DOM Level 1 API does *not* define a standard way to create DOMImplementation [p.20] or Document [p.22] objects; actual DOM implementations must provide some proprietary way of bootstrapping these DOM interfaces, and then all other objects can be built from the Create methods on Document [p.22] (or by various other convenience methods).

The Core DOM APIs are designed to be compatible with a wide range of languages, including both general-user scripting languages and the more challenging languages used mostly by professional programmers. Thus, the DOM APIs need to operate across a variety of memory management philosophies, from language platforms that do not expose memory management to the user at all, through those (notably Java) that provide explicit constructors but provide an automatic garbage collection mechanism to automatically reclaim unused memory, to those (especially C/C++) that generally require the programmer to explicitly allocate object memory, track where it is used, and explicitly free it for re-use. To ensure a consistent API across these platforms, the DOM does not address memory management issues at all, but instead leaves these for the implementation. Neither of the explicit language bindings devised by the DOM Working Group (for ECMAScript and Java) require any memory management methods, but DOM bindings for other languages (especially C or C++) probably will require such support. These extensions will be the responsibility of those adapting the DOM API to a specific language, not the DOM WG.

# 1.1.3. Naming Conventions

While it would be nice to have attribute and method names that are short, informative, internally consistent, and familiar to users of similar APIs, the names also should not clash with the names in legacy APIs supported by DOM implementations. Furthermore, both OMG IDL and ECMAScript have significant limitations in their ability to disambiguate names from different namespaces that makes it difficult to avoid naming conflicts with short, familiar names. So, DOM names tend to be long and quite descriptive in order to be unique across all environments.

The Working Group has also attempted to be internally consistent in its use of various terms, even though these may not be common distinctions in other APIs. For example, we use the method name "remove" when the method changes the structural model, and the method name "delete" when the method gets rid of something inside the structure model. The thing that is deleted is not returned. The thing that is removed may be returned, when it makes sense to return it.

# 1.1.4. Inheritance vs Flattened Views of the API

The DOM Core APIs present two somewhat different sets of interfaces to an XML/HTML document; one presenting an "object oriented" approach with a hierarchy of inheritance, and a "simplified" view that allows all manipulation to be done via the Node [p.25] interface without requiring casts (in Java and other C-like languages) or query interface calls in COM environments. These operations are fairly expensive in Java and COM, and the DOM may be used in performance-critical environments, so we allow significant functionality using just the Node [p.25] interface. Because many other users will find the inheritance hierarchy easier to understand than the "everything is a Node [p.25] "approach to the DOM, we also support the full higher-level interfaces for those who prefer a more object-oriented API.

In practice, this means that there is a certain amount of redundancy in the API. The Working Group considers the "inheritance" approach the primary view of the API, and the full set of functionality on Node [p.25] to be "extra" functionality that users may employ, but that does not eliminate the need for methods on other interfaces that an object-oriented analysis would dictate. (Of course, when the O-O analysis yields an attribute or method that is identical to one on the Node [p.25] interface, we don't specify a completely redundant one). Thus, even though there is a generic nodeName attribute on the Node [p.25] interface, there is still a tagName attribute on the Element [p.38] interface; these two attributes must contain the same value, but the Working Group considers it worthwhile to support both, given the different constituencies the DOM API must satisfy.

# 1.1.5. The DOMString type

To ensure interoperability, the DOM specifies the DOMString type as follows:

A DOMString is a sequence of 16-bit quantities. This may be expressed in IDL terms as:

typedef sequence<unsigned short> DOMString;

• Applications must encode DOMString using UTF-16 (defined in Appendix C.3 of [UNICODE] and Amendment 1 of [ISO-10646]). The UTF-16 encoding was chosen because of its widespread industry practice. Please note that for both HTML and XML, the document character set (and therefore the notation of numeric character references) is based on UCS-4. A single numeric character reference in a source document may therefore in some cases correspond to two array positions in a DOMString (a high surrogate and a low surrogate). Note: Even though the DOM defines the name of the string type to be DOMString, bindings may used different names. For, example for Java, DOMString is bound to the String type because it also uses UTF-16 as its encoding.

Note: As of August 1998, the OMG IDL specification included a wstring type. However, that definition did not meet the interoperability criteria of the DOM API since it relied on encoding negotiation to decide the width of a character.

# 1.1.6. Case sensitivity in the DOM

The DOM has many interfaces that imply string matching. HTML processors generally assume an uppercase (less often, lowercase) normalization of names for such things as elements, while XML is explicitly case sensitive. For the purposes of the DOM, string matching takes place on a character code by character code basis, on the 16 bit value of a DOMString. As such, the DOM assumes that any normalizations will take place in the processor, before the DOM structures are built.

This then raises the issue of exactly what normalizations occur. The W3C I18N working group is in the process of defining exactly which normalizations are necessary for applications implementing the DOM.

# 1.2. Fundamental Interfaces

The interfaces within this section are considered fundamental, and must be fully implemented by all conforming implementations of the DOM, including all HTML DOM implementations.

# Exception DOMException

DOM operations only raise exceptions in "exceptional" circumstances, i.e., when an operation is impossible to perform (either for logical reasons, because data is lost, or because the implementation has become unstable). In general, DOM methods return specific error values in ordinary processing situation, such as out-of-bound errors when using NodeList [p.32].

Implementations may raise other exceptions under other circumstances. For example, implementations may raise an implementation-dependent exception if a null argument is passed.

Some languages and object systems do not support the concept of exceptions. For such systems, error conditions may be indicated using native error reporting mechanisms. For some bindings, for example, methods may return error codes similar to those listed in the corresponding method descriptions.

# **IDL** Definition

```
exception DOMException {
 unsigned short
                  code:
// ExceptionCode
const unsigned short
                          INDEX_SIZE_ERR
const unsigned short
                          DOMSTRING_SIZE_ERR = 2;
const unsigned short
                          HIERARCHY_REQUEST_ERR = 3;
                          WRONG_DOCUMENT_ERR = 4;
const unsigned short
                          INVALID_CHARACTER_ERR = 5;
const unsigned short
const unsigned short
                          NO DATA ALLOWED ERR = 6:
const unsigned short
                          NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR = 7;
                          NOT_FOUND_ERR
const unsigned short
  = 8;
                          NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR = 9;
const unsigned short
const unsigned short
                          INUSE_ATTRIBUTE_ERR = 10;
```

# Definition group ExceptionCode

An integer indicating the type of error generated. **Defined Constants** 

| INDEX SIZE ERR  | If index or size is negative, or greater |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------|
| INDEA SIZE EIGH |                                          |

than the allowed value

If the specified range of text does not DOMSTRING SIZE ERR

fit into a DOMString

If any node is inserted somewhere it HIERARCHY REQUEST ERR

doesn't belong

If a node is used in a different WRONG DOCUMENT ERR

document than the one that created it

(that doesn't support it)

If an invalid character is specified, INVALID CHARACTER ERR

such as in a name.

If data is specified for a node which NO DATA ALLOWED ERR

does not support data

If an attempt is made to modify an NO\_MODIFICATION ALLOWED ERR

object where modifications are not

allowed

If an attempt was made to reference a NOT\_FOUND\_ERR node in a context where it does not

exist

If the implementation does not support NOT\_SUPPORTED ERR

the type of object requested

If an attempt is made to add an INUSE\_ATTRIBUTE ERR

attribute that is already inuse

elsewhere

# Interface DOMImplementation

The DOMImplementation interface provides a number of methods for performing operations that are independent of any particular instance of the document object model.

The DOM Level 1 does not specify a way of creating a document instance, and hence document creation is an operation specific to an implementation. Future Levels of the DOM specification are expected to provide methods for creating documents directly.

**IDL** Definition

#### Methods

hasFeature

Test if the DOM implementation implements a specific feature.

**Parameters** 

feature The package name of the feature to test. In Level 1, the legal

values are "HTML" and "XML" (case-insensitive).

version This is the version number of the package name to test. In Level

1, this is the string "1.0". If the version is not specified,

supporting any version of the feature will cause the method to

return true.

#### Return Value

true if the feature is implemented in the specified version, false otherwise. This method raises no exceptions.

# Interface DocumentFragment

DocumentFragment is a "lightweight" or "minimal" Document [p.22] object. It is very common to want to be able to extract a portion of a document's tree or to create a new fragment of a document. Imagine implementing a user command like cut or rearranging a document by moving fragments around. It is desirable to have an object which can hold such fragments and it is quite natural to use a Node for this purpose. While it is true that a Document [p.22] object could fulfil this role, a Document [p.22] object can potentially be a heavyweight object, depending on the underlying implementation. What is really needed for this is a very lightweight object. DocumentFragment is such an object.

Furthermore, various operations -- such as inserting nodes as children of another Node [p.25] -- may take DocumentFragment objects as arguments; this results in all the child nodes of the DocumentFragment being moved to the child list of this node.

The children of a DocumentFragment node are zero or more nodes representing the tops of any sub-trees defining the structure of the document. DocumentFragment nodes do not need to be well-formed XML documents (although they do need to follow the rules imposed upon well-formed XML parsed entities, which can have multiple top nodes). For example, a DocumentFragment might have only one child and that child node could be a Text [p.42] node. Such a structure model represents neither an HTML document nor a well-formed XML document.

When a DocumentFragment is inserted into a Document [p.22] (or indeed any other Node [p.25] that may take children) the children of the DocumentFragment and not the DocumentFragment itself are inserted into the Node [p.25]. This makes the DocumentFragment very useful when the user wishes to create nodes that are siblings; the

DocumentFragment acts as the parent of these nodes so that the user can use the standard methods from the Node [p.25] interface, such as insertBefore() and appendChild(). IDL Definition

```
interface DocumentFragment : Node {
};
```

#### Interface Document

The Document interface represents the entire HTML or XML document. Conceptually, it is the root of the document tree, and provides the primary access to the document's data.

Since elements, text nodes, comments, processing instructions, etc. cannot exist outside the context of a Document, the Document interface also contains the factory methods needed to create these objects. The Node [p.25] objects created have a ownerDocument attribute which associates them with the Document within whose context they were created.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface Document : Node {
  readonly attribute DocumentType
   doctype;
  readonly attribute DOMImplementation
   implementation;
  readonly attribute Element
   documentElement;
  Element
                           createElement(in DOMString tagName)
  raises(DOMException);
 DocumentFragment
                            createDocumentFragment();
 Text.
                            createTextNode(in DOMString data);
 Comment
                            createComment(in DOMString data);
 CDATASection
                            createCDATASection(in DOMString data)
   raises(DOMException);
 ProcessingInstruction
                            createProcessingInstruction(in DOMString target,
  in DOMString data)
  raises(DOMException);
 Attr
                            createAttribute(in DOMString name)
  raises(DOMException);
 EntityReference
                            createEntityReference(in DOMString name)
  raises(DOMException);
 NodeList
                            getElementsByTagName(in DOMString tagname);
};
```

#### **Attributes**

doctype

The Document Type Declaration (see DocumentType [p.44]) associated with this document. For HTML documents as well as XML documents without a document type declaration this returns null. The DOM Level 1 does not support editing the Document Type Declaration, therefore docType cannot be altered in any way.

implementation

The DOMImplementation [p.20] object that handles this document. A DOM application may use objects from multiple implementations.

documentElement

This is a convenience attribute that allows direct access to the child node that is the root element of the document. For HTML documents, this is the element with the tagName "HTML".

#### Methods

createElement

Creates an element of the type specified. Note that the instance returned implements the Element interface, so attributes can be specified directly on the returned object.

**Parameters** 

tagName

The name of the element type to instantiate. For XML, this is case-sensitive. For HTML, the tagName parameter may be provided in any case, but it must be mapped to the canonical uppercase form by the DOM implementation.

# **Return Value**

A new Element [p.38] object.

**Exceptions** 

DOMException [p.19]

INVALID\_CHARACTER\_ERR: Raised if the specified name contains an invalid character.

createDocumentFragment

Creates an empty DocumentFragment [p.21] object.

Return Value

A new DocumentFragment [p.21].

This method has no parameters.

This method raises no exceptions.

createTextNode

Creates a Text [p.42] node given the specified string.

**Parameters** 

data The data for the node.

# Return Value

The new Text [p.42] object.

This method raises no exceptions.

createComment

Creates a Comment [p.43] node given the specified string.

**Parameters** 

data The data for the node.

#### Return Value

The new Comment [p.43] object.

This method raises no exceptions.

createCDATASection

Creates a CDATASection [p.43] node whose value is the specified string.

#### **Parameters**

data

The data for the CDATASection [p.43] contents.

#### Return Value

The new CDATASection [p.43] object.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

 $NOT\_SUPPORTED\_ERR: \ Raised \ if \ this \ document \ is \ an \ HTML \ document.$  createProcessingInstruction

Creates a ProcessingInstruction [p.46] node given the specified name and data strings.

#### **Parameters**

target

The target part of the processing instruction.

data

The data for the node.

#### Return Value

The new ProcessingInstruction [p.46] object.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

INVALID\_CHARACTER\_ERR: Raised if an invalid character is specified.

NOT\_SUPPORTED\_ERR: Raised if this document is an HTML document. createAttribute

Creates an Attr [p.37] of the given name. Note that the Attr [p.37] instance can then be set on an Element [p.38] using the setAttribute method.

# **Parameters**

name

The name of the attribute.

# **Return Value**

A new Attr [p.37] object.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

INVALID\_CHARACTER\_ERR: Raised if the specified name contains an invalid character.

createEntityReference

Creates an EntityReference object.

# **Parameters**

name

The name of the entity to reference.

#### Return Value

The new EntityReference [p.46] object.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

INVALID\_CHARACTER\_ERR: Raised if the specified name contains an invalid character.

NOT\_SUPPORTED\_ERR: Raised if this document is an HTML document. getElementsByTagName

Returns a NodeList [p.32] of all the Element [p.38] s with a given tag name in the order in which they would be encountered in a preorder traversal of the Document tree. Parameters

tagname

The name of the tag to match on. The special value "\*" matches all tags.

# Return Value

A new NodeList [p.32] object containing all the matched Element [p.38] s. This method raises no exceptions.

# Interface Node

The Node interface is the primary datatype for the entire Document Object Model. It represents a single node in the document tree. While all objects implementing the Node interface expose methods for dealing with children, not all objects implementing the Node interface may have children. For example, Text [p.42] nodes may not have children, and adding children to such nodes results in a DOMException [p.19] being raised.

The attributes nodeName, nodeValue and attributes are included as a mechanism to get at node information without casting down to the specific derived interface. In cases where there is no obvious mapping of these attributes for a specific nodeType (e.g., nodeValue for an Element or attributes for a Comment), this returns null. Note that the specialized interfaces may contain additional and more convenient mechanisms to get and set the relevant information.

# **IDL** Definition

```
interface Node {
 // NodeType
                            ELEMENT NODE
 const unsigned short
   = 1:
                            ATTRIBUTE_NODE
   = 2;
 const unsigned short
                            TEXT_NODE
 const unsigned short
                            CDATA_SECTION_NODE = 4;
 const unsigned short
 const unsigned short
                            ENTITY_REFERENCE_NODE = 5;
                            ENTITY_NODE
 const unsigned short
   = 6:
                            PROCESSING_INSTRUCTION_NODE = 7;
  const unsigned short
                            COMMENT_NODE
  const unsigned short
   = 8;
                            DOCUMENT_NODE
 const unsigned short
```

```
const unsigned short
                          DOCUMENT_TYPE_NODE = 10;
const unsigned short
                          DOCUMENT_FRAGMENT_NODE = 11;
const unsigned short
                          NOTATION_NODE
   = 12;
readonly attribute DOMString
   nodeName;
         attribute DOMString
   nodeValue;
   // raises(DOMException) on setting
   // raises(DOMException) on retrieval
readonly attribute unsigned short
   nodeType;
readonly attribute Node
   parentNode;
readonly attribute NodeList
   childNodes;
readonly attribute Node
   firstChild;
readonly attribute Node
   lastChild;
readonly attribute Node
   previousSibling;
readonly attribute Node
   nextSibling;
readonly attribute NamedNodeMap
   attributes;
readonly attribute Document
   ownerDocument;
Node
                          insertBefore(in Node newChild,
                                       in Node refChild)
                                       raises(DOMException);
Node
                          replaceChild(in Node newChild,
                                       in Node oldChild)
                                       raises(DOMException);
Node
                          removeChild(in Node oldChild)
                                      raises(DOMException);
Node
                          appendChild(in Node newChild)
                                      raises(DOMException);
boolean
                          hasChildNodes();
Node
                          cloneNode(in boolean deep);
```

# Definition group NodeType

An integer indicating which type of node this is. **Defined Constants** 

ELEMENT NODE The node is a Element [p.38].

ATTRIBUTE\_NODE The node is an Attr [p.37].

TEXT\_NODE The node is a Text [p.42] node.

CDATA\_SECTION\_NODE The node is a CDATASection [p.43].

ENTITY\_REFERENCE\_NODE

The node is an EntityReference

[p.46].

ENTITY\_NODE The node is an Entity [p.45].

PROCESSING\_INSTRUCTION\_NODE The node is a

ProcessingInstruction[p.46].

**COMMENT\_NODE** The node is a Comment [p.43].

**DOCUMENT\_NODE** The node is a Document [p.22].

**DOCUMENT\_TYPE\_NODE**The node is a DocumentType [p.44].

DOCUMENT\_FRAGMENT\_NODE

The node is a DocumentFragment

[p.21].

NOTATION\_NODE The node is a Notation [p.44].

The values of nodeName, nodeValue, and attributes vary according to the node type as follows:

|                       | nodeName                  | nodeValue                           | attributes   |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Element               | tagName                   | null                                | NamedNodeMap |
| Attr                  | name of attribute         | value of attribute                  | null         |
| Text                  | #text                     | content of the text node            | null         |
| CDATASection          | #cdata-section            | content of the CDATA<br>Section     | null         |
| EntityReference       | name of entity referenced | null                                | null         |
| Entity                | entity name               | null                                | null         |
| ProcessingInstruction | target                    | entire content excluding the target | null         |
| Comment               | #comment                  | content of the comment              | null         |
| Document              | #document                 | null                                | null         |
| DocumentType          | document type name        | null                                | null         |
| DocumentFragment      | #document-fragment        | null                                | null         |
| Notation              | notation name             | null                                | null         |

# **Attributes**

nodeName

The name of this node, depending on its type; see the table above. nodeValue

The value of this node, depending on its type; see the table above.

# **Exceptions on setting**

DOMException [p.19]

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised when the node is readonly.

# **Exceptions on retrieval**

DOMException [p.19]

DOMSTRING\_SIZE\_ERR: Raised when it would return more characters than fit in a DOMString variable on the implementation platform.

# nodeType

A code representing the type of the underlying object, as defined above. parentNode

The parent of this node. All nodes, except Document [p.22], DocumentFragment [p.21], and Attr [p.37] may have a parent. However, if a node has just been created and not yet added to the tree, or if it has been removed from the tree, this is null.

#### childNodes

A NodeList [p.32] that contains all children of this node. If there are no children, this is a NodeList [p.32] containing no nodes. The content of the returned NodeList [p.32] is "live" in the sense that, for instance, changes to the children of the node object that it was created from are immediately reflected in the nodes returned by the NodeList [p.32] accessors; it is not a static snapshot of the content of the node. This is true for every NodeList [p.32], including the ones returned by the getElementsByTagName method.

# firstChild

The first child of this node. If there is no such node, this returns null. lastChild

The last child of this node. If there is no such node, this returns null. previousSibling

The node immediately preceding this node. If there is no such node, this returns null. nextSibling

The node immediately following this node. If there is no such node, this returns null. attributes

A NamedNodeMap [p.32] containing the attributes of this node (if it is an Element [p.38]) or null otherwise.

#### ownerDocument

The Document [p.22] object associated with this node. This is also the Document [p.22] object used to create new nodes. When this node is a Document [p.22] this is null.

#### Methods

# insertBefore

Inserts the node newChild before the existing child node refChild. If refChild is null, insert newChild at the end of the list of children.

If newChild is a DocumentFragment [p.21] object, all of its children are inserted, in the same order, before refChild. If the newChild is already in the tree, it is first removed.

#### **Parameters**

newChild The node to insert.

refChild The reference node, i.e., the node before which the new node must be inserted.

# **Return Value**

The node being inserted.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

HIERARCHY\_REQUEST\_ERR: Raised if this node is of a type that does not allow children of the type of the newChild node, or if the node to insert is one of this node's ancestors.

WRONG\_DOCUMENT\_ERR: Raised if newChild was created from a different document than the one that created this node.

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly.

NOT\_FOUND\_ERR: Raised if refChild is not a child of this node. replaceChild

Replaces the child node oldChild with newChild in the list of children, and returns the oldChild node. If the newChild is already in the tree, it is first removed.

#### **Parameters**

newChild The new node to put in the child list.

oldChild The node being replaced in the list.

#### Return Value

The node replaced.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

HIERARCHY\_REQUEST\_ERR: Raised if this node is of a type that does not allow children of the type of the newChild node, or it the node to put in is one of this node's ancestors.

WRONG\_DOCUMENT\_ERR: Raised if newChild was created from a different document than the one that created this node.

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly.

NOT\_FOUND\_ERR: Raised if oldChild is not a child of this node.

removeChild

Removes the child node indicated by oldChild from the list of children, and returns it. Parameters

oldChild The node being removed.

#### Return Value

The node removed.

#### **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly.

NOT\_FOUND\_ERR: Raised if oldChild is not a child of this node. appendChild

Adds the node newChild to the end of the list of children of this node. If the newChild is already in the tree, it is first removed.

#### **Parameters**

newChild

The node to add.

If it is a DocumentFragment [p.21] object, the entire contents of the document fragment are moved into the child list of this node

# Return Value

The node added.

# Exceptions

DOMException [p.19]

HIERARCHY\_REQUEST\_ERR: Raised if this node is of a type that does not allow children of the type of the newChild node, or if the node to append is one of this node's ancestors.

WRONG\_DOCUMENT\_ERR: Raised if newChild was created from a different document than the one that created this node.

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly. hasChildNodes

This is a convenience method to allow easy determination of whether a node has any children.

#### Return Value

true if the node has any children, false if the node has no children.

This method has no parameters.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### cloneNode

Returns a duplicate of this node, i.e., serves as a generic copy constructor for nodes. The duplicate node has no parent (parentNode returns null.).

Cloning an Element [p.38] copies all attributes and their values, including those generated by the XML processor to represent defaulted attributes, but this method does not copy any text it contains unless it is a deep clone, since the text is contained in a child Text [p.42] node. Cloning any other type of node simply returns a copy of this node. Parameters

deep

If true, recursively clone the subtree under the specified node; if false, clone only the node itself (and its attributes, if it is an Element [p.38]).

# **Return Value**

The duplicate node.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### Interface NodeList

The NodeList interface provides the abstraction of an ordered collection of nodes, without defining or constraining how this collection is implemented.

The items in the NodeList are accessible via an integral index, starting from 0. IDL Definition

#### Methods

item

Returns the indexth item in the collection. If index is greater than or equal to the number of nodes in the list, this returns null.

#### **Parameters**

index Ind

Index into the collection.

#### Return Value

The node at the indexth position in the NodeList, or null if that is not a valid index.

This method raises no exceptions.

# **Attributes**

length

The number of nodes in the list. The range of valid child node indices is 0 to length-1 inclusive.

# Interface NamedNodeMap

Objects implementing the NamedNodeMap interface are used to represent collections of nodes that can be accessed by name. Note that NamedNodeMap does not inherit from NodeList [p.32]; NamedNodeMaps are not maintained in any particular order. Objects contained in an object implementing NamedNodeMap may also be accessed by an ordinal index, but this is simply to allow convenient enumeration of the contents of a NamedNodeMap, and does not imply that the DOM specifies an order to these Nodes.

# **IDL** Definition

#### Methods

getNamedItem

Retrieves a node specified by name.

**Parameters** 

name

Name of a node to retrieve.

#### Return Value

A Node [p.25] (of any type) with the specified name, or null if the specified name did not identify any node in the map.

This method raises no exceptions.

setNamedItem

Adds a node using its nodeName attribute.

As the nodeName attribute is used to derive the name which the node must be stored under, multiple nodes of certain types (those that have a "special" string value) cannot be stored as the names would clash. This is seen as preferable to allowing nodes to be aliased.

#### **Parameters**

arg

A node to store in a named node map. The node will later be accessible using the value of the nodeName attribute of the node. If a node with that name is already present in the map, it is replaced by the new one.

#### **Return Value**

If the new Node [p.25] replaces an existing node with the same name the previously existing Node [p.25] is returned, otherwise null is returned.

#### **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

WRONG\_DOCUMENT\_ERR: Raised if arg was created from a different document than the one that created the NamedNodeMap.

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this NamedNodeMap is readonly.

INUSE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ERR: Raised if arg is an Attr [p.37] that is already an attribute of another Element [p.38] object. The DOM user must explicitly clone Attr [p.37] nodes to re-use them in other elements.

#### removeNamedItem

Removes a node specified by name. If the removed node is an Attr [p.37] with a default value it is immediately replaced.

# **Parameters**

name

The name of a node to remove.

#### Return Value

The node removed from the map or null if no node with such a name exists.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

NOT\_FOUND\_ERR: Raised if there is no node named name in the map.

#### item

Returns the indexth item in the map. If index is greater than or equal to the number of nodes in the map, this returns null.

#### **Parameters**

index Index into the map.

# Return Value

The node at the indexth position in the NamedNodeMap, or null if that is not a valid index.

This method raises no exceptions.

# **Attributes**

length

The number of nodes in the map. The range of valid child node indices is 0 to length-1 inclusive.

#### Interface CharacterData

The CharacterData interface extends Node with a set of attributes and methods for accessing character data in the DOM. For clarity this set is defined here rather than on each object that uses these attributes and methods. No DOM objects correspond directly to CharacterData, though Text [p.42] and others do inherit the interface from it. All offsets in this interface start from 0.

# **IDL** Definition

```
interface CharacterData : Node {
           attribute DOMString
                                 // raises(DOMException) on setting
                                 // raises(DOMException) on retrieval
  readonly attribute unsigned long
  length;
  DOMString
                            substringData(in unsigned long offset,
  in unsigned long count)
  raises(DOMException);
  void
                            appendData(in DOMString arg)
  raises(DOMException);
  void
                            insertData(in unsigned long offset,
                                       in DOMString arg)
                                       raises(DOMException);
  void
                            deleteData(in unsigned long offset,
                                       in unsigned long count)
                                      .raises(DOMException);
  void
                            replaceData(in unsigned long offset,
```

in unsigned long count,
in DOMString arg)
raises(DOMException);

};

# **Attributes**

data

The character data of the node that implements this interface. The DOM implementation may not put arbitrary limits on the amount of data that may be stored in a CharacterData node. However, implementation limits may mean that the entirety of a node's data may not fit into a single DOMString. In such cases, the user may call substringData to retrieve the data in appropriately sized pieces.

# **Exceptions on setting**

DOMException [p.19]

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised when the node is readonly. Exceptions on retrieval

DOMException [p.19]

DOMSTRING\_SIZE\_ERR: Raised when it would return more characters than fit in a DOMString variable on the implementation platform.

length

The number of characters that are available through data and the substringData method below. This may have the value zero, i.e., CharacterData nodes may be empty.

#### Methods

substringData

Extracts a range of data from the node.

# **Parameters**

offset Start offset of substring to extract.

count The number of characters to extract.

# Return Value

The specified substring. If the sum of offset and count exceeds the length, then all characters to the end of the data are returned.

#### **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

INDEX\_SIZE\_ERR: Raised if the specified offset is negative or greater than the number of characters in data, or if the specified count is negative.

DOMSTRING\_SIZE\_ERR: Raised if the specified range of text does not fit into a DOMString.

#### appendData

Append the string to the end of the character data of the node. Upon success, data provides access to the concatenation of data and the DOMString specified.

# **Parameters**

arg The DOMString to append.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly.

This method returns nothing.

insertData

Insert a string at the specified character offset.

# **Parameters**

offset The character offset at which to insert.

arg The DOMString to insert.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

INDEX\_SIZE\_ERR: Raised if the specified offset is negative or greater than the number of characters in data.

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly.

This method returns nothing.

deleteData

Remove a range of characters from the node. Upon success, data and length reflect the change.

# **Parameters**

offset The offset from which to remove characters.

count The number of characters to delete. If the sum of offset and

count exceeds length then all characters from offset to the

end of the data are deleted.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

INDEX\_SIZE\_ERR: Raised if the specified offset is negative or greater than the number of characters in data, or if the specified count is negative.

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly. This method returns nothing.

#### replaceData

Replace the characters starting at the specified character offset with the specified string. Parameters

offset The offset from which to start replacing.

count The number of characters to replace. If the sum of offset and

count exceeds length, then all characters to the end of the data are replaced (i.e., the effect is the same as a remove method call with the same range, followed by an append method invocation).

arg The DOMString with which the range must be replaced.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

INDEX\_SIZE\_ERR: Raised if the specified offset is negative or greater than the number of characters in data, or if the specified count is negative.

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly. This method returns nothing.

# Interface Attr

The Attr interface represents an attribute in an Element [p.38] object. Typically the allowable values for the attribute are defined in a document type definition.

Attr objects inherit the Node [p.25] interface, but since they are not actually child nodes of the element they describe, the DOM does not consider them part of the document tree. Thus, the Node [p.25] attributes parentNode, previousSibling, and nextSibling have a null value for Attr objects. The DOM takes the view that attributes are properties of elements rather than having a separate identity from the elements they are associated with; this should make it more efficient to implement such features as default attributes associated with all elements of a given type. Furthermore, Attr nodes may not be immediate children of a DocumentFragment [p.21]. However, they can be associated with Element [p.38] nodes contained within a DocumentFragment [p.21]. In short, users and implementors of the DOM need to be aware that Attr nodes have some things in common with other objects inheriting the Node [p.25] interface, but they also are quite distinct.

The attribute's effective value is determined as follows: if this attribute has been explicitly assigned any value, that value is the attribute's effective value; otherwise, if there is a declaration for this attribute, and that declaration includes a default value, then that default value is the attribute's effective value; otherwise, the attribute does not exist on this element in the structure model until it has been explicitly added. Note that the nodeValue attribute on the Attr instance can also be used to retrieve the string version of the attribute's value(s).

In XML, where the value of an attribute can contain entity references, the child nodes of the Attr node provide a representation in which entity references are not expanded. These child nodes may be either Text [p.42] or EntityReference [p.46] nodes. Because the attribute type may be unknown, there are no tokenized attribute values.

#### **IDL** Definition

# **Attributes**

name

Returns the name of this attribute.

specified

If this attribute was explicitly given a value in the original document, this is true; otherwise, it is false. Note that the implementation is in charge of this attribute, not the user. If the user changes the value of the attribute (even if it ends up having the same value as the default value) then the specified flag is automatically flipped to true. To re-specify the attribute as the default value from the DTD, the user must delete the attribute. The implementation will then make a new attribute available with specified set to false and the default value (if one exists).

# In summary:

- If the attribute has an assigned value in the document then specified is true, and the value is the assigned value.
- If the attribute has no assigned value in the document and has a default value in the DTD, then specified is false, and the value is the default value in the DTD.
- If the attribute has no assigned value in the document and has a value of #IMPLIED in the DTD, then the attribute does not appear in the structure model of the document.

value

On retrieval, the value of the attribute is returned as a string. Character and general entity references are replaced with their values.

On setting, this creates a Text [p.42] node with the unparsed contents of the string.

# Interface Element

By far the vast majority of objects (apart from text) that authors encounter when traversing a document are Element nodes. Assume the following XML document:

```
<elementExample id="demo">
    <subelement1/>
    <subelement2><subsubelement/></subelement2>
</elementExample>
```

When represented using DOM, the top node is an Element node for "elementExample", which contains two child Element nodes, one for "subelement1" and one for "subelement2". "subelement1" contains no child nodes.

Elements may have attributes associated with them; since the Element interface inherits from Node [p.25], the generic Node [p.25] interface method getAttributes may be used to retrieve the set of all attributes for an element. There are methods on the Element interface to retrieve either an Attr [p.37] object by name or an attribute value by name. In XML, where an attribute value may contain entity references, an Attr [p.37] object should be retrieved to examine the possibly fairly complex sub-tree representing the attribute value. On the other hand, in HTML, where all attributes have simple string values, methods to directly access an attribute value can safely be used as a convenience.

# **IDL** Definition

```
interface Element : Node {
 readonly attribute DOMString
  tagName;
 DOMString
                             getAttribute(in DOMString name);
 void
                             setAttribute(in DOMString name,
  in DOMString value)
  raises(DOMException);
 void
                             removeAttribute(in DOMString name)
   raises(DOMException);
 Attr
                             getAttributeNode(in DOMString name);
 Attr
                             setAttributeNode(in Attr newAttr)
  raises(DOMException);
 Attr
                             removeAttributeNode(in Attr oldAttr)
   raises(DOMException);
 NodeList
                             getElementsByTagName(in DOMString name);
 void
                             normalize();
```

# **Attributes**

tagName

The name of the element. For example, in:

tagName has the value "elementExample". Note that this is case-preserving in XML, as are all of the operations of the DOM. The HTML DOM returns the tagName of an HTML element in the canonical uppercase form, regardless of the case in the source HTML document.

# Methods

getAttribute

Retrieves an attribute value by name.

**Parameters** 

name The name of the attribute to retrieve.

# **Return Value**

The Attr [p.37] value as a string, or the empty string if that attribute does not have a specified or default value.

This method raises no exceptions.

# setAttribute

Adds a new attribute. If an attribute with that name is already present in the element, its value is changed to be that of the value parameter. This value is a simple string, it is not parsed as it is being set. So any markup (such as syntax to be recognized as an entity reference) is treated as literal text, and needs to be appropriately escaped by the implementation when it is written out. In order to assign an attribute value that contains entity references, the user must create an Attr [p.37] node plus any Text [p.42] and EntityReference [p.46] nodes, build the appropriate subtree, and use setAttributeNode to assign it as the value of an attribute.

#### **Parameters**

name

The name of the attribute to create or alter.

value

Value to set in string form.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

INVALID\_CHARACTER\_ERR: Raised if the specified name contains an invalid character.

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly. This method returns nothing.

removeAttribute

Removes an attribute by name. If the removed attribute has a default value it is immediately replaced.

#### **Parameters**

name

The name of the attribute to remove.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly.

This method returns nothing.

getAttributeNode

Retrieves an Attr [p.37] node by name.

# **Parameters**

name

The name of the attribute to retrieve.

# Return Value

The Attr [p.37] node with the specified attribute name or null if there is no such attribute.

This method raises no exceptions.

setAttributeNode

Adds a new attribute. If an attribute with that name is already present in the element, it is replaced by the new one.

**Parameters** 

newAttr The Attr [p.37] node to add to the attribute list.

# Return Value

If the newAttr attribute replaces an existing attribute with the same name, the previously existing Attr [p.37] node is returned, otherwise null is returned.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

WRONG\_DOCUMENT\_ERR: Raised if newAttr was created from a different document than the one that created the element.

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly.

INUSE\_ATTRIBUTE\_ERR: Raised if newAttr is already an attribute of another Element object. The DOM user must explicitly clone Attr [p.37] nodes to re-use them in other elements.

removeAttributeNode

Removes the specified attribute.

#### **Parameters**

oldAttr

The Attr [p.37] node to remove from the attribute list. If the removed Attr [p.37] has a default value it is immediately replaced.

# Return Value

The Attr [p.37] node that was removed.

# **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly.

NOT\_FOUND\_ERR: Raised if oldAttr is not an attribute of the element. getElementsByTagName

Returns a NodeList [p.32] of all descendant elements with a given tag name, in the order in which they would be encountered in a preorder traversal of the Element tree.

#### **Parameters**

name

The name of the tag to match on. The special value "\*" matches all tags.

#### Return Value

A list of matching Element nodes.

This method raises no exceptions.

normalize

Puts all Text [p.42] nodes in the full depth of the sub-tree underneath this Element into a "normal" form where only markup (e.g., tags, comments, processing instructions, CDATA sections, and entity references) separates Text [p.42] nodes, i.e., there are no adjacent Text [p.42] nodes. This can be used to ensure that the DOM view of a document is the same as if it were saved and re-loaded, and is useful when operations (such as XPointer lookups) that depend on a particular document tree structure are to be used. This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

# Interface Text

The Text interface represents the textual content (termed character data in XML) of an Element [p.38] or Attr [p.37]. If there is no markup inside an element's content, the text is contained in a single object implementing the Text interface that is the only child of the element. If there is markup, it is parsed into a list of elements and Text nodes that form the list of children of the element.

When a document is first made available via the DOM, there is only one Text node for each block of text. Users may create adjacent Text nodes that represent the contents of a given element without any intervening markup, but should be aware that there is no way to represent the separations between these nodes in XML or HTML, so they will not (in general) persist between DOM editing sessions. The normalize() method on Element [p.38] merges any such adjacent Text objects into a single node for each block of text; this is recommended before employing operations that depend on a particular document structure, such as navigation with XPointers.

#### **IDL** Definition

#### Methods

splitText

Breaks this Text node into two Text nodes at the specified offset, keeping both in the tree as siblings. This node then only contains all the content up to the offset point. And a new Text node, which is inserted as the next sibling of this node, contains all the content at and after the offset point.

#### **Parameters**

offset The offset at which to split, starting from 0.

#### Return Value

The new Text node.

#### **Exceptions**

DOMException [p.19]

INDEX\_SIZE\_ERR: Raised if the specified offset is negative or greater than the number of characters in data.

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly.

#### Interface Comment

This represents the content of a comment, i.e., all the characters between the starting '<! --' and ending '-->'. Note that this is the definition of a comment in XML, and, in practice, HTML, although some HTML tools may implement the full SGML comment structure.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface Comment : CharacterData {
}:
```

# 1.3. Extended Interfaces

The interfaces defined here form part of the DOM Level 1 Core specification, but objects that expose these interfaces will never be encountered in a DOM implementation that deals only with HTML. As such, HTML-only DOM implementations do not need to have objects that implement these interfaces.

# Interface CDATASection

CDATA sections are used to escape blocks of text containing characters that would otherwise be regarded as markup. The only delimiter that is recognized in a CDATA section is the "]]>" string that ends the CDATA section. CDATA sections can not be nested. The primary purpose is for including material such as XML fragments, without needing to escape all the delimiters.

The DOMString attribute of the Text [p.42] node holds the text that is contained by the CDATA section. Note that this may contain characters that need to be escaped outside of CDATA sections and that, depending on the character encoding ("charset") chosen for serialization, it may be impossible to write out some characters as part of a CDATA section.

The CDATASection interface inherits the CharacterData [p.34] interface through the Text [p.42] interface. Adjacent CDATASections nodes are not merged by use of the Element.normalize() method.

# **IDL** Definition

```
interface CDATASection : Text {
};
```

# Interface DocumentType

Each Document [p.22] has a doctype attribute whose value is either null or a DocumentType object. The DocumentType interface in the DOM Level 1 Core provides an interface to the list of entities that are defined for the document, and little else because the effect of namespaces and the various XML scheme efforts on DTD representation are not clearly understood as of this writing.

The DOM Level 1 doesn't support editing DocumentType nodes.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface DocumentType : Node {
  readonly attribute DOMString name;
  readonly attribute NamedNodeMap entities;
  readonly attribute NamedNodeMap notations;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

name

The name of DTD; i.e., the name immediately following the DOCTYPE keyword. entities

A NamedNodeMap [p.32] containing the general entities, both external and internal, declared in the DTD. Duplicates are discarded. For example in:

```
<!DOCTYPE ex SYSTEM "ex.dtd" [
    <!ENTITY foo "foo">
    <!ENTITY bar "bar">
    <!ENTITY % baz "baz">
]>
<ex/>
```

the interface provides access to foo and bar but not baz. Every node in this map also implements the Entity [p.45] interface.

The DOM Level 1 does not support editing entities, therefore entities cannot be altered in any way.

```
notations
```

A NamedNodeMap [p.32] containing the notations declared in the DTD. Duplicates are discarded. Every node in this map also implements the Notation [p.44] interface.

The DOM Level 1 does not support editing notations, therefore notations cannot be altered in any way.

#### Interface Notation

This interface represents a notation declared in the DTD. A notation either declares, by name, the format of an unparsed entity (see section 4.7 of the XML 1.0 specification), or is used for formal declaration of Processing Instruction targets (see section 2.6 of the XML 1.0 specification). The nodeName attribute inherited from Node [p.25] is set to the declared name of the notation.

The DOM Level 1 does not support editing Notation nodes; they are therefore readonly.

A Notation node does not have any parent.

#### **IDL** Definition

#### **Attributes**

publicId

The public identifier of this notation. If the public identifier was not specified, this is null.

systemId

The system identifier of this notation. If the system identifier was not specified, this is null.

# Interface Entity

This interface represents an entity, either parsed or unparsed, in an XML document. Note that this models the entity itself *not* the entity declaration. Entity declaration modeling has been left for a later Level of the DOM specification.

The nodeName attribute that is inherited from Node [p.25] contains the name of the entity.

An XML processor may choose to completely expand entities before the structure model is passed to the DOM; in this case there will be no EntityReference [p.46] nodes in the document tree.

XML does not mandate that a non-validating XML processor read and process entity declarations made in the external subset or declared in external parameter entities. This means that parsed entities declared in the external subset need not be expanded by some classes of applications, and that the replacement value of the entity may not be available. When the replacement value is available, the corresponding Entity node's child list represents the structure of that replacement text. Otherwise, the child list is empty.

The resolution of the children of the Entity (the replacement value) may be lazily evaluated; actions by the user (such as calling the childNodes method on the Entity Node) are assumed to trigger the evaluation.

The DOM Level 1 does not support editing Entity nodes; if a user wants to make changes to the contents of an Entity, every related EntityReference [p.46] node has to be replaced in the structure model by a clone of the Entity's contents, and then the desired changes must be made to each of those clones instead. All the descendants of an Entity node are readonly.

An Entity node does not have any parent.

# **IDL** Definition

#### **Attributes**

```
publicId
```

The public identifier associated with the entity, if specified. If the public identifier was not specified, this is null.

systemId

The system identifier associated with the entity, if specified. If the system identifier was not specified, this is null.

notationName

For unparsed entities, the name of the notation for the entity. For parsed entities, this is null.

# Interface EntityReference

EntityReference objects may be inserted into the structure model when an entity reference is in the source document, or when the user wishes to insert an entity reference. Note that character references and references to predefined entities are considered to be expanded by the HTML or XML processor so that characters are represented by their Unicode equivalent rather than by an entity reference. Moreover, the XML processor may completely expand references to entities while building the structure model, instead of providing EntityReference objects. If it does provide such objects, then for a given EntityReference node, it may be that there is no Entity [p.45] node representing the referenced entity; but if such an Entity [p.45] exists, then the child list of the EntityReference node is the same as that of the Entity [p.45] node. As with the Entity [p.45] node, all descendants of the EntityReference are readonly.

The resolution of the children of the EntityReference (the replacement value of the referenced Entity [p.45]) may be lazily evaluated; actions by the user (such as calling the childNodes method on the EntityReference node) are assumed to trigger the evaluation.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface EntityReference : Node {
};
```

# Interface ProcessingInstruction

The ProcessingInstruction interface represents a "processing instruction", used in XML as a way to keep processor-specific information in the text of the document.

#### IDL Definition

#### 1.3. Extended Interfaces

# **Attributes**

target

The target of this processing instruction. XML defines this as being the first token following the markup that begins the processing instruction.

data

The content of this processing instruction. This is from the first non white space character after the target to the character immediately preceding the ?>.

**Exceptions on setting** 

DOMException [p.19]

NO\_MODIFICATION\_ALLOWED\_ERR: Raised when the node is readonly.

# 1.3. Extended Interfaces

- +

# 2. Document Object Model (HTML) Level 1

# **Editors**

Mike Champion, ArborText Vidur Apparao, Netscape Scott Isaacs, Microsoft (until January 1998) Chris Wilson, Microsoft (after January 1998) Ian Jacobs, W3C

# 2.1. Introduction

This section extends the Level 1 Core API to describe objects and methods specific to HTML documents. In general, the functionality needed to manipulate hierarchical document structures, elements, and attributes will be found in the core section; functionality that depends on the specific elements defined in HTML will be found in this section.

The goals of the HTML-specific DOM API are:

• to specialize and add functionality that relates specifically to HTML documents and elements. to address issues of backwards compatibility with the "DOM Level 0". to provide convenience mechanisms, where appropriate, for common and frequent operations on HTML documents.

The term "DOM Level 0" refers to a mix (not formally specified) of HTML document functionalities offered by Netscape Navigator version 3.0 and Microsoft Internet Explorer version 3.0. In some cases, attributes or methods have been included for reasons of backward compatibility with "DOM Level 0".

The key differences between the core DOM and the HTML application of DOM is that the HTML Document Object Model exposes a number of convenience methods and properties that are consistent with the existing models and are more appropriate to script writers. In many cases, these enhancements are not applicable to a general DOM because they rely on the presence of a predefined DTD. For DOM Level 1, the transitional and frameset DTDs for HTML 4.0 are assumed. Interoperability between implementations is only guaranteed for elements and attributes that are specified in these DTDs.

More specifically, this document includes the following specializations for HTML:

- An HTMLDocument interface, derived from the core Document interface. HTMLDocument specifies the operations and queries that can be made on a HTML document.
- An HTMLElement interface, derived from the core Element interface. HTMLElement specifies the operations and queries that can be made on any HTML element. Methods on HTMLElement include those that allow for the retrieval and modification of attributes that apply to all HTML elements.
- Specializations for all HTML elements that have attributes that extend beyond those specified in the HTMLElement interface. For all such attributes, the derived interface for the element contains explicit methods for setting and getting the values.

The DOM Level 1 does not include mechanisms to access and modify style specified through CSS 1. Furthermore, it does not define an event model for HTML documents. This functionality is planned to be specified in a future Level of this specification.

# 2.2. HTML Application of Core DOM

## 2.2.1. Naming Conventions

The HTML DOM follows a naming convention for properties, methods, events, collections, and data types. All names are defined as one or more English words concatenated together to form a single string. Properties and Methods

The property or method name starts with the initial keyword in lowercase, and each subsequent word starts with a capital letter. For example, a property that returns document meta information such as the date the file was created might be named "fileDateCreated". In the ECMAScript binding, properties are exposed as properties of a given object. In Java, properties are exposed with get and set methods. Non-HTML 4.0 interfaces and attributes

While most of the interfaces defined below can be mapped directly to elements defined in the HTML 4.0 Recommendation, some of them cannot. Similarly, not all attributes listed below have counterparts in the HTML 4.0 specification (and some do, but have been renamed to avoid conflicts with scripting languages). Interfaces and attribute definitions that have links to the HTML 4.0 specification have corresponding element and attribute definitions there; all others are added by this specification, either for convenience or backwards compatibility with "DOM Level 0" implementations.

# 2.3. Miscellaneous Object Definitions

## Interface HTMLCollection

An HTMLCollection is a list of nodes. An individual node may be accessed by either ordinal index or the node's name or id attributes. *Note:* Collections in the HTML DOM are assumed to be *live* meaning that they are automatically updated when the underlying document is changed. IDL Definition

```
interface HTMLCollection {
  readonly attribute unsigned long length;
  Node item(in unsigned long index);
  Node namedItem(in DOMString name);
};
```

## **Attributes**

length

This attribute specifies the length or size of the list.

## **Methods**

item

This method retrieves a node specified by ordinal index. Nodes are numbered in tree order (depth-first traversal order).

**Parameters** 

index The index of the node to be fetched. The index origin is 0.

#### Return Value

The Node [p.25] at the corresponding position upon success. A value of null is returned if the index is out of range.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### namedItem

This method retrieves a Node [p.25] using a name. It first searches for a Node [p.25] with a matching id attribute. If it doesn't find one, it then searches for a Node [p.25] with a matching name attribute, but only on those elements that are allowed a name attribute.

#### **Parameters**

name The name of the Node [p.25] to be fetched.

#### Return Value

The Node [p.25] with a name or id attribute whose value corresponds to the specified string. Upon failure (e.g., no node with this name exists), returns null. This method raises no exceptions.

# 2.4. Objects related to HTML documents

#### Interface HTMLDocument

An HTMLDocument is the root of the HTML hierarchy and holds the entire content. Beside providing access to the hierarchy, it also provides some convenience methods for accessing certain sets of information from the document.

The following properties have been deprecated in favor of the corresponding ones for the BODY element:

- alinkColor
- background
- bgColor
- fgColor
- linkColor
- vlinkColor

```
interface HTMLDocument : Document [
             attribute DOMString
   title;
  readonly attribute DOMString
   referrer;
  readonly attribute DOMString
   domain;
  readonly attribute DOMString attribute HTMLElement readonly attribute HTMLCollection readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   URL;
   body;
  images;
   applets;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   links;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   forms;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   anchors;
             attribute DOMString
   cookie;
```

#### 2.4. Objects related to HTML documents

#### Attributes

title

The title of a document as specified by the TITLE element in the head of the document. referrer

Returns the URI of the page that linked to this page. The value is an empty string if the user navigated to the page directly (not through a link, but, for example, via a bookmark).

domain

The domain name of the server that served the document, or a null string if the server cannot be identified by a domain name.

URL

The complete URI of the document.

body

The element that contains the content for the document. In documents with BODY contents, returns the BODY element, and in frameset documents, this returns the outermost FRAMESET element.

images

A collection of all the IMG elements in a document. The behavior is limited to IMG elements for backwards compatibility.

applets

A collection of all the OBJECT elements that include applets and APPLET (deprecated) elements in a document.

links

A collection of all AREA elements and anchor (A) elements in a document with a value for the href attribute.

forms

A collection of all the forms of a document.

anchors

A collection of all the anchor (A) elements in a document with a value for the name attribute. Note. For reasons of backwards compatibility, the returned set of anchors only contains those anchors created with the name attribute, not those created with the id attribute.

cookie

The cookies associated with this document. If there are none, the value is an empty string. Otherwise, the value is a string: a semicolon-delimited list of "name, value" pairs for all the cookies associated with the page. For example, name=value; expires=date.

## Methods

open

Note. This method and the ones following allow a user to add to or replace the structure model of a document using strings of unparsed HTML. At the time of writing alternate methods for providing similar functionality for both HTML and XML documents were

being considered. The following methods may be deprecated at some point in the future in favor of a more general-purpose mechanism.

Open a document stream for writing. If a document exists in the target, this method clears it.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### close

Closes a document stream opened by open () and forces rendering.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### write

Write a string of text to a document stream opened by open (). The text is parsed into the document's structure model.

#### **Parameters**

text

The string to be parsed into some structure in the document structure model.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### writeln

Write a string of text followed by a newline character to a document stream opened by open (). The text is parsed into the document's structure model.

## **Parameters**

text

The string to be parsed into some structure in the document structure model.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### getElementById

Returns the Element whose id is given by elementId. If no such element exists, returns null. Behavior is not defined if more than one element has this id.

#### **Parameters**

elementId

The unique id value for an element.

#### Return Value

The matching element.

This method raises no exceptions.

getElementsByName

Returns the (possibly empty) collection of elements whose name value is given by elementName.

**Parameters** 

elementName

The name attribute value for an element.

#### Return Value

The matching elements.
This method raises no exceptions.

## 2.5. HTML Elements

## 2.5.1. Property Attributes

HTML attributes are exposed as properties on the element object. The name of the exposed property always uses the naming conventions, and is independent of the case of the attribute in the source document. The data type of the property is determined by the type of the attribute as determined by the HTML 4.0 transitional and frameset DTDs. The attributes have the semantics (including case-sensitivity) given in the HTML 4.0 specification.

The attributes are exposed as properties for compatibility with "DOM Level 0". This usage is deprecated because it can not be generalized to all possible attribute names, as is required both for XML and potentially for future versions of HTML. We recommend the use of generic methods on the core Element interface for setting, getting and removing attributes.

DTD Data Type	Object Model Data Type
CDATA	DOMString
Value list (e.g., (left   right   center))	DOMString
one-value Value list (e.g., (border))	boolean
Number	long int

The return value of an attribute that has a data type that is a value list is always capitalized, independent of the case of the value in the source document. For example, if the value of the align attribute on a P element is "left" then it is returned as "Left". For attributes with the CDATA data type, the case of the return value is that given in the source document.

## 2.5.2. Naming Exceptions

To avoid name-space conflicts, an attribute with the same name as a keyword in one of our chosen binding languages is prefixed. For HTML, the prefix used is "html". For example, the for attribute of the LABEL element collides with loop construct naming conventions and is renamed html For.

# 2.5.3. Exposing Element Type Names (tagName)

The element type names exposed through a property are in uppercase. For example, the body element type name is exposed through the "tagName" property as "BODY".

## 2.5.4. The HTMLElement interface

#### Interface HTMLElement

All HTML element interfaces derive from this class. Elements that only expose the HTML core attributes are represented by the base HTMLElement interface. These elements are as follows:

- HEAD
- special: SUB, SUP, SPAN, BDO
- font: TT, I, B, U, S, STRIKE, BIG, SMALL
- phrase: EM, STRONG, DFN, CODE, SAMP, KBD, VAR, CITE, ACRONYM, ABBR
- list: DD, DT
- NOFRAMES, NOSCRIPT
- ADDRESS, CENTER

Note. The style attribute for this interface is reserved for future usage.

## **IDL** Definition

#### **Attributes**

id

The element's identifier. See the id attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

title

The element's advisory title. See the title attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

lang

Language code defined in RFC 1766. See the lang attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

dir

Specifies the base direction of directionally neutral text and the directionality of tables. See the dir attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### className

The class attribute of the element. This attribute has been renamed due to conflicts with the "class" keyword exposed by many languages. See the class attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## 2.5.5. Object definitions

#### Interface HTMLHtmlElement

Root of an HTML document. See the HTML element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLHtmlElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString version;
};
```

### Attributes

version

Version information about the document's DTD. See the version attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLHeadElement

Document head information. See the HEAD element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLHeadElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString profile;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

profile

URI designating a metadata profile. See the profile attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLLinkElement

The LINK element specifies a link to an external resource, and defines this document's relationship to that resource (or vice versa). See the LINK element definition in HTML 4.0.

```
interface HTMLLinkElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute boolean
   disabled;
          attribute DOMString
   charset;
          attribute DOMString
   href;
          attribute DOMString
   hreflang;
          attribute DOMString
   media;
          attribute DOMString
   rel;
          attribute DOMString
   rev;
          attribute DOMString
   target;
          attribute DOMString
   type;
};
```

#### Attributes

disabled

Enables/disables the link. This is currently only used for style sheet links, and may be used to activate or deactivate style sheets.

charset

The character encoding of the resource being linked to. See the charset attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

href

The URI of the linked resource. See the href attribute definition in HTML 4.0. hreflang

Language code of the linked resource. See the hreflang attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

Designed for use with one or more target media. See the media attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

rel

Forward link type. See the rel attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

rev

Reverse link type. See the rev attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

target

Frame to render the resource in. See the target attribute definition in HTML 4.0. type

Advisory content type. See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLTitleElement

The document title. See the TITLE element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLTitleElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString text;
};
```

#### Attributes

text

The specified title as a string.

#### Interface HTMLMetaElement

This contains generic meta-information about the document. See the META element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### Attributes

content

Associated information. See the content attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

httpEquiv

HTTP response header name. See the http-equiv attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

name

Meta information name. See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0. scheme

Select form of content. See the scheme attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLBaseElement

Document base URI. See the BASE element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLBaseElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString href;
    attribute DOMString target;
};
```

#### Attributes

href

The base URI See the href attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

target

The default target frame. See the target attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLIsIndexElement

This element is used for single-line text input. See the ISINDEX element definition in HTML 4.0. This element is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## IDL Definition

#### **Attributes**

form

Returns the FORM element containing this control. Returns null if this control is not within the context of a form.

prompt

The prompt message. See the prompt attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLStyleElement

Style information. A more detailed style sheet object model is planned to be defined in a separate document. See the STYLE element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLStyleElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute boolean disabled;
    attribute DOMString media;
    attribute DOMString type;
};
```

#### Attributes

disabled

Enables/disables the style sheet.

media

Designed for use with one or more target media. See the media attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

type

The style sheet language (Internet media type). See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLBodyElement

The HTML document body. This element is always present in the DOM API, even if the tags are not present in the source document. See the BODY element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

#### Attributes

aLink

Color of active links (after mouse-button down, but before mouse-button up). See the alink attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

background

URI of the background texture tile image. See the background attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

bgColor

Document background color. See the bgcolor attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

link

Color of links that are not active and unvisited. See the link attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

text

Document text color. See the text attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

vLink

Color of links that have been visited by the user. See the vlink attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLFormElement

The FORM element encompasses behavior similar to a collection and an element. It provides direct access to the contained input elements as well as the attributes of the form element. See the FORM element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLFormElement : HTMLElement {
 readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   elements:
 readonly attribute long
  length;
          attribute DOMString
  name:
          attribute DOMString
  acceptCharset;
          attribute DOMString
  action;
          attribute DOMString
  enctype;
          attribute DOMString
  method;
          attribute DOMString
  target;
 void
                           submit();
 void
                           reset();
};
```

#### **Attributes**

elements

Returns a collection of all control elements in the form.

length

The number of form controls in the form.

name

...

Names the form.

acceptCharset

List of character sets supported by the server. See the accept-charset attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

action

Server-side form handler. See the action attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

enctype

The content type of the submitted form, generally "application/x-www-form-urlencoded". See the enctype attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

method

HTTP method used to submit form. See the method attribute definition in HTML 4.0. target

Frame to render the resource in. See the target attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Methods

submit

Submits the form. It performs the same action as a submit button.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

reset

Restores a form element's default values. It performs the same action as a reset button.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### Interface HTMLSelectElement

The select element allows the selection of an option. The contained options can be directly accessed through the select element as a collection. See the SELECT element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLSelectElement : HTMLElement {
 readonly attribute DOMString
  type;
          attribute long
  selectedIndex;
          attribute DOMString
  value;
  readonly attribute long
   length;
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
  form;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
  options;
  disabled;
          attribute boolean
          attribute boolean
  multiple;
          attribute DOMString attribute long
  name;
  size;
          attribute long
  tabIndex;
                           add(in HTMLElement element,
  void
                               in HTMLElement before);
  void
                           remove(in long index);
  void
                           blur();
  void
                            focus();
};
```

## **Attributes**

type

The type of control created.

selectedIndex

The ordinal index of the selected option. The value -1 is returned if no element is selected.

If multiple options are selected, the index of the first selected option is returned.

value

The current form control value.

length

The number of options in this SELECT.

form

Returns the FORM element containing this control. Returns null if this control is not within the context of a form.

options

The collection of OPTION elements contained by this element.

disabled

The control is unavailable in this context. See the disabled attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## multiple

If true, multiple OPTION elements may be selected in this SELECT. See the multiple attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### name

Form control or object name when submitted with a form. See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### size

Number of visible rows. See the size attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### tabIndex

Index that represents the element's position in the tabbing order. See the tabindex attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### Methods

add

Add a new element to the collection of OPTION elements for this SELECT.

#### **Parameters**

element

The element to add.

before

The element to insert before, or NULL for the head of the list.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### remove

Remove an element from the collection of OPTION elements for this SELECT. Does nothing if no element has the given index.

## **Parameters**

index

The index of the item to remove.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### blur

Removes keyboard focus from this element.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### focus

Gives keyboard focus to this element.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

## Interface HTMLOptGroupElement

Group options together in logical subdivisions. See the OPTGROUP element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLOptGroupElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute boolean disabled;
    attribute DOMString label;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

disabled

The control is unavailable in this context. See the disabled attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

label

Assigns a label to this option group. See the label attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLOptionElement

A selectable choice. See the OPTION element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLOptionElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
   form:
  attribute boolean readonly attribute DOMString
   defaultSelected;
   text;
           attribute long
   index;
           attribute boolean
   disabled;
           attribute DOMString
   label;
  readonly attribute boolean
   selected:
           attribute DOMString
   value;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

form

Returns the FORM element containing this control. Returns null if this control is not within the context of a form.

defaultSelected

Stores the initial value of the selected attribute.

text

The text contained within the option element.

index

The index of this OPTION in its parent SELECT.

disabled

The control is unavailable in this context. See the disabled attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

label

Option label for use in hierarchical menus. See the label attribute definition in HTML 4.0. selected

Means that this option is initially selected. See the selected attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

value

The current form control value. See the value attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLInputElement

Form control. *Note*. Depending upon the environment the page is being viewed, the value property may be read-only for the file upload input type. For the "password" input type, the actual value returned may be masked to prevent unauthorized use. See the INPUT element definition in HTML 4.0.

### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLInputElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString
  defaultValue;
          attribute boolean
  defaultChecked;
 readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
  form;
          attribute DOMString
  accept;
          attribute DOMString
  accessKey;
          attribute DOMString
  align;
          attribute DOMString
  alt:
  checked;
          attribute boolean
          attribute
                     boolean
  disabled;
          attribute
                     long
  maxLength;
                     DOMString
          attribute
  name;
          attribute boolean
  readOnly;
          attribute DOMString
  size;
          attribute DOMString
  src;
          attribute long
  tabIndex;
 readonly attribute DOMString
  type:
          attribute DOMString
  useMap;
          attribute DOMString
   value;
 void
                            blur();
  void
                            focus();
  void
                            select();
  void
                            click();
};
```

## Attributes

defaultValue

Stores the initial control value (i.e., the initial value of value).

defaultChecked

When type has the value "Radio" or "Checkbox", stores the initial value of the checked attribute.

form

Returns the FORM element containing this control. Returns null if this control is not within the context of a form.

accept

A comma-separated list of content types that a server processing this form will handle correctly. See the accept attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

accessKey

A single character access key to give access to the form control. See the accesskey attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

align

Aligns this object (vertically or horizontally) with respect to its surrounding text. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

alt

Alternate text for user agents not rendering the normal content of this element. See the alt attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

checked

Describes whether a radio or check box is checked, when type has the value "Radio" or "Checkbox". The value is TRUE if explicitly set. Represents the current state of the checkbox or radio button. See the checked attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

disabled

The control is unavailable in this context. See the disabled attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

maxLength

Maximum number of characters for text fields, when type has the value "Text" or "Password". See the maxlength attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

name

Form control or object name when submitted with a form. See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

readOnly

This control is read-only. When type has the value "text" or "password" only. See the readonly attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

size

Size information. The precise meaning is specific to each type of field. See the size attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

src

When the type attribute has the value "Image", this attribute specifies the location of the image to be used to decorate the graphical submit button. See the src attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

tabIndex

Index that represents the element's position in the tabbing order. See the tabindex attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

type

The type of control created. See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

useMap

Use client-side image map. See the usemap attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

value

The current form control value. Used for radio buttons and check boxes. See the value attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### Methods

blur

Removes keyboard focus from this element.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### focus

Gives keyboard focus to this element.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### select

Select the contents of the text area. For INPUT elements whose type attribute has one of the following values: "Text", "File", or "Password".

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### click

Simulate a mouse-click. For INPUT elements whose type attribute has one of the following values: "Button", "Checkbox", "Radio", "Reset", or "Submit".

This method has no parameters.

. This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### Interface HTMLTextAreaElement

Multi-line text field. See the TEXTAREA element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLTextAreaElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   defaultValue;
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement attribute DOMString
   form;
   accessKey;
           attribute long
   cols;
           attribute boolean
   disabled;
           attribute DOMString
   name;
           attribute boolean
   readOnly;
           attribute long
   rows;
           attribute long
   tabIndex;
  readonly attribute DOMString
   type;
           attribute DOMString
   value;
  void
                             blur();
  void
                             focus();
  void
                             select();
};
```

## **Attributes**

## defaultValue

Stores the initial control value (i.e., the initial value of value).

#### form

Returns the FORM element containing this control. Returns null if this control is not within the context of a form.

#### accessKey

A single character access key to give access to the form control. See the accesskey attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

cols

Width of control (in characters). See the cols attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

disabled

The control is unavailable in this context. See the disabled attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

name

Form control or object name when submitted with a form. See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

readOnly

This control is read-only. See the readonly attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

rows

Number of text rows. See the rows attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

tabIndex

Index that represents the element's position in the tabbing order. See the tabindex attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

type

The type of this form control.

value

The current textual content of the multi-line text field. If the entirety of the data can not fit into a single wstring, the implementation may truncate the data.

#### Methods

blur

Removes keyboard focus from this element.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

focus

Gives keyboard focus to this element.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

select

Select the contents of the TEXTAREA.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

## Interface HTMLButtonElement

Push button. See the BUTTON element definition in HTML 4.0.

```
interface HTMLButtonElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
  form;
            attribute DOMString
attribute boolean
attribute DOMString
   accessKey;
  disabled;
  name;
            attribute
                        long
  tabIndex;
  readonly attribute
                         DOMString
  type;
            attribute
                        DOMString
  value;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

form

Returns the FORM element containing this control. Returns null if this control is not within the context of a form.

accessKey

A single character access key to give access to the form control. See the accesskey attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

disabled

The control is unavailable in this context. See the disabled attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

name

Form control or object name when submitted with a form. See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

tabIndex

Index that represents the element's position in the tabbing order. See the tabindex attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

type

The type of button. See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

value

The current form control value. See the value attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLLabelElement

Form field label text. See the LABEL element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLLabelElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement form;
     attribute DOMString accessKey;
     attribute DOMString htmlFor;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

form

Returns the FORM element containing this control. Returns null if this control is not within the context of a form.

accessKey

A single character access key to give access to the form control. See the accesskey attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### htmlFor

This attribute links this label with another form control by id attribute. See the for attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLFieldSetElement

Organizes form controls into logical groups. See the FIELDSET element definition in HTML 4.0. IDL Definition

```
interface HTMLFieldSetElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement form;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

form

Returns the FORM element containing this control. Returns null if this control is not within the context of a form.

## Interface HTMLLegendElement

Provides a caption for a FIELDSET grouping. See the LEGEND element definition in HTML 4.0. IDL Definition

```
interface HTMLLegendElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement form;
      attribute DOMString accessKey;
      attribute DOMString align;
};
```

## **Attributes**

form

Returns the FORM element containing this control. Returns null if this control is not within the context of a form.

```
accessKey
```

A single character access key to give access to the form control. See the accesskey attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

align

Text alignment relative to FIELDSET. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLUListElement

Unordered list. See the UL element definition in HTML 4.0.

```
interface HTMLUListElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute boolean compact;
          attribute DOMString type;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

compact

Reduce spacing between list items. See the compact attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

type

Bullet style. See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLOListElement

Ordered list. See the OL element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLOListElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute boolean compact;
    attribute long start;
    attribute DOMString type;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

compact

Reduce spacing between list items. See the compact attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

start

Starting sequence number. See the start attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

type

Numbering style. See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLDListElement

Definition list. See the DL element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

#### **Attributes**

compact

Reduce spacing between list items. See the compact attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLDirectoryElement

Directory list. See the DIR element definition in HTML 4.0. This element is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

#### **Attributes**

compact

Reduce spacing between list items. See the compact attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLMenuElement

Menu list. See the MENU element definition in HTML 4.0. This element is deprecated in HTML 4.0. IDL Definition

```
interface HTMLMenuElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute boolean compact;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

compact

Reduce spacing between list items. See the compact attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLLIElement

List item. See the LI element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLLIElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString type;
    attribute long value;
};
```

#### Attributes

type

List item bullet style. See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

value

Reset sequence number when used in OL See the value attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLBlockquoteElement

??? See the BLOCKQUOTE element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **Attributes**

cite

A URI designating a document that describes the reason for the change. See the cite attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLDivElement

Generic block container. See the DIV element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

#### **Attributes**

align

Horizontal text alignment. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLParagraphElement

Paragraphs. See the P element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLParagraphElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString align;
};
```

## **Attributes**

align

Horizontal text alignment. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLHeadingElement

For the H1 to H6 elements. See the H1 element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLHeadingElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString align;
};
```

## **Attributes**

align

Horizontal text alignment. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLQuoteElement

For the Q and BLOCKQUOTE elements. See the Q element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLQuoteElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString cite;
};
```

#### Attributes

cite

A URI designating a document that designates a source document or message. See the cite attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLPreElement

Preformatted text. See the PRE element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

#### **Attributes**

width

Fixed width for content. See the width attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLBRElement

Force a line break. See the BR element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLBRElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString clear;
};
```

## **Attributes**

clear

Control flow of text around floats. See the clear attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLBaseFontElement

Base font. See the BASEFONT element definition in HTML 4.0. This element is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

```
interface HTMLBaseFontElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString color;
    attribute DOMString face;
    attribute DOMString size;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

color

Font color. See the color attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

face

Font face identifier. See the face attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

size

Font size. See the size attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLFontElement

Local change to font. See the FONT element definition in HTML 4.0. This element is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLFontElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString color;
    attribute DOMString face;
    attribute DOMString size;
};
```

## **Attributes**

color

Font color. See the color attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

face

Font face identifier. See the face attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

size

Font size. See the size attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLHRElement

Create a horizontal rule. See the HR element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLHRElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString align;
    attribute boolean noShade;
    attribute DOMString size;
    attribute DOMString width;
};
```

## **Attributes**

align

Align the rule on the page. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### noShade

Indicates to the user agent that there should be no shading in the rendering of this element. See the noshade attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

size

The height of the rule. See the size attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

width

The width of the rule. See the width attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLModElement

Notice of modification to part of a document. See the INS and DEL element definitions in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLModElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString cite;
    attribute DOMString dateTime;
};
```

#### Attributes

cite

A URI designating a document that describes the reason for the change. See the cite attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

dateTime

The date and time of the change. See the datetime attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### . . Interface HTMLAnchorElement

The anchor element. See the A element definition in HTML 4.0.

```
interface HTMLAnchorElement : HTMLElement {
            attribute DOMString
  accessKey;
            attribute DOMString
attribute DOMString
attribute DOMString
attribute DOMString
  charset;
  coords:
   href;
   hreflang;
            attribute DOMString
   name;
            attribute DOMString
   rel;
            attribute DOMString
   rev;
            attribute DOMString
   shape;
            attribute long
   tabIndex;
            attribute DOMString
   target;
            attribute DOMString
   type;
  void
                               blur();
  void
                                focus();
};
```

#### **Attributes**

accessKey

A single character access key to give access to the form control. See the accesskey attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

charset

The character encoding of the linked resource. See the charset attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

coords

Comma-separated list of lengths, defining an active region geometry. See also shape for the shape of the region. See the coords attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

href

The URI of the linked resource. See the href attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

hreflang

Language code of the linked resource. See the hreflang attribute definition in HTML 4.0. name

Anchor name. See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

rel

Forward link type. See the rel attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

rev

Reverse link type. See the rev attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

shape

The shape of the active area. The coordinates are given by coords. See the shape attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

tabIndex

Index that represents the element's position in the tabbing order. See the tabindex attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

target

Frame to render the resource in. See the target attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

type

Advisory content type. See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### Methods

blur

Removes keyboard focus from this element.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

focus

Gives keyboard focus to this element.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### Interface HTMLImageElement

Embedded image. See the IMG element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLImageElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   lowSrc;
           attribute DOMString
   name;
           attribute DOMString
   align;
           attribute DOMString
   alt;
           attribute DOMString
   border:
           attribute DOMString
   height;
           attribute DOMString attribute boolean
   hspace:
   isMap;
           attribute DOMString
   longDesc;
           attribute DOMString
   src;
           attribute DOMString
   useMap;
           attribute DOMString
   vspace;
           attribute DOMString
   width;
};
```

## **Attributes**

lowSrc

URI designating the source of this image, for low-resolution output.

name

The name of the element (for backwards compatibility).

align

Aligns this object (vertically or horizontally) with respect to its surrounding text. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

alt

Alternate text for user agents not rendering the normal content of this element. See the alt attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

border

Width of border around image. See the border attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

height

Override height. See the height attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

hspace

Horizontal space to the left and right of this image. See the hspace attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

isMap

Use server-side image map. See the ismap attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

longDesc

URI designating a long description of this image or frame. See the longdesc attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

src

URI designating the source of this image. See the src attribute definition in HTML 4.0. useMap

Use client-side image map. See the usemap attribute definition in HTML 4.0. vspace

Vertical space above and below this image. See the vspace attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

width

Override width. See the width attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLObjectElement

Generic embedded object. *Note*. In principle, all properties on the object element are read-write but in some environments some properties may be read-only once the underlying object is instantiated. See the OBJECT element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### IDL Definition

```
interface HTMLObjectElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
  form;
           attribute DOMString
  code;
           attribute DOMString
   align;
           attribute DOMString
   archive;
           attribute DOMString
   border;
           attribute DOMString
   codeBase;
           attribute DOMString
   codeType;
           attribute DOMString
   data;
           attribute boolean
   declare;
           attribute DOMString
   height;
           attribute DOMString
   hspace;
           attribute DOMString
   name;
           attribute DOMString
   standby;
           attribute long
   tabIndex;
          attribute DOMString attribute DOMString
   type;
   useMap;
           attribute DOMString
   vspace;
           attribute DOMString
   width;
};
```

## **Attributes**

form

Returns the FORM element containing this control. Returns null if this control is not within the context of a form.

code

Applet class file. See the code attribute for HTMLAppletElement.

Aligns this object (vertically or horizontally) with respect to its surrounding text. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

archive

Space-separated list of archives. See the archive attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

Width of border around the object. See the border attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

codeBase

Base URI for classid, data, and archive attributes. See the codebase attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

codeType

Content type for data downloaded via classid attribute. See the codetype attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### data

A URI specifying the location of the object's data. See the data attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### declare

Declare (for future reference), but do not instantiate, this object. See the declare attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### height

Override height. See the height attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## hspace

Horizontal space to the left and right of this image, applet, or object. See the hspace attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### name

Form control or object name when submitted with a form. See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### standby

Message to render while loading the object. See the standby attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### tabIndex

Index that represents the element's position in the tabbing order. See the tabindex attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### type

Content type for data downloaded via data attribute. See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## useMap

Use client-side image map. See the usemap attribute definition in HTML 4.0. vspace

Vertical space above and below this image, applet, or object. See the vspace attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### width

Override width. See the width attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLParamElement

Parameters fed to the OBJECT element. See the PARAM element definition in HTML 4.0. IDL Definition

```
interface HTMLParamElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString name;
    attribute DOMString type;
    attribute DOMString value;
    attribute DOMString value;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

#### name

The name of a run-time parameter. See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

type

Content type for the value attribute when value type has the value "ref". See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

value

The value of a run-time parameter. See the value attribute definition in HTML 4.0. valueType

Information about the meaning of the value attribute value. See the valuetype attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLAppletElement

An embedded Java applet. See the APPLET element definition in HTML 4.0. This element is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLAppletElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString attribute DOMString attribute
  align;
   alt;
   archive;
           attribute DOMString
   code;
           attribute DOMString
   codeBase;
           attribute DOMString
   height;
           attribute DOMString
   hspace;
           attribute DOMString
   name;
           attribute DOMString
   object;
           attribute DOMString
   vspace;
           attribute DOMString
   width;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

align

Aligns this object (vertically or horizontally) with respect to its surrounding text. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

alt

Alternate text for user agents not rendering the normal content of this element. See the alt attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

archive

Comma-separated archive list. See the archive attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

code

Applet class file. See the code attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

codeBase

Optional base URI for applet. See the codebase attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

height

Override height. See the height attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### hspace

Horizontal space to the left and right of this image, applet, or object. See the hspace attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### name

The name of the applet. See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

object

Serialized applet file. See the object attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

vspace

Vertical space above and below this image, applet, or object. See the vspace attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

width

Override width. See the width attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLMapElement

Client-side image map. See the MAP element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

#### **Attributes**

areas

The list of areas defined for the image map.

name

Names the map (for use with usemap). See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLAreaElement

Client-side image map area definition. See the AREA element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLAreaElement : HTMLElement (
           attribute DOMString
   accessKey;
           attribute DOMString
   alt;
           attribute DOMString attribute DOMString
  coords;
   href;
           attribute boolean
   noHref;
           attribute DOMString
  shape;
           attribute long
   tabIndex;
           attribute DOMString
   target;
};
```

## Attributes

#### accessKey

A single character access key to give access to the form control. See the accesskey attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

alt

Alternate text for user agents not rendering the normal content of this element. See the alt attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### coords

Comma-separated list of lengths, defining an active region geometry. See also shape for the shape of the region. See the coords attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

href

The URI of the linked resource. See the href attribute definition in HTML 4.0. noHref

Specifies that this area is inactive, i.e., has no associated action. See the nohref attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

shape

The shape of the active area. The coordinates are given by coords. See the shape attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

tabIndex

Index that represents the element's position in the tabbing order. See the tabindex attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

target

Frame to render the resource in. See the target attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLScriptElement

Script statements. See the SCRIPT element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLScriptElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString
  text;
          attribute DOMString
  htmlFor;
          attribute DOMString
  event;
          attribute DOMString
  charset;
          attribute boolean
  defer;
          attribute DOMString
  src;
          attribute DOMString
  type;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

text

The script content of the element.

htmlFor

Reserved for future use.

event

Reserved for future use.

charset

The character encoding of the linked resource. See the charset attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

defer

Indicates that the user agent can defer processing of the script. See the defer attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

src

URI designating an external script. See the src attribute definition in HTML 4.0. type

The content type of the script language. See the type attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLTableElement

The create\* and delete\* methods on the table allow authors to construct and modify tables. HTML 4.0 specifies that only one of each of the CAPTION, THEAD, and TFOOT elements may exist in a table. Therefore, if one exists, and the createTHead() or createTFoot() method is called, the method returns the existing THead or TFoot element. See the TABLE element definition in HTML 4.0. IDL Definition

```
interface HTMLTableElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute HTMLTableCaptionElement caption;
           attribute HTMLTableSectionElement tHead;
           attribute HTMLTableSectionElement tFoot;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
  tBodies;
           attribute DOMString
attribute DOMString
attribute DOMString
  align;
  bqColor;
   border;
           attribute DOMString
   cellPadding;
           attribute DOMString
   cellSpacing;
           attribute DOMString
   frame;
           attribute DOMString
   rules:
           attribute DOMString
   summary;
           attribute DOMString
   width;
  HTMLElement
                             createTHead();
  void
                             deleteTHead();
  HTMLElement
                             createTFoot();
  void
                             deleteTFoot();
  HTMLElement
                             createCaption();
  void
                             deleteCaption();
 HTMLElement
                             insertRow(in long index);
  void
                             deleteRow(in long index);
1:
```

#### **Attributes**

caption

Returns the table's CAPTION, or void if none exists.

tHead

Returns the table's THEAD, or null if none exists. tFoot

Returns the table's TFOOT, or null if none exists.

Returns a collection of all the rows in the table, including all in THEAD, TFOOT, all TBODY elements.

#### tBodies

Returns a collection of the defined table bodies.

## align

Specifies the table's position with respect to the rest of the document. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### bgColor

Cell background color. See the bgcolor attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### border

The width of the border around the table. See the border attribute definition in HTML 4.0. cellPadding

Specifies the horizontal and vertical space between cell content and cell borders. See the cellpadding attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## cellSpacing

Specifies the horizontal and vertical separation between cells. See the cellspacing attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### frame

Specifies which external table borders to render. See the frame attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### rules

Specifies which internal table borders to render. See the rules attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### summary

Supplementary description about the purpose or structure of a table. See the summary attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### width

Specifies the desired table width. See the width attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Methods

#### createTHead

Create a table header row or return an existing one.

#### Return Value

A new table header element (THEAD).

This method has no parameters.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### deleteTHead

Delete the header from the table, if one exists.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### createTFoot

Create a table footer row or return an existing one.

### Return Value

A footer element (TFOOT).

This method has no parameters.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### deleteTFoot

Delete the footer from the table, if one exists.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

## createCaption

Create a new table caption object or return an existing one.

## **Return Value**

A CAPTION element.

This method has no parameters.

This method raises no exceptions.

## deleteCaption

Delete the table caption, if one exists.

This method has no parameters.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### insertRow

Insert a new empty row in the table. *Note*. A table row cannot be empty according to HTML 4.0 Recommendation.

#### **Parameters**

index

The row number where to insert a new row.

## Return Value

The newly created row.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### deleteRow

Delete a table row.

#### **Parameters**

index

The index of the row to be deleted.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

#### Interface HTMLTableCaptionElement

Table caption See the CAPTION element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

#### **Attributes**

align

Caption alignment with respect to the table. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLTableColElement

Regroups the COL and COLGROUP elements. See the COL element definition in HTML 4.0. IDL Definition

#### **Attributes**

align

Horizontal alignment of cell data in column. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

ch

Alignment character for cells in a column. See the char attribute definition in HTML 4.0. chOff

Offset of alignment character. See the charoff attribute definition in HTML 4.0. span

Indicates the number of columns in a group or affected by a grouping. See the span attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

vAlign

Vertical alignment of cell data in column. See the valign attribute definition in HTML 4.0. width

Default column width. See the width attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Interface HTMLTableSectionElement

The THEAD, TFOOT, and TBODY elements.

#### **IDL** Definition

#### **Attributes**

align

Horizontal alignment of data in cells. See the align attribute for HTMLTheadElement for details.

ch

Alignment character for cells in a column. See the char attribute definition in HTML 4.0. chOff

Offset of alignment character. See the charoff attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

vAlign

Vertical alignment of data in cells. See the valign attribute for HTMLTheadElement for details.

rows

The collection of rows in this table section.

#### Methods

insertRow

Insert a row into this section.

#### **Parameters**

index

The row number where to insert a new row.

#### Return Value

The newly created row.

This method raises no exceptions.

deleteRow

Delete a row from this section.

#### **Parameters**

index

The index of the row to be deleted.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

## Interface HTMLTableRowElement

A row in a table. See the TR element definition in HTML 4.0.

## **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLTableRowElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute long rowIndex;
    attribute long sectionRowIndex;
    attribute HTMLCollection cells;
    attribute DOMString align;
    attribute DOMString bgColor;
    attribute DOMString ch;
    attribute DOMString ch;
```

#### 2.5.5. Object definitions

vAlign;

```
HTMLElement
                                     insertCell(in long index);
      void
                                     deleteCell(in long index);
    };
Attributes
    rowIndex
         The index of this row, relative to the entire table.
    sectionRowIndex
         The index of this row, relative to the current section (THEAD, TFOOT, or TBODY).
    cells
         The collection of cells in this row.
    align
         Horizontal alignment of data within cells of this row. See the align attribute definition in
         HTML 4.0.
    bgColor
         Background color for rows. See the bgcolor attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute
         is deprecated in HTML 4.0.
    ch
```

Alignment character for cells in a column. See the char attribute definition in HTML 4.0. chOff

Offset of alignment character. See the charoff attribute definition in HTML 4.0. vAlign

Vertical alignment of data within cells of this row. See the valign attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

## Methods

insertCell

Insert an empty TD cell into this row.

attribute DOMString

**Parameters** 

index The place to insert the cell.

## **Return Value**

The newly created cell.

This method raises no exceptions.

deleteCell

Delete a cell from the current row.

**Parameters** 

index The index of the cell to delete.

This method returns nothing.

This method raises no exceptions.

## Interface HTMLTableCellElement

The object used to represent the TH and TD elements. See the TD element definition in HTML 4.0. IDL Definition

```
interface HTMLTableCellElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute long
  cellIndex;
          attribute DOMString
  abbr;
          attribute
                     DOMString
  align;
          attribute
                     DOMString
  axis:
          attribute
                     DOMString
  bgColor;
          attribute DOMString
  ch;
          attribute DOMString
  chOff;
          attribute long
  colSpan;
          attribute DOMString
  headers;
          attribute DOMString
  height;
          attribute boolean
  noWrap;
          attribute long
  rowSpan;
          attribute DOMString
  scope;
          attribute DOMString
  vAlign;
          attribute DOMString
  width;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

cellIndex

The index of this cell in the row.

abbr

Abbreviation for header cells. See the abbr attribute definition in HTML 4.0. align

Horizontal alignment of data in cell. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. axis

Names group of related headers. See the axis attribute definition in HTML 4.0. bgColor

Cell background color. See the bgcolor attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

ch

Alignment character for cells in a column. See the char attribute definition in HTML 4.0. chOff

Offset of alignment character. See the charoff attribute definition in HTML 4.0. colSpan

Number of columns spanned by cell. See the colspan attribute definition in HTML 4.0. neaders

List of id attribute values for header cells. See the headers attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

height

Cell height. See the height attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

noWrap

Suppress word wrapping. See the nowrap attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

```
rowSpan
```

Number of rows spanned by cell. See the rowspan attribute definition in HTML 4.0. scope

Scope covered by header cells. See the scope attribute definition in HTML 4.0. vAlign

Vertical alignment of data in cell. See the valign attribute definition in HTML 4.0. width

Cell width. See the width attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLFrameSetElement

Create a grid of frames. See the FRAMESET element definition in HTML 4.0. IDL Definition

```
interface HTMLFrameSetElement : HTMLElement {
    attribute DOMString cols;
    attribute DOMString rows;
};
```

#### **Attributes**

cols

The number of columns of frames in the frameset. See the cols attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

rows

The number of rows of frames in the frameset. See the rows attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

#### Interface HTMLFrameElement

Create a frame. See the FRAME element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLFrameElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString
  frameBorder;
          attribute DOMString
  longDesc;
          attribute DOMString
  marginHeight;
          attribute DOMString
  marginWidth;
          attribute DOMString
  name:
          attribute boolean
  noResize;
          attribute DOMString
  scrolling;
          attribute DOMString
  src;
};
```

### **Attributes**

frameBorder

Request frame borders. See the frameborder attribute definition in HTML 4.0. longDesc

URI designating a long description of this image or frame. See the longdesc attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

marginHeight

Frame margin height, in pixels. See the marginheight attribute definition in HTML 4.0. marginWidth

Frame margin width, in pixels. See the margin width attribute definition in HTML 4.0. name

The frame name (object of the target attribute). See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

noResize

When true, forbid user from resizing frame. See the noresize attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

scrolling

Specify whether or not the frame should have scrollbars. See the scrolling attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

src

A URI designating the initial frame contents. See the src attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

### Interface HTMLIFrameElement

Inline subwindows. See the IFRAME element definition in HTML 4.0.

#### **IDL** Definition

```
interface HTMLIFrameElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   align;
           attribute DOMString
  frameBorder;
           attribute DOMString
   height;
           attribute DOMString
   longDesc;
           attribute DOMString
   marginHeight;
           attribute DOMString
   marginWidth;
           attribute DOMString
   name;
           attribute DOMString attribute DOMString
   scrolling;
   src;
           attribute DOMString
   width;
};
```

## **Attributes**

align

Aligns this object (vertically or horizontally) with respect to its surrounding text. See the align attribute definition in HTML 4.0. This attribute is deprecated in HTML 4.0.

frameBorder

Request frame borders. See the frameborder attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

height

Frame height. See the height attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

longDesc

URI designating a long description of this image or frame. See the longdesc attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

marginHeight

Frame margin height, in pixels. See the marginheight attribute definition in HTML 4.0. marginWidth

Frame margin width, in pixels. See the marginwidth attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

name

The frame name (object of the target attribute). See the name attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

scrolling

Specify whether or not the frame should have scrollbars. See the scrolling attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

src

A URI designating the initial frame contents. See the src attribute definition in HTML 4.0. width

Frame width. See the width attribute definition in HTML 4.0.

# **Appendix A: Contributors**

Members of the DOM Working Group and Interest Group contributing to this specification were:

Lauren Wood, SoftQuad, Inc., chair Arnaud Le Hors, W3C, W3C staff contact Andrew Watson, Object Management Group Bill Smith, Sun Chris Lovett, Microsoft Chris Wilson, Microsoft David Brownell, Sun David Singer, IBM Don Park, invited Eric Vasilik, Microsoft Gavin Nicol, INSO Ian Jacobs, W3C James Clark, invited Jared Sorensen, Novell Jonathan Robie, Texcel Mike Champion, ArborText Paul Grosso, ArborText Peter Sharpe, SoftQuad, Inc. Phil Karlton, Netscape Ray Whitmer, iMall Rich Rollman, Microsoft Rick Gessner, Netscape Robert Sutor, IBM Scott Isaacs, Microsoft Sharon Adler, INSO Steve Byrne, JavaSoft

Tim Bray, invited Tom Pixley, Netscape Vidur Apparao, Netscape

## Appendix A: Contributors

# **Appendix B: Glossary**

**Editors** 

Robert S. Sutor, IBM Research

Several of the following term definitions have been borrowed or modified from similar definitions in other W3C or standards documents. See the links within the definitions for more information.

#### ancestor

An ancestor node of any node A is any node above A in a tree model of a document, where "above" means "toward the root."

#### API

An API is an application programming interface, a set of functions or methods used to access some functionality.

#### child

A child is an immediate descendant node of a node.

## client application

A [client] application is any software that uses the Document Object Model programming interfaces provided by the hosting implementation to accomplish useful work. Some examples of client applications are scripts within an HTML or XML document.

#### COM

COM is Microsoft's Component Object Model, a technology for building applications from binary software components.

#### content model

The *content model* is a simple grammar governing the allowed types of the child elements and the order in which they appear. See [XML]

#### context

A context specifies an access pattern (or path): a set of interfaces which give you a way to interact with a model. For example, imagine a model with different colored arcs connecting data nodes. A context might be a sheet of colored acetate that is placed over the model allowing you a partial view of the total information in the model.

#### convenience

A convenience method is an operation on an object that could be accomplished by a program consisting of more basic operations on the object. Convenience methods are usually provided to make the API easier and simpler to use or to allow specific programs to create more optimized implementations for common operations. A similar definition holds for a convenience property.

#### cooked model

A model for a document that represents the document after it has been manipulated in some way. For example, any combination of any of the following transformations would create a cooked model:

- 1. Expansion of internal text entities.
- 2. Expansion of external entities.
- 3. Model augmentation with style-specified generated text.
- 4. Execution of style-specified reordering.
- 5. Execution of scripts.

A browser might only be able to provide access to a cooked model, while an editor might provide access to a cooked or the initial structure model (also known as the *uncooked model*) for a document.

#### **CORBA**

CORBA is the Common Object Request Broker Architecture from the OMG. This architecture is a collection of objects and libraries that allow the creation of applications containing objects that make and receive requests and responses in a distributed environment.

#### cursor

A cursor is an object representation of a node. It may possess information about context and the path traversed to reach the node.

#### data model

A data model is a collection of descriptions of data structures and their contained fields, together with the operations or functions that manipulate them.

#### deprecation

When new releases of specifications are released, some older features may be marked as being deprecated. This means that new work should not use the features and that although they are supported in the current release, they may not be supported or available in future releases.

#### descendant

A descendant node of any node A is any node below A in a tree model of a document, where "above" means "toward the root."

#### **ECMAScript**

The programming language defined by the ECMA-262 standard. As stated in the standard, the originating technology for ECMAScript was JavaScript. Note that in the ECMAScript binding, the word "property" is used in the same sense as the IDL term "attribute."

#### element

Each document contains one or more elements, the boundaries of which are either delimited by start-tags and end-tags, or, for empty elements by an empty-element tag. Each element has a type, identified by name, and may have a set of attributes. Each attribute has a name and a value. [XML] event propagation, also known as event bubbling

This is the idea that an event can affect one object and a set of related objects. Any of the potentially affected objects can block the event or substitute a different one (upward event propagation). The

event is broadcast from the node at which it originates to every parent node.

## equivalence

Two nodes are *equivalent* if they have the same node type and same node name. Also, if the nodes contain data, that must be the same. Finally, if the nodes have attributes then collection of attribute names must be the same and the attributes corresponding by name must be equivalent as nodes. Two nodes are *deeply equivalent* if they are *equivalent*, the child node lists are equivalent are equivalent as NodeList objects, and the pairs of equivalent attributes must in fact be deeply equivalent. Two NodeList objects are *equivalent* if they have the same length, and the nodes corresponding by index are deeply equivalent. Two NamedNodeMap objects are *equivalent* if they are have the same length, they have same collection of names, and the nodes corresponding by name in the maps are deeply equivalent. Two DocumentType nodes are *equivalent* if they are equivalent as nodes, have the same names, and have equivalent entities and attributes NamedNodeMap objects.

#### hosting implementation

A [hosting] implementation is a software module that provides an implementation of the DOM interfaces so that a client application can use them. Some examples of hosting implementations are browsers, editors and document repositories.

#### HTML

The HyperText Markup Language (HTML) is a simple markup language used to create hypertext documents that are portable from one platform to another. HTML documents are SGML documents with generic semantics that are appropriate for representing information from a wide range of applications. [HTML 3.2] [HTML4.0]

#### **IDL**

An Interface Definition Language (IDL) is used to define the interfaces for accessing and operating upon objects. Examples of IDLs are the Object Management Group's IDL, Microsoft's IDL, and Sun's Java IDL.

### implementor

Companies, organizations, and individuals that claim to support the Document Object Model as an API for their products.

#### inheritance

In object-oriented programming, the ability to create new classes (or interfaces) that contain all the methods and properties of another class (or interface), plus additional methods and properties. If class (or interface) D inherits from class (or interface) B, then D is said to be *derived* from B. B is said to be a *base* class (or interface) for D. Some programming languages allow for multiple inheritance, that is, inheritance from more than one class or interface.

## initial structure model

Also known as the *raw structure model* or the *uncooked model*, this represents the document before it has been modified by entity expansions, generated text, style-specified reordering, or the execution of scripts. In some implementations, this might correspond to the "initial parse tree" for the document, if it ever exists. Note that a given implementation might not be able to provide access to the initial structure model for a document, though an editor probably would.

#### interface

An *interface* is a declaration of a set of methods with no information given about their implementation. In object systems that support interfaces and inheritance, interfaces can usually inherit from one another.

#### language binding

A programming language binding for an IDL specification is an implementation of the interfaces in the specification for the given language. For example, a Java language binding for the Document Object Model IDL specification would implement the concrete Java classes that provide the functionality exposed by the interfaces.

#### method

A method is an operation or function that is associated with an object and is allowed to manipulate the object's data.

#### model

A model is the actual data representation for the information at hand. Examples are the structural model and the style model representing the parse structure and the style information associated with a document. The model might be a tree, or a directed graph, or something else.

#### object model

An *object model* is a collection of descriptions of classes or interfaces, together with their member data, member functions, and class-static operations.

#### parent

A parent is an immediate ancestor node of a node.

#### root node

The *root node* is the unique node that is not a child of any other node. All other nodes are children or other descendents of the root node. [XML]

## sibling

Two nodes are siblings if they have the same parent node.

## string comparison

When string matching is required, it is to occur as though the comparison was between 2 sequences of code points from the Unicode 2.0 standard.

## tag valid document

A document is tag valid if all begin and end tags are properly balanced and nested.

## type valid document

A document is type valid if it conforms to an explicit DTD.

#### uncooked model

See initial structure model.

#### well-formed document

A document is well-formed if it is tag valid and entities are limited to single elements (i.e., single sub-trees).

#### **XML**

Extensible Markup Language (XML) is an extremely simple dialect of SGML which is completely described in this document. The goal is to enable generic SGML to be served, received, and processed on the Web in the way that is now possible with HTML. XML has been designed for ease of implementation and for interoperability with both SGML and HTML. [XML]

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## **Appendix C: IDL Definitions**

This appendix contains the complete OMG IDL for the Level 1 Document Object Model definitions. The definitions are divided into Core and HTML.

The IDL files are also available as: http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-DOM-Level-1-19981001/idl.zip

## C.1: Document Object Model Level 1 Core

This section contains the OMG IDL definitions for the interfaces in the Core Document Object Model specification, including the extended (XML) interfaces.

```
exception DOMException {
    unsigned short
  // ExceptionCode
  const unsigned short
                            INDEX SIZE ERR
  const unsigned short
                            DOMSTRING_SIZE_ERR = 2;
  const unsigned short
                            HIERARCHY_REQUEST_ERR = 3;
  const unsigned short
                            WRONG_DOCUMENT_ERR = 4;
  const unsigned short
                            INVALID_CHARACTER_ERR = 5;
  const unsigned short
                            NO_DATA_ALLOWED_ERR = 6;
  const unsigned short
                            NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR = 7;
  const unsigned short
                            NOT_FOUND_ERR
  = 8:
  const unsigned short
                            NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR = 9;
  const unsigned short
                            INUSE_ATTRIBUTE_ERR = 10;
  // ExceptionCode
  const unsigned short
                             INDEX_SIZE_ERR
.. const unsigned short
                            DOMSTRING_SIZE_ERR = 2;
                            HIERARCHY_REQUEST_ERR = 3;
  const unsigned short
  const unsigned short
                            WRONG_DOCUMENT_ERR = 4;
  const unsigned short
                            INVALID_CHARACTER_ERR = 5;
  const unsigned short
                             NO_DATA_ALLOWED_ERR = 6;
  const unsigned short
                            NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR = 7;
  const unsigned short
                            NOT_FOUND_ERR
  = 8:
                            NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR = 9;
  const unsigned short
  const unsigned short
                            INUSE_ATTRIBUTE_ERR = 10;
  interface DOMImplementation {
    boolean
                               hasFeature(in DOMString feature,
  in DOMString version);
  };
  interface DocumentFragment : Node {
  interface Document : Node {
    readonly attribute DocumentType
  doctype;
    readonly attribute DOMImplementation
  implementation;
    readonly attribute Element
  documentElement;
    Element
                               createElement(in DOMString tagName)
```

```
raises(DOMException);
  DocumentFragment
                            createDocumentFragment();
  Text
                            createTextNode(in DOMString data);
  Comment
                            createComment(in DOMString data);
  CDATASection
                            createCDATASection(in DOMString data)
  raises(DOMException);
  ProcessingInstruction
                            createProcessingInstruction(in DOMString target,
   in DOMString data)
   raises(DOMException);
  Attr
                            createAttribute(in DOMString name)
   raises(DOMException);
  EntityReference
                            createEntityReference(in DOMString name)
   raises(DOMException);
                            getElementsByTagName(in DOMString tagname);
  NodeList
);
interface Node {
  // NodeType
  const unsigned short
  = 1;
                            ELEMENT_NODE
  const unsigned short
                            ATTRIBUTE_NODE
  = 2;
  const unsigned short
                            TEXT_NODE
  = 3:
  const unsigned short
                            CDATA_SECTION_NODE = 4;
  const unsigned short
                            ENTITY_REFERENCE_NODE = 5;
  const unsigned short
                            ENTITY_NODE
   = 6;
  const unsigned short
                            PROCESSING_INSTRUCTION_NODE = 7;
  const unsigned short
                            COMMENT_NODE = 8;
  const unsigned short
                            DOCUMENT_NODE
   = 9;
  const unsigned short
                            DOCUMENT_TYPE_NODE = 10;
  const unsigned short
                            DOCUMENT_FRAGMENT_NODE = 11;
  const unsigned short
                            NOTATION_NODE
  readonly attribute DOMString
   nodeName:
           attribute DOMString
   nodeValue;
  // raises(DOMException) on setting
   // raises(DOMException) on retrieval
  readonly attribute unsigned short
   nodeType;
  readonly attribute Node
   parentNode;
  readonly attribute NodeList
   childNodes;
  readonly attribute Node
   firstChild;
  readonly attribute Node
   lastChild;
  readonly attribute Node
   previousSibling;
  readonly attribute Node
   nextSibling;
  readonly attribute NamedNodeMap
   attributes;
  readonly attribute Document
   ownerDocument;
  Node
                            insertBefore(in Node newChild,
   in Node refChild)
   raises(DOMException);
  Node
                            replaceChild(in Node newChild,
   in Node oldChild)
   raises(DOMException);
  Node
                            removeChild(in Node oldChild)
  raises(DOMException);
  Node
                            appendChild(in Node newChild)
  raises(DOMException);
  boolean
                            hasChildNodes();
  Node
                            cloneNode(in boolean deep);
};
```

```
interface NodeList {
  Node
                            item(in unsigned long index);
  readonly attribute unsigned long
  length;
};
interface NamedNodeMap {
                            getNamedItem(in DOMString name);
 Node
                            setNamedItem(in Node arg)
  raises(DOMException);
  Node
                            removeNamedItem(in DOMString name)
   raises(DOMException);
 Node
                            item(in unsigned long index);
 readonly attribute unsigned long
  length;
);
interface CharacterData : Node {
           attribute DOMString
  data;
                                 // raises(DOMException) on setting
                                 // raises(DOMException) on retrieval
  readonly attribute unsigned long
   length;
 DOMString
                            substringData(in unsigned long offset,
   in unsigned long count)
   raises(DOMException);
  void
                            appendData(in DOMString arg)
  raises(DOMException);
  void
                            insertData(in unsigned long offset,
  in DOMString arg)
  raises(DOMException);
  void
                            deleteData(in unsigned long offset,
  in unsigned long count)
  raises(DOMException);
  void
                            replaceData(in unsigned long offset,
   in unsigned long count,
   in DOMString arg)
   raises(DOMException);
};
interface Attr : Node {
  readonly attribute DOMString
  name;
  readonly attribute boolean
  specified;
          attribute DOMString
  value;
};
interface Element : Node {
  readonly attribute DOMString
  tagName;
  DOMString
                            getAttribute(in DOMString name);
  void
                            setAttribute(in DOMString name,
  in DOMString value)
  raises(DOMException);
  void
                            removeAttribute(in DOMString name)
   raises(DOMException);
  Attr
                            getAttributeNode(in DOMString name);
  Attr
                            setAttributeNode(in Attr newAttr)
  raises(DOMException);
  Attr
                             removeAttributeNode(in Attr oldAttr)
   raises(DOMException);
```

```
NodeList
                            getElementsByTagName(in DOMString name);
  void
                            normalize();
};
interface Text : CharacterData {
  Text
                            splitText(in unsigned long offset)
                                      raises(DOMException);
};
interface Comment : CharacterData (
interface CDATASection : Text {
interface DocumentType : Node {
  readonly attribute DOMString
   name;
  readonly attribute NamedNodeMap
   entities;
  readonly attribute NamedNodeMap
   notations;
};
interface Notation : Node {
  readonly attribute DOMString
   publicId;
  readonly attribute DOMString
   systemId;
};
interface Entity : Node {
 readonly attribute DOMString
   publicId;
 readonly attribute DOMString
   systemId;
 readonly attribute DOMString
   notationName;
interface EntityReference : Node {
interface ProcessingInstruction : Node {
 readonly attribute DOMString
   target:
          attribute DOMString
   data;
                                      // raises(DOMException) on setting
};
```

# C.2: Document Object Model Level 1 HTML

```
interface HTMLCollection {
  readonly attribute unsigned long
   length;
  Node
                            item(in unsigned long index);
 Node
                            namedItem(in DOMString name);
};
interface HTMLDocument : Document {
           attribute DOMString
   title;
  readonly attribute DOMString
   referrer;
  readonly attribute DOMString
   domain;
  readonly attribute DOMString
   URL;
           attribute HTMLElement
   body;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   images;
```

```
readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   applets;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   links;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   forms;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   anchors;
           attribute DOMString
   cookie;
  void
                            open();
  void
                            close();
  void
                            write(in DOMString text);
  void
                            writeln(in DOMString text);
  Element
                            getElementById(in DOMString elementId);
  NodeList
                            getElementsByName(in DOMString elementNamé);
};
interface HTMLElement : Element {
           attribute DOMString
   id;
           attribute DOMString
   title;
           attribute DOMString
   lang;
           attribute DOMString
   dir;
           attribute DOMString
   className;
};
interface HTMLHtmlElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   version;
1:
interface HTMLHeadElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString
   profile;
interface HTMLLinkElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute boolean
   disabled;
           attribute DOMString
   charset;
           attribute DOMString
   href;
           attribute DOMString
   hreflang;
           attribute DOMString
   media;
           attribute DOMString
   rel;
           attribute DOMString
   rev;
           attribute DOMString
   target;
           attribute DOMString
   type;
};
interface HTMLTitleElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   text;
};
interface HTMLMetaElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   content;
          attribute DOMString
   httpEquiv;
           attribute
                     DOMString
   name;
           attribute DOMString
   scheme;
};
interface HTMLBaseElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString
   href;
          attribute DOMString
   target;
};
```

```
interface HTMLIsIndexElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
  form;
           attribute DOMString
  prompt;
};
interface HTMLStyleElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute boolean
  disabled;
           attribute DOMString
   media;
           attribute DOMString
  type;
};
interface HTMLBodyElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   aLink;
           attribute DOMString
   background;
           attribute DOMString
   bgColor;
           attribute DOMString
   link;
           attribute DOMString
   text;
           attribute DOMString
   vLink;
};
interface HTMLFormElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   elements;
  readonly attribute long
   length;
           attribute DOMString
   name;
           attribute DOMString
   acceptCharset;
           attribute DOMString
   action;
           attribute DOMString
   enctype;
           attribute DOMString
   method;
           attribute DOMString
   target;
  void
                            submit();
  void
                            reset();
};
interface HTMLSelectElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute DOMString
   type;
           attribute long
   selectedIndex;
           attribute DOMString
   value;
  readonly attribute long
   length;
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
   form;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   options;
           attribute boolean
   disabled;
           attribute boolean
   multiple;
           attribute DOMString
   name;
           attribute
                     long
   size;
           attribute long
   tabIndex;
  void
                            add(in HTMLElement element,
                                in HTMLElement before);
  void
                            remove(in long index);
  void
                            blur();
  void
                            focus();
};
interface HTMLOptGroupElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute boolean
  disabled;
           attribute DOMString
   label;
};
```

```
interface HTMLOptionElement : HTMLElement {
 readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
   form;
          attribute boolean
  defaultSelected;
 readonly attribute DOMString
   text;
          attribute long
   index;
          attribute boolean
   disabled;
          attribute DOMString
   label;
 readonly attribute boolean
   selected;
          attribute DOMString
  value;
);
interface HTMLInputElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString
  defaultValue;
          attribute boolean
  defaultChecked;
 readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
   form:
          attribute DOMString
   accept;
          attribute DOMString
  accessKey;
          attribute DOMString
  align;
          attribute DOMString
          attribute boolean
  checked;
          attribute boolean
   disabled;
          attribute long
   maxLength;
          attribute DOMString
   name;
          attribute boolean
  readOnly;
          attribute DOMString
  size;
          attribute DOMString
  src;
          attribute long
  tabIndex;
 readonly attribute DOMString
  type;
          attribute DOMString
  useMap;
          attribute DOMString
  value:
 void
                           blur();
 void
                           focus();
 void
                           select();
 void
                           click();
};
interface HTMLTextAreaElement : HTMLElement {
                                 defaultValue;
          attribute DOMString
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
  form;
          attribute DOMString
  accessKey;
          attribute long
  cols;
          attribute boolean
  disabled;
          attribute DOMString
  name;
          attribute boolean
  readOnly;
          attribute long
   rows;
          attribute long
  tabIndex;
  readonly attribute DOMString
  type;
          attribute DOMString
  value;
 void
                           blur();
  void
                           focus();
  void
                           select();
interface HTMLButtonElement : HTMLElement {
 readonly attribute HTMLFormElement form; attribute DOMString access
  accessKey;
          attribute boolean
  disabled;
```

```
attribute DOMString
  name;
             attribute long
  tabIndex;
    readonly attribute DOMString
  type;
            attribute DOMString
  value;
  };
  interface HTMLLabelElement : HTMLElement {
    readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
  form;
             attribute DOMString
  accessKey;
             attribute DOMString
  htmlFor;
  };
  interface HTMLFieldSetElement : HTMLElement {
    readonly attribute HTMLFormElement form;
  interface HTMLLegendElement : HTMLElement {
    readonly attribute HTMLFormElement form;
            attribute DOMString
   accessKey;
            attribute DOMString
  align;
  };
  interface HTMLUListElement : HTMLElement {
            attribute boolean
  compact;
            attribute DOMString
  type;
  };
  interface HTMLOListElement : HTMLElement {
            attribute boolean
  compact;
            attribute long
  start;
            attribute DOMString
  type;
  };
interface HTMLDListElement : HTMLElement {
             attribute boolean
  compact;
  interface HTMLDirectoryElement : HTMLElement {
            attribute boolean
  compact;
  interface HTMLMenuElement : HTMLElement {
            attribute boolean
  compact;
  };
  interface HTMLLIElement : HTMLElement {
             attribute DOMString
  type;
             attribute long
  value;
  };
  interface HTMLBlockquoteElement : HTMLElement {
            attribute DOMString
  cite;
  };
  interface HTMLDivElement : HTMLElement {
            attribute DOMString
  align;
  };
```

```
interface HTMLParagraphElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
  align;
};
interface HTMLHeadingElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
};
interface HTMLQuoteElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
  cite;
};
interface HTMLPreElement : HTMLElement (
           attribute long
  width;
};
interface HTMLBRElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
  clear;
1;
interface HTMLBaseFontElement : HTMLElement [
           attribute DOMString
           attribute DOMString
  face;
           attribute DOMString
  size;
};
interface HTMLFontElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
  color;
           attribute DOMString
  face;
           attribute DOMString
  size;
};
interface HTMLHRElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
  align;
           attribute boolean
  noShade;
           attribute DOMString
  size;
           attribute DOMString
  width;
};
interface HTMLModElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
  cite;
           attribute DOMString
  dateTime;
};
interface HTMLAnchorElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
  accessKey;
           attribute DOMString
  charset;
           attribute DOMString attribute DOMString
  coords;
  href;
           attribute DOMString
  hreflang;
           attribute DOMString
  name;
           attribute DOMString
  rel;
           attribute DOMString
  rev;
           attribute DOMString
  shape;
           attribute long
  tabIndex;
           attribute DOMString
  target;
```

```
attribute DOMString
   type;
  void
                            blur();
  void
                            focus();
};
interface HTMLImageElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   lowSrc;
           attribute
                      DOMString
   name;
           attribute DOMString
   align;
           attribute DOMString
   alt;
           attribute DOMString
   border;
           attribute DOMString
   height;
           attribute DOMString
   hspace;
           attribute boolean
   isMap;
           attribute DOMString
   longDesc;
           attribute DOMString
   src;
           attribute DOMString
   useMap;
           attribute DOMString
   vspace;
           attribute DOMString
   width;
};
interface HTMLObjectElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute HTMLFormElement
   form;
           attribute DOMString
   code;
           attribute DOMString
   align;
           attribute DOMString
   archive;
           attribute DOMString
   border;
           attribute DOMString
   codeBase;
           attribute DOMString
   codeType;
           attribute DOMString
   data;
           attribute boolean
   declare;
           attribute DOMString
   height;
                     DOMString
           attribute
   hspace;
           attribute
                      DOMString
   name;
           attribute
                      DOMString
   standby;
           attribute
                      long
   tabIndex;
           attribute DOMString
   type;
           attribute DOMString
   useMap;
           attribute DOMString
   vspace;
           attribute DOMString
   width;
};
interface HTMLParamElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   name;
           attribute DOMString
   type;
           attribute DOMString
   value;
           attribute DOMString
   valueType;
};
interface HTMLAppletElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   align;
           attribute DOMString
   alt:
           attribute DOMString
   archive;
           attribute DOMString
   code;
           attribute DOMString
   codeBase;
           attribute DOMString
   height;
           attribute DOMString
   hspace;
```

```
attribute DOMString
   name;
                     DOMString
          attribute
   object;
           attribute
                     DOMString
   vspace;
          attribute DOMString
   width;
};
interface HTMLMapElement : HTMLElement {
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   areas:
          attribute DOMString
   name;
};
interface HTMLAreaElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString
   accessKey;
          attribute DOMString
   alt;
          attribute DOMString
   coords;
          attribute DOMString
   href:
          attribute boolean
   noHref;
          attribute
                     DOMString
   shape;
          attribute
                     long
   tabIndex;
          attribute DOMString
   target;
};
interface HTMLScriptElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString
   text;
          attribute DOMString
   htmlFor;
          attribute DOMString
   event;
           attribute DOMString
   charset;
          attribute boolean
   defer;
          attribute DOMString
   src;
          attribute DOMString
   type;
};
interface HTMLTableElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute HTMLTableCaptionElement caption;
          attribute HTMLTableSectionElement tHead;
          attribute HTMLTableSectionElement tFoot;
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   rows:
  readonly attribute HTMLCollection
   tBodies;
          attribute DOMString
   aliqn;
   bgColor;
           attribute DOMString
          attribute DOMString
   border;
          attribute DOMString
   cellPadding;
          attribute DOMString
   cellSpacing;
          attribute DOMString
   frame;
          attribute
                     DOMString
   rules;
                     DOMString
          attribute
   summary;
          attribute
                     DOMString
   width;
  HTMLElement
                            createTHead();
  void
                            deleteTHead();
  HTMLElement
                            createTFoot();
  void
                            deleteTFoot();
  HTMLElement
                            createCaption();
  void
                            deleteCaption();
  HTMLElement
                            insertRow(in long index);
  void
                            deleteRow(in long index);
};
```

```
interface HTMLTableCaptionElement : HTMLElement {
              attribute DOMString
  };
  interface HTMLTableColElement : HTMLElement {
              attribute DOMString attribute DOMString attribute DOMString attribute long
                                       align;
  ch;
  chOff;
  span;
              attribute DOMString
  vAlign;
              attribute DOMString
  width;
  };
  interface HTMLTableSectionElement : HTMLElement {
              attribute DOMString
              attribute DOMString
  ch;
              attribute DOMString
  chOff;
              attribute DOMString
  vAlign;
    readonly attribute HTMLCollection
  rows;
    HTMLElement
                                insertRow(in long index);
    void
                                deleteRow(in long index);
  };
  interface HTMLTableRowElement : HTMLElement {
              attribute long
                                      rowIndex;
              attribute long
  sectionRowIndex;
              attribute HTMLCollection
   cells;
              attribute DOMString
   align;
              attribute DOMString
   bgColor;
              attribute DOMString
  ch;
              attribute DOMString
  chOff;
              attribute DOMString
  vAlign;
    HTMLElement
                                insertCell(in long index);
    void
                                deleteCell(in long index);
· · };
  interface HTMLTableCellElement : HTMLElement {
              attribute long
   cellIndex;
              attribute DOMString
  abbr;
              attribute DOMString
  align;
              attribute DOMString
  axis;
              attribute DOMString
  bgColor;
              attribute DOMString
  ch;
             attribute DOMString
attribute long
attribute DOMString
attribute DOMString
attribute boolean
  chOff;
  colSpan;
  headers;
  height;
  noWrap;
              attribute long
  rowSpan;
              attribute DOMString
  scope;
              attribute DOMString
  vAlign;
              attribute DOMString
  width;
  };
  interface HTMLFrameSetElement : HTMLElement {
              attribute DOMString
              attribute DOMString
  rows;
```

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```
};
interface HTMLFrameElement : HTMLElement {
           attribute DOMString
   frameBorder;
           attribute
                     DOMString
   longDesc;
           attribute
                     DOMString
   marginHeight;
           attribute
                     DOMString
   marginWidth;
           attribute
                     DOMString
   name;
           attribute
   noResize;
                     boolean
           attribute DOMString
   scrolling;
          attribute DOMString
   src;
};
interface HTMLIFrameElement : HTMLElement {
          attribute DOMString
   align;
          attribute DOMString
   frameBorder;
          attribute DOMString
   height;
          attribute DOMString
   longDesc;
          attribute DOMString
   marginHeight;
          attribute DOMString
   marginWidth;
          attribute DOMString
   name;
   scrolling;
          attribute DOMString
          attribute
                     DOMString
   src;
          attribute DOMString
   width;
};
```

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## **Appendix D: Java Language Binding**

This appendix contains the complete Java binding for the Level 1 Document Object Model. The definitions are divided into Core and HTML.

The Java files are also available as http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-DOM-Level-1-19981001/java-binding.zip

## **D.1: Document Object Model Level 1 Core**

```
public abstract class DOMException extends RuntimeException {
    public DOMException(short code, String message) {
       super(message);
       this.code = code;
    public short
                  code;
    // ExceptionCode
    public static final short
                                       INDEX_SIZE_ERR
                                       DOMSTRING_SIZE_ERR = 2;
    public static final short
                                       HIERARCHY_REQUEST_ERR = 3;
    public static final short
                                       WRONG_DOCUMENT_ERR = 4;
    public static final short
                                       INVALID_CHARACTER_ERR = 5;
    public static final short
    public static final short
                                       NO_DATA_ALLOWED_ERR = 6;
    public static final short
                                       NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR = 7;
    public static final short
                                       NOT_FOUND_ERR
                                      NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR
    public static final short
   = 9;
    public static final short
                                       INUSE_ATTRIBUTE_ERR = 10;
// ExceptionCode
  public static final short
                                     INDEX_SIZE_ERR
  public static final short
                                     DOMSTRING_SIZE_ERR
  public static final short
                                     HIERARCHY_REQUEST_ERR = 3;
  public static final short
   = 4;
                                     WRONG_DOCUMENT_ERR
  public static final short
                                     INVALID_CHARACTER_ERR = 5;
  public static final short
                                     NO_DATA_ALLOWED_ERR = 6;
  public static final short
                                     NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR = 7;
   = 8;
  public static final short
                                     NOT_FOUND_ERR
  public static final short
                                     NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR
  public static final short
                                     INUSE_ATTRIBUTE_ERR = 10;
  public interface DOMImplementation {
    public boolean hasFeature(String feature,
   String version);
  }
  public interface DocumentFragment extends Node {
  public interface Document extends Node {
    public DocumentType getDoctype();
```

## D.1: Document Object Model Level 1 Core

```
public DOMImplementation getImplementation();
  public Element
                            getDocumentElement();
                            createElement(String tagName)
  public Element
  throws DOMException;
  public DocumentFragment createDocumentFragment();
  public Text
                            createTextNode(String data);
  public Comment
                            createComment(String data);
  public CDATASection
                           createCDATASection(String data)
   throws DOMException;
  public ProcessingInstruction createProcessingInstruction(String target,
  String data)
  throws DOMException;
  public Attr
                            createAttribute(String name)
  throws DOMException;
  public EntityReference
                            createEntityReference(String name)
  throws DOMException;
  public NodeList
                            getElementsByTagName(String tagname);
public interface Node {
  // NodeType
  public static final short
                                      ELEMENT_NODE
  = 1;
  public static final short
                                      ATTRIBUTE_NODE
  = 2;
  public static final short
                                      TEXT_NODE
  = 3;
  public static final short
                                      CDATA_SECTION_NODE
   = 4;
  public static final short
                                      ENTITY_REFERENCE_NODE = 5;
  public static final short
                                      ENTITY_NODE
   = 6;
  public static final short
                                      PROCESSING_INSTRUCTION_NODE = 7;
  public static final short
                                      COMMENT_NODE
   = 8;
  public static final short
                                      DOCUMENT_NODE
   = 9:
  public static final short
                                      DOCUMENT_TYPE_NODE = 10;
 public static final short
                                      DOCUMENT_FRAGMENT_NODE = 11;
 public static final short
                                      NOTATION_NODE
 public String
                            getNodeName();
 public String
                            getNodeValue()
   throws DOMException;
  public void
                            setNodeValue(String nodeValue)
   throws DOMException;
  public short
                            getNodeType();
  public Node
                            getParentNode();
  public NodeList
                            getChildNodes();
  public Node
                            getFirstChild();
 public Node
                            getLastChild();
 public Node
                            getPreviousSibling();
 public Node
                            getNextSibling();
 public NamedNodeMap
                            getAttributes();
 public Document
                            getOwnerDocument();
 public Node
                            insertBefore(Node newChild,
   Node refChild)
   throws DOMException;
  public Node
                            replaceChild(Node newChild,
   Node oldChild)
   throws DOMException;
  public Node
                            removeChild(Node oldChild)
  throws DOMException;
  public Node
                            appendChild(Node newChild)
```

```
throws DOMException;
  public boolean
                            hasChildNodes();
  public Node
                            cloneNode(boolean deep);
}
public interface NodeList {
  public Node
                            item(int index);
  public int
                            getLength();
public interface NamedNodeMap {
  public Node
                            getNamedItem(String name);
  public Node
                            setNamedItem(Node arg)
   throws DOMException;
  public Node
                            removeNamedItem(String name)
  throws DOMException;
  public Node
                            item(int index);
  public int
                            getLength();
public interface CharacterData extends Node {
  public String
                            getData()
                                 throws DOMException;
  public void
                            setData(String data)
                                 throws DOMException;
  public int
                            getLength();
  public String
                            šubstringData(int offset,
   int count)
  throws DOMException;
                            appendData(String arg)
  public void
                                       throws DOMException;
  public void
                            insertData(int offset,
                                       String arg)
                                       throws DOMException;
  public void
                            deleteData(int offset,
                                       int count)
                                       throws DOMException;
  public void
                            replaceData(int offset,
   int count,
  String arg)
  throws DOMException;
}
public interface Attr extends Node {
  public String
                   getName();
  public boolean
                            getSpecified();
  public String
                            getValue();
  public void
                            setValue(String value);
}
public interface Element extends Node {
  public String
                           getTagName();
  public String
                            getAttribute(String name);
  public void
                            setAttribute(String name,
   String value)
   throws DOMException;
  public void
                            removeAttribute(String name)
```

```
throws DOMException;
  public Attr
                            getAttributeNode(String name);
  public Attr
                            setAttributeNode(Attr newAttr)
  throws DOMException;
  public Attr
                            removeAttributeNode(Attr oldAttr)
   throws DOMException;
  public NodeList
                            getElementsByTagName(String name);
  public void
                            normalize();
}
public interface Text extends CharacterData {
  public Text
                           splitText(int offset)
                                     throws DOMException;
public interface Comment extends CharacterData {
public interface CDATASection extends Text (
public interface DocumentType extends Node {
  public String
                     getName();
  public NamedNodeMap
                           getEntities();
  public NamedNodeMap
                          getNotations();
public interface Notation extends Node {
  public String
                getPublicId();
  public String
                           getSystemId();
public interface Entity extends Node {
 public String
                          getPublicId();
 public String
                           getSystemId();
 public String
                           getNotationName();
public interface EntityReference extends Node {
public interface ProcessingInstruction extends Node {
                getTarget();
 public String
 public String
                           getData();
 public void
                           setData(String data)
                                     throws DOMException;
}
```

# D.2: Document Object Model Level 1 HTML

```
public interface HTMLDocument extends Document {
 public String
                  getTitle();
 public void
                            setTitle(String title);
 public String
                            getReferrer();
 public String
                            getDomain();
 public String
                            getURL();
 public HTMLElement
                            getBody();
 public void
                            setBody(HTMLElement body);
 public HTMLCollection
                            getImages();
 public HTMLCollection
                            getApplets();
 public HTMLCollection
                            getLinks();
 public HTMLCollection
                            getForms();
 public HTMLCollection
                            getAnchors();
 public String
                            getCookie();
 public void
                            setCookie(String cookie);
 public void
                            open();
  public void
                            close();
 public void
                            write(String text);
 public void
                            writeln(String text);
 public Element
                            getElementById(String elementId);
 public NodeList
                            getElementsByName(String elementName);
public interface HTMLElement extends Element {
  public String
                           getId();
 public void
                            setId(String id);
 public String
                            getTitle();
 public void
                            setTitle(String title);
  public String
                            getLang();
  public void
                            setLang(String lang);
  public String
                            getDir();
  public void
                            setDir(String dir);
  public String
                            getClassName();
 public void
                            setClassName(String className);
public interface HTMLHtmlElement extends HTMLElement {
  public String
                            getVersion();
  public void
                            setVersion(String version);
public interface HTMLHeadElement extends HTMLElement {
  public String
                            getProfile();
  public void
                            setProfile(String profile);
}
public interface HTMLLinkElement extends HTMLElement {
  public boolean
                            getDisabled();
  public void
                            setDisabled(boolean disabled);
  public String
                            qetCharset();
  public void
                            setCharset(String charset);
  public String
                            getHref();
  public void
                            setHref(String href);
  public String
                            getHreflang();
  public void
                            setHreflang(String hreflang);
  public String
                            getMedia();
  public void
                            setMedia(String media);
```

```
public String
                            getRel();
   public void
                            setRel(String rel);
   public String
                            getRev();
   public void
                            setRev(String rev);
   public String
                            getTarget();
   public void
                            setTarget(String target);
   public String
                            getType();
   public void
                            setType(String type);
 }
 public interface HTMLTitleElement extends HTMLElement {
   public String getText();
   public void
                            setText(String text);
 public interface HTMLMetaElement extends HTMLElement {
   public String
                     getContent();
   public void
                            setContent(String content);
   public String
                           getHttpEquiv();
setHttpEquiv(String httpEquiv);
   public void
   public String
                           getName();
   public void
                           setName(String name);
  public String
                           getScheme();
   public void
                           setScheme(String scheme);
 1
 public interface HTMLBaseElement extends HTMLElement {
   public String
                    getHref();
   public void
                           setHref(String href);
  public String
                           getTarget();
  public void
                            setTarget(String target);
public interface HTMLIsIndexElement extends HTMLElement {
  public HTMLFormElement getForm();
  public String
                           getPrompt();
  public void
                           setPrompt(String prompt);
 public interface HTMLStyleElement extends HTMLElement {
  public boolean getDisabled();
  public void
                           setDisabled(boolean disabled);
                           getMedia();
  public String
  public void
                           setMedia(String media);
  public String
                            getType();
  public void
                            setType(String type);
 public interface HTMLBodyElement extends HTMLElement {
  public String
                  getALink();
  public void
                           setALink(String aLink);
                        getBackground();
  public String
                         setBackground(String background);
getBgColor();
  public void
  public String
  public void
                           setBgColor(String bgColor);
  public String
                           getLink();
  public void
                            setLink(String link);
```

```
public String
                           getText();
  public void
                           setText(String text);
  public String
                           getVLink();
  public void
                           setVLink(String vLink);
1
public interface HTMLFormElement extends HTMLElement {
  public HTMLCollection
                           getElements();
  public int
                            getLength();
  public String
                           getName();
  public void
                           setName(String name);
  public String
                           getAcceptCharset();
  public void
                           setAcceptCharset(String acceptCharset);
  public String
                           getAction();
  public void
                           setAction(String action);
  public String
                           getEnctype();
  public void
                           setEnctype(String enctype);
  public String
                          getMethod();
  public void
                           setMethod(String method);
  public String
                           getTarget();
  public void
                           setTarget(String target);
 public void
                           submit();
 public void
                           reset();
public interface HTMLSelectElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String getType();
 public int
                           getSelectedIndex();
 public void
                          setSelectedIndex(int selectedIndex);
 public String
                           getValue();
 public void
                           setValue(String value);
 public int
                           getLength();
 public HTMLFormElement
                           getForm();
 public HTMLCollection
                           getOptions();
 public boolean
                           getDisabled();
 public void
                           setDisabled(boolean disabled);
 public boolean
                           getMultiple();
 public void
                           setMultiple(boolean multiple);
 public String
                           getName();
 public void
                           setName(String name);
 public int
                           getSize();
 public void
                           setSize(int size);
 public int
                           getTabIndex();
 public void
                           setTabIndex(int tabIndex);
 public void
                           add(HTMLElement element,
                               HTMLElement before);
 public void
                           remove(int index);
 public void
                           blur();
 public void
                           focus();
}
public interface HTMLOptGroupElement extends HTMLElement {
 public boolean
                           getDisabled();
 public void
                           setDisabled(boolean disabled);
 public String
                           getLabel();
 public void
                           setLabel(String label);
```

```
public interface HTMLOptionElement extends HTMLElement {
  public HTMLFormElement
                            getForm();
 public boolean
                            getDefaultSelected();
 public void
                            setDefaultSelected(boolean defaultSelected);
 public String
                            getText();
 public int
                            getIndex();
 public void
                           setIndex(int index);
 public boolean
                            getDisabled();
 public void
                           setDisabled(boolean disabled);
 public String
                          getLabel();
 public void
                           setLabel(String label);
 public boolean
                           getSelected();
 public String
                            getValue();
 public void
                           setValue(String value);
public interface HTMLInputElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                           getDefaultValue();
 public void
                           setDefaultValue(String defaultValue);
 public boolean
                            getDefaultChecked();
 public void
                           setDefaultChecked(boolean defaultChecked);
 public HTMLFormElement
                           getForm();
 public String
                           getAccept();
 public void
                           setAccept(String accept);
 public String
                          getAccessKey();
 public void
                           setAccessKey(String accessKey);
 public String
                          getAlign();
 public void
                           setAlign(String align);
 public String
                           getAlt();
 public void
                           setAlt(String alt);
 public boolean
                           getChecked();
 public void
                           setChecked(boolean checked);
 public boolean
                           qetDisabled();
 public void
                           setDisabled(boolean disabled);
 public int
                           getMaxLength();
 public void
                           setMaxLength(int maxLength);
 public String
                           getName();
 public void
                           setName(String name);
 public boolean
                           getReadOnly();
 public void
                           setReadOnly(boolean readOnly);
 public String
                           getSize();
 public void
                           setSize(String size);
 public String
                           getSrc();
 public void
                           setSrc(String src);
 public int
                           getTabIndex();
 public void
                           setTabIndex(int tabIndex);
 public String
                           getType();
 public String
                           getUseMap();
 public void
                          setUseMap(String useMap);
 public String
                          getValue();
 public void
                           setValue(String value);
 public void
                           blur();
 public void
                           focus();
 public void
                           select();
 public void
                           click();
}
```

```
public interface HTMLTextAreaElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                            getDefaultValue();
 public void
                            setDefaultValue(String defaultValue);
 public HTMLFormElement
                            getForm();
 public String
                            getAccessKey();
 public void
                            setAccessKey(String accessKey);
 public int
                            getCols();
 public void
                           setCols(int cols);
 public boolean
                           getDisabled();
 public void
                           setDisabled(boolean disabled);
 public String
                           getName();
 public void
                           setName(String name);
 public boolean
                            getReadOnly();
 public void
                           setReadOnly(boolean readOnly);
 public int
                           getRows();
                        setRows(int rows);
 public void
 public int
                            getTabIndex();
 public void
                            setTabIndex(int tabIndex);
 public String
                            getType();
 public String
                            getValue();
 public void
                            setValue(String value);
 public void
                            blur();
 public void
                            focus();
 public void
                            select();
public interface HTMLButtonElement extends HTMLElement {
 public HTMLFormElement getForm();
 public String
                            getAccessKey();
 public void
                          setAccessKey(String accessKey);
 public boolean
                          getDisabled();
 public void
                            setDisabled(boolean disabled);
 public String
                           getName();
 public void
                           setName(String name);
 public int
                           getTabIndex();
 public void
                           setTabIndex(int tabIndex);
 public String
                           getType();
 public String
                            getValue();
 public void
                            setValue(String value);
public interface HTMLLabelElement extends HTMLElement {
 public HTMLFormElement getForm();
 public String
                            getAccessKey();
 public void
                            setAccessKey(String accessKey);
 public String
                            getHtmlFor();
 public void
                            setHtmlFor(String htmlFor);
public interface HTMLFieldSetElement extends HTMLElement {
 public HTMLFormElement
                            getForm();
public interface HTMLLegendElement extends HTMLElement {
  public HTMLFormElement getForm();
  public String
                            getAccessKey();
```

```
public void
                           setAccessKey(String accessKey);
 public String
                           getAlign();
 public void
                           setAlign(String align);
public interface HTMLUListElement extends HTMLElement {
 public boolean
                           getCompact();
 public void
                           setCompact(boolean compact);
 public String
                           getType();
 public void
                           setType(String type);
}
public interface HTMLOListElement extends HTMLElement {
 public boolean
                           getCompact();
 public void
                           setCompact(boolean compact);
 public int
                           getStart();
 public void
                          setStart(int start);
 public String
                           getType();
 public void
                           setType(String type);
public interface HTMLDListElement extends HTMLElement {
                  getCompact();
 public boolean
 public void
                           setCompact(boolean compact);
}
public interface HTMLDirectoryElement extends HTMLElement {
 public boolean
                           getCompact();
 public void
                           setCompact(boolean compact);
public interface HTMLMenuElement extends HTMLElement {
 public boolean
                         getCompact();
 public void
                           setCompact(boolean compact);
public interface HTMLLIElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String getType();
 public void
                           setType(String type);
 public int
                           getValue();
 public void
                           setValue(int value);
}
public interface HTMLBlockquoteElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                      getCite();
 public void
                           setCite(String cite);
public interface HTMLDivElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String getAlign();
 public void
                           setAlign(String align);
public interface HTMLParagraphElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                           getAlign();
 public void
                           setAlign(String align);
```

```
public interface HTMLHeadingElement extends HTMLElement {
  public String
                         getAlign();
  public void
                           setAlign(String align);
public interface HTMLQuoteElement extends HTMLElement {
  public String
                          getCite();
  public void
                           setCite(String cite);
public interface HTMLPreElement extends HTMLElement {
 public int
                 getWidth();
 public void
                           setWidth(int width);
public interface HTMLBRElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                         getClear();
 public void
                          setClear(String clear);
public interface HTMLBaseFontElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String getColor();
 public void
                          setColor(String color);
                         getFace();
setFace(String face);
 public String
 public void
 public String
                          getSize();
 public void
                          setSize(String size);
public interface HTMLFontElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                         getColor();
 public void
                         setColor(String color);
 public String
                         getFace();
 public void
                          setFace(String face);
 public String
                          getSize();
 public void
                           setSize(String size);
public interface HTMLHRElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                   getAlign();
 public void
                          setAlign(String align);
 public boolean
                         getNoShade();
 public void
                         setNoShade(boolean noShade);
 public String
                          getSize();
 public void
                          setSize(String size);
 public String
                          getWidth();
 public void
                           setWidth(String width);
public interface HTMLModElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                          getCite();
 public void
                          setCite(String cite);
 public String
                          getDateTime();
 public void
                          setDateTime(String dateTime);
}
```

```
public interface HTMLAnchorElement extends HTMLElement {
    public String getAccessKey();
    public void
                             setAccessKey(String accessKey);
   public String
                            getCharset();
   public void
                             setCharset(String charset);
   public String
                             getCoords();
                            setCoords(String coords);
   public void
                          getHref();
setHref(String href);
   public String
   public void
                         getHreflang();
setHreflang(String hreflang);
   public String
   public void
   public String
                         getName();
setName(String name);
   public void
   public String
                           getRel();
   public void
                           setRel(String rel);
   public String
                            getRev();
   public void
                            setRev(String rev);
   public String
                            getShape();
   public void
                             setShape(String shape);
   public int
                            getTabIndex();
   public void
                             setTabIndex(int tabIndex);
   public String
                            getTarget();
setTarget(String target);
   public void
   public String
                            getType();
   public void
                            setType(String type);
   public void
                            blur();
   public void
                             focus();
 public interface HTMLImageElement extends HTMLElement {
                    getLowSrc();
   public String
   public void
                             setLowSrc(String lowSrc);
   public String
                            getName();
setName(String name);
  public void
** public String
                           getAlign();
   public void
                            setAlign(String align);
   public String
                           getAlt();
   public void
                            setAlt(String alt);
   public String
                             getBorder();
   public void
                             setBorder(String border);
   public String
                             getHeight();
   public void
                             setHeight(String height);
   public String
                             getHspace();
   public void
                             setHspace(String hspace);
   public boolean
                             getIsMap();
   public void
                             setIsMap(boolean isMap);
   public String
                             getLongDesc();
   public void
                            setLongDesc(String longDesc);
   public String
                            getSrc();
   public void
                            setSrc(String src);
   public String
                             getUseMap();
   public void
                            setUseMap(String useMap);
   public String
                           getVspace();
   public void
                            setVspace(String vspace);
   public String
                            getWidth();
   public void
                             setWidth(String width);
 }
```

```
public interface HTMLObjectElement extends HTMLElement {
   public HTMLFormElement
                             getForm();
   public String
                             getCode();
   public void
                             setCode(String code);
   public String
                             getAlign();
   public void
                             setAlign(String align);
   public String
                             getArchive();
   public void
                             setArchive(String archive);
   public String
                             getBorder();
   public void
                             setBorder(String border);
   public String
                             getCodeBase();
   public void
                             setCodeBase(String codeBase);
   public String
                             getCodeType();
   public void
                             setCodeType(String codeType);
   public String
                             getData();
   public void
                             setData(String data);
   public boolean
                             getDeclare();
   public void
                             setDeclare(boolean declare);
   public String
                             getHeight();
   public void
                             setHeight(String height);
   public String
                             getHspace();
   public void
                             setHspace(String hspace);
   public String
                             getName();
   public void
                             setName(String name);
   public String
                             getStandby();
   public void
                             setStandby(String standby);
   public int
                             getTabIndex();
   public void
                             setTabIndex(int tabIndex);
   public String
                             getType();
   public void
                             setType(String type);
   public String
                             getUseMap();
   public void
                             setUseMap(String useMap);
public String
                             getVspace();
   public void
                             setVspace(String vspace);
   public String
                             getWidth();
   public void
                             setWidth(String width);
 public interface HTMLParamElement extends HTMLElement {
   public String
                             getName();
   public void
                             setName(String name);
   public String
                             getType();
   public void
                             setType(String type);
   public String
                             getValue();
   public void
                             setValue(String value);
   public String
                             getValueType();
   public void
                             setValueType(String valueType);
 public interface HTMLAppletElement extends HTMLElement {
   public String
                             getAlign();
   public void
                             setAlign(String align);
   public String
                             getAlt();
   public void
                             setAlt(String alt);
   public String
                             getArchive();
   public void
                             setArchive(String archive);
```

```
public String
                            getCode();
   public void
                          setCode(String code);
getCodeBase();
   public String
   public void
                            setCodeBase(String codeBase);
   public String
                            getHeight();
   public void
                            setHeight(String height);
   public String
                            getHspace();
   public void
                            setHspace(String hspace);
   public String
                          getName(),
setName(String name);
   public void
                          getObject();
   public String
   public void
                           setObject(String object);
   public String
                           getVspace();
   public void
                            setVspace(String vspace);
   public String
                            getWidth();
   public void
                            setWidth(String width);
 }
 public interface HTMLMapElement extends HTMLElement {
   public HTMLCollection getAreas();
   public String
                             getName();
   public void
                             setName(String name);
 1
 public interface HTMLAreaElement extends HTMLElement {
   public String
                    getAccessKey();
   public void
                           setAccessKey(String accessKey);
                         getAlt();
setAlt(String alt);
getCoords();
   public String
   public void
   public String
                          setCoords(String coords);
getHref();
   public void
   public String
   public void
                            setHref(String href);
                          getNoHref();
setNoHref(boolean noHref);
public boolean
   public void
                          public String
   public void
   public int
   public void
                            setTabIndex(int tabIndex);
                           getTarget();
   public String
   public void
                            setTarget(String target);
 public interface HTMLScriptElement extends HTMLElement {
   public String getText();
   public void
                             setText(String text);
   public String
                            getHtmlFor();
   public void
                            setHtmlFor(String htmlFor);
   public String
                            getEvent();
   public void
                           setEvent(String event);
   public String
                           getCharset();
   public void
                           setCharset(String charset);
   public boolean
                           getDefer();
   public void
                           setDefer(boolean defer);
   public String
                           getSrc();
   public void
                            setSrc(String src);
   public String
                            getType();
```

```
public void
                            setType(String type);
public interface HTMLTableElement extends HTMLElement {
  public HTMLTableCaptionElement getCaption();
  public void
                            setCaption(HTMLTableCaptionElement caption);
  public HTMLTableSectionElement getTHead();
  public void
                            setTHead(HTMLTableSectionElement tHead);
  public HTMLTableSectionElement getTFoot();
  public void
                           setTFoot(HTMLTableSectionElement tFoot);
  public HTMLCollection
                            getRows();
  public HTMLCollection
                            getTBodies();
  public String
                            getAlign();
  public void
                            setAlign(String align);
  public String
                            getBgColor();
  public void
                            setBgColor(String bgColor);
  public String
                            getBorder();
 public void
                            setBorder(String border);
 public String
                            getCellPadding();
 public void
                           setCellPadding(String cellPadding);
 public String
                           getCellSpacing();
 public void
                           setCellSpacing(String cellSpacing);
  public String
                           getFrame();
  public void
                           setFrame(String frame);
  public String
                          getRules();
  public void
                           setRules(String rules);
 public String
                          getSummary();
 public void
                           setSummary(String summary);
 public String
                          getWidth();
 public void
                           setWidth(String width);
 public HTMLElement
                           createTHead();
 public void
                            deleteTHead();
 public HTMLElement
                           createTFoot();
 public void
                           deleteTFoot();
 public HTMLElement
                           createCaption();
 public void
                            deleteCaption();
 public HTMLElement
                            insertRow(int index);
 public void
                            deleteRow(int index);
}
public interface HTMLTableCaptionElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                            getAlign();
 public void
                            setAlign(String align);
}
public interface HTMLTableColElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                           getAlign();
 public void
                           setAlign(String align);
 public String
                           getCh();
                           setCh(String ch);
 public void
 public String
                           getChOff();
 public void
                           setChOff(String chOff);
 public int
                           getSpan();
 public void
                           setSpan(int span);
 public String
                           getVAlign();
 public void
                           setVAlign(String vAlign);
 public String
                           getWidth();
```

```
public void
                           setWidth(String width);
public interface HTMLTableSectionElement extends HTMLElement {
  public String
                           getAlign();
  public void
                           setAlign(String align);
  public String
                           getCh();
  public void
                           setCh(String ch);
  public String
                           getChOff();
  public void
                          setChOff(String chOff);
  public String
                           getVAlign();
  public void
                           setVAlign(String vAlign);
  public HTMLCollection
                           getRows();
  public HTMLElement insertRow(int index);
  public void
                           deleteRow(int index);
public interface HTMLTableRowElement extends HTMLElement {
  public int
                  getRowIndex();
  public void
                           setRowIndex(int rowIndex);
  public int
                           getSectionRowIndex();
  public void
                           setSectionRowIndex(int sectionRowIndex);
  public HTMLCollection
                           getCells();
  public void
                           setCells(HTMLCollection cells);
  public String
                           getAlign();
  public void
                         setAlign(String align);
  public String
                         getBgColor();
  public void
                         setBgColor(String bgColor);
  public String
                         getCh();
  public void
                         setCh(String ch);
                       getChOff();
  public String
 public void
                         setChOff(String chOff);
 public String
                         getVAlign();
 public void
                           setVAlign(String vAlign);
                        insertCell(int index);
 public HTMLElement
 public void
                           deleteCell(int index);
}
public interface HTMLTableCellElement extends HTMLElement [
 public int
                          getCellIndex();
  public void
                           setCellIndex(int cellIndex);
  public String
                           getAbbr();
  public void
                           setAbbr(String abbr);
 public String
                           getAlign();
 public void
                           setAlign(String align);
 public String
                           getAxis();
 public void
                           setAxis(String axis);
 public String
                           getBgColor();
 public void
                          setBgColor(String bgColor);
 public String
                          getCh();
 public void
                          setCh(String ch);
 public String
                          getChOff();
 public void
                         setChOff(String chOff);
 public int
                         getColSpan();
 public void
                          setColSpan(int colSpan);
 public String
                         getHeaders();
 public void
                           setHeaders(String headers);
```

#### D.2: Document Object Model Level 1 HTML

```
public String
                            getHeight();
  public void
                            setHeight(String height);
  public boolean
                            getNoWrap();
  public void
                            setNoWrap(boolean noWrap);
  public int
                            getRowSpan();
  public void
                            setRowSpan(int rowSpan);
  public String
                            getScope();
  public void
                            setScope(String scope);
  public String
                            getVAlign();
  public void
                            setVAlign(String vAlign);
  public String
                            getWidth();
 public void
                            setWidth(String width);
public interface HTMLFrameSetElement extends HTMLElement {
 public String
                           getCols();
  public void
                           setCols(String cols);
 public String
                            getRows();
  public void
                            setRows(String rows);
public interface HTMLFrameElement extends HTMLElement {
  public String
                           getFrameBorder();
  public void
                            setFrameBorder(String frameBorder);
 public String
                            getLongDesc();
 public void
                            setLongDesc(String longDesc);
 public String
                            getMarginHeight();
 public void
                            setMarginHeight(String marginHeight);
 public String
                            getMarginWidth();
 public void
                            setMarginWidth(String marginWidth);
                            getName();
 public String
  public void
                            setName(String name);
 public boolean
                            getNoResize();
 public void
                            setNoResize(boolean noResize);
 public String
                            getScrolling();
 public void
                            setScrolling(String scrolling);
 public String
                            getSrc();
 public void
                            setSrc(String src);
}
public interface HTMLIFrameElement extends HTMLElement {
  public String
                            getAlign();
 public void
                            setAlign(String align);
  public String
                            getFrameBorder();
  public void
                            setFrameBorder(String frameBorder);
  public String
                            getHeight();
  public void
                            setHeight(String height);
  public String
                            getLongDesc();
  public void
                            setLongDesc(String longDesc);
  public String
                            getMarginHeight();
  public void
                            setMarginHeight(String marginHeight);
  public String
                            getMarginWidth();
  public void
                            setMarginWidth(String marginWidth);
  public String
                            getName();
 public void
                            setName(String name);
 public String
                            getScrolling();
                            setScrolling(String scrolling);
  public void
```

# D.2: Document Object Model Level 1 HTML

# **Appendix E: ECMA Script Language Binding**

This appendix contains the complete ECMA Script binding for the Level 1 Document Object Model definitions. The definitions are divided into Core and HTML.

# E.1: Document Object Model Level 1 Core

Object DOMException

Object ExceptionCode

**Object DOMImplementation** 

The DOMImplementation object has the following methods:

hasFeature(feature, version)

This method returns a boolean. The feature parameter is of type DOMString. The version parameter is of type DOMString.

# Object DocumentFragment

**DocumentFragment** has the all the properties and methods of **Node** as well as the properties and methods defined below.

# Object Document

Document has the all the properties and methods of Node as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The Document object has the following properties:

doctype

This property is of type **DocumentType**.

implementation

This property is of type DOMImplementation.

documentElement

This property is of type Element.

The Document object has the following methods:

# createElement(tagName)

This method returns a Element. The tagName parameter is of type DOMString.

# createDocumentFragment()

This method returns a DocumentFragment.

## createTextNode(data)

This method returns a Text. The data parameter is of type DOMString.

#### createComment(data)

This method returns a Comment. The data parameter is of type DOMString. createCDATASection(data)

This method returns a CDATASection. The data parameter is of type DOMString. createProcessingInstruction(target, data)

This method returns a **ProcessingInstruction**. The target parameter is of type

DOMString. The data parameter is of type DOMString.

#### createAttribute(name)

This method returns a Attr. The name parameter is of type DOMString. createEntityReference(name)

This method returns a EntityReference. The name parameter is of type DOMString.

# getElementsByTagName(tagname)

This method returns a NodeList. The tagname parameter is of type DOMString.

# Object Node

The Node object has the following properties:

## nodeName

This property is of type String.

#### nodeValue

This property is of type String.

# nodeType

This property is of type short.

# parentNode

This property is of type Node.

# childNodes

This property is of type NodeList.

# firstChild

This property is of type Node.

#### lastChild

This property is of type Node.

# previousSibling

This property is of type Node.

# nextSibling

This property is of type Node.

# attributes

This property is of type NamedNodeMap.

# ownerDocument

This property is of type **Document**.

The Node object has the following methods:

# insertBefore(newChild, refChild)

This method returns a Node. The newChild parameter is of type Node. The refChild parameter is of type Node.

# replaceChild(newChild, oldChild)

This method returns a Node. The newChild parameter is of type Node. The oldChild parameter is of type Node.

# removeChild(oldChild)

This method returns a Node. The oldChild parameter is of type Node.

# appendChild(newChild)

This method returns a Node. The newChild parameter is of type Node.

# hasChildNodes()

This method returns a boolean.

# cloneNode(deep)

This method returns a Node. The deep parameter is of type boolean.

# Object NodeList

The NodeList object has the following properties:

# length

The NodeList object has the following methods:

item(index)

This method returns a Node. The index parameter is of type unsigned long.

# Object NamedNodeMap

The NamedNodeMap object has the following properties:

length

This property is of type int.

The NamedNodeMap object has the following methods:

getNamedItem(name)

This method returns a Node. The name parameter is of type DOMString.

setNamedItem(arg)

This method returns a Node. The arg parameter is of type Node.

removeNamedItem(name)

This method returns a Node. The name parameter is of type DOMString.

item(index)

This method returns a Node. The index parameter is of type unsigned long.

# Object CharacterData

CharacterData has the all the properties and methods of Node as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The Character Data object has the following properties:

data

This property is of type String.

length

This property is of type int.

The CharacterData object has the following methods:

# substringData(offset, count)

This method returns a **DOMString**. The offset parameter is of type unsigned long. The count parameter is of type unsigned long.

## appendData(arg)

This method returns a void. The arg parameter is of type DOMString.

#### insertData(offset, arg)

This method returns a void. The offset parameter is of type unsigned long. The arg parameter is of type DOMString.

## deleteData(offset, count)

This method returns a void. The offset parameter is of type unsigned long. The count parameter is of type unsigned long.

# replaceData(offset, count, arg)

This method returns a void. The offset parameter is of type unsigned long. The count parameter is of type unsigned long. The arg parameter is of type DOMString.

## Object Attr

Attr has the all the properties and methods of Node as well as the properties and methods defined below

The Attr object has the following properties:

name

# specified

This property is of type boolean.

value

This property is of type String.

#### Object Element

Element has the all the properties and methods of Node as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The Element object has the following properties:

tagName

This property is of type String.

The Element object has the following methods:

# getAttribute(name)

This method returns a **DOMString**. The **name** parameter is of type **DOMString**. set**Attribute(name, value)** 

This method returns a void. The name parameter is of type **DOMString**. The value parameter is of type **DOMString**.

# removeAttribute(name)

This method returns a void. The name parameter is of type **DOMString**. getAttributeNode(name)

This method returns a Attr. The name parameter is of type DOMString. setAttributeNode(newAttr)

This method returns a Attr. The newAttr parameter is of type Attr.

# removeAttributeNode(oldAttr)

This method returns a Attr. The oldAttr parameter is of type Attr.

## getElementsByTagName(name)

This method returns a **NodeList**. The name parameter is of type **DOMString**. normalize()

This method returns a void.

# Object Text

Text has the all the properties and methods of CharacterData as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The **Text** object has the following methods:

#### splitText(offset)

This method returns a Text. The offset parameter is of type unsigned long.

#### Object Comment

Comment has the all the properties and methods of CharacterData as well as the properties and methods defined below.

# Object CDATASection

CDATASection has the all the properties and methods of Text as well as the properties and methods defined below.

# Object DocumentType

**DocumentType** has the all the properties and methods of **Node** as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The **DocumentType** object has the following properties:

#### name



#### entities

This property is of type NamedNodeMap.

notations

This property is of type NamedNodeMap.

# Object Notation

Notation has the all the properties and methods of Node as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The Notation object has the following properties:

publicId

This property is of type String.

systemId

This property is of type String.

# Object Entity

Entity has the all the properties and methods of Node as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The Entity object has the following properties:

publicId

This property is of type String.

systemId

This property is of type String.

notationName

This property is of type String.

# Object EntityReference

EntityReference has the all the properties and methods of Node as well as the properties and methods defined below.

#### Object ProcessingInstruction

**ProcessingInstruction** has the all the properties and methods of **Node** as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The ProcessingInstruction object has the following properties:

target

This property is of type **String**.

data

This property is of type String.

# E.2: Document Object Model Level 1 HTML

## Object HTMLCollection

The HTMLCollection object has the following properties:

length

This property is of type int.

The HTMLCollection object has the following methods:

item(index)

This method returns a **Node**. The **index** parameter is of type **unsigned long**. **namedItem(name)** 

This method returns a Node. The name parameter is of type DOMString.



# Object HTMLDocument

HTMLDocument has the all the properties and methods of Document as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLDocument object has the following properties:

title

This property is of type String.

referrer

This property is of type String.

domain

This property is of type String.

URL

This property is of type String.

body

This property is of type HTMLElement.

images

This property is of type HTMLCollection.

applets

This property is of type HTMLCollection.

links

This property is of type HTMLCollection.

forms

This property is of type HTMLCollection.

anchors

This property is of type HTMLCollection.

cookie

This property is of type String.

The HTMLDocument object has the following methods:

open()

This method returns a void.

close()

This method returns a void.

write(text)

This method returns a void. The text parameter is of type DOMString.

writeln(text)

This method returns a void. The text parameter is of type DOMString.

getElementById(elementId)

This method returns a Element. The elementId parameter is of type DOMString.

getElementsByName(elementName)

This method returns a **NodeList**. The **elementName** parameter is of type **DOMString**. Object **HTMLElement** 

HTMLElement has the all the properties and methods of Element as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLElement object has the following properties:

id



title

This property is of type String.

lang

This property is of type String.

dir

This property is of type String.

className

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLHtmlElement

HTMLHtmlElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLHtmlElement object has the following properties:

version

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLHeadElement

HTMLHeadElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLHeadElement object has the following properties:

profile

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLLinkElement

HTMLLinkElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLLinkElement object has the following properties:

disabled

This property is of type boolean.

charset

This property is of type **String**.

href

This property is of type String.

hreflang

This property is of type String.

media

This property is of type String.

rel

This property is of type **String**.

rev

This property is of type String.

target

This property is of type String.

tyne

This property is of type String.

## Object HTMLTitleElement

HTMLTitleElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.



The HTMLTitleElement object has the following properties:

text

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLMetaElement

HTMLMetaElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLMetaElement object has the following properties:

content

This property is of type String.

httpEquiv

This property is of type String.

name

This property is of type String.

scheme

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLBaseElement

HTMLBaseElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLBaseElement object has the following properties:

href

This property is of type String.

target

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLIsIndexElement

HTMLIsIndexElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLIsIndexElement object has the following properties:

form

This property is of type HTMLFormElement.

prompt

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLStyleElement

HTMLStyleElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLStyleElement object has the following properties:

disabled

This property is of type boolean.

media

This property is of type String.

type

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLBodyElement

HTMLBodyElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLBodyElement object has the following properties:



aLink

```
background
              This property is of type String.
          bgColor
              This property is of type String.
         link
              This property is of type String.
         text
              This property is of type String.
         vLink
              This property is of type String.
Object HTMLFormElement
    HTMLFormElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the
     properties and methods defined below.
     The HTMLFormElement object has the following properties:
         elements
              This property is of type HTMLCollection.
         length
              This property is of type long.
         name
              This property is of type String.
         acceptCharset
              This property is of type String.
              This property is of type String.
         enctype
              This property is of type String.
         method
              This property is of type String.
         target
              This property is of type String.
    The HTMLFormElement object has the following methods:
         submit()
              This method returns a void.
         reset()
              This method returns a void.
Object HTMLSelectElement
    HTMLSelectElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the
    properties and methods defined below.
    The HTMLSelectElement object has the following properties:
              This property is of type String.
         selectedIndex
              This property is of type long.
```



.



#### value

This property is of type String.

## length

This property is of type long.

#### form

This property is of type HTMLFormElement.

# options

This property is of type HTMLCollection.

#### disabled

This property is of type boolean.

# multiple

This property is of type boolean.

#### name

This property is of type String.

#### size

This property is of type long.

## tabIndex

This property is of type long.

The HTMLSelectElement object has the following methods:

# add(element, before)

This method returns a void. The element parameter is of type HTMLElement. The before parameter is of type HTMLElement.

# remove(index)

This method returns a void. The index parameter is of type long.

# blur()

This method returns a void.

# focus()

This method returns a void.

# Object HTMLOptGroupElement

HTMLOptGroupElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLOptGroupElement object has the following properties:

# disabled

This property is of type boolean.

## label

This property is of type String.

## Object HTMLOptionElement

HTMLOptionElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLOptionElement object has the following properties:

#### form

This property is of type HTMLFormElement.

#### defaultSelected

This property is of type boolean.

#### text

```
index
              This property is of type long.
         disabled
              This property is of type boolean.
         label
              This property is of type String.
         selected
              This property is of type boolean.
         value
              This property is of type String.
Object HTMLInputElement
    HTMLInputElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the
    properties and methods defined below.
     The HTMLInputElement object has the following properties:
         defaultValue
              This property is of type String.
         defaultChecked .
              This property is of type boolean.
         form
              This property is of type HTMLFormElement.
         accept
              This property is of type String.
         accessKey
              This property is of type String.
         align
              This property is of type String.
         alt
              This property is of type String.
         checked
              This property is of type boolean.
          disabled
              This property is of type boolean.
          maxLength
              This property is of type long.
          name
               This property is of type String.
          readOnly
               This property is of type boolean.
          size
               This property is of type String.
          src
               This property is of type String.
          tabIndex
```

This property is of type long.

This property is of type String.

type



```
useMap
              This property is of type String.
         value
              This property is of type String.
    The HTMLInputElement object has the following methods:
         blur()
              This method returns a void.
         focus()
              This method returns a void.
         select()
              This method returns a void.
         click()
              This method returns a void.
Object HTMLTextAreaElement
    HTMLTextAreaElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the
    properties and methods defined below.
    The HTMLTextAreaElement object has the following properties:
         defaultValue
              This property is of type String.
         form
              This property is of type HTMLFormElement.
         accessKey
              This property is of type String.
         cols
              This property is of type long.
         disabled
              This property is of type boolean.
         name
              This property is of type String.
         readOnly
              This property is of type boolean.
         rows
              This property is of type long.
         tabIndex
              This property is of type long.
         type
              This property is of type String.
         value
              This property is of type String.
    The HTMLTextAreaElement object has the following methods:
         blur()
              This method returns a void.
         focus()
              This method returns a void.
         select()
```

This method returns a void.



# Object HTMLButtonElement

HTMLButtonElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLButtonElement object has the following properties:

form

This property is of type HTMLFormElement.

accessKey

This property is of type String.

disabled

This property is of type boolean.

name

This property is of type String.

tabIndex

This property is of type long.

type

This property is of type String.

value

This property is of type String.

## Object HTMLLabelElement

HTMLLabelElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLLabelElement object has the following properties:

form

This property is of type HTMLFormElement.

accessKey

This property is of type String.

htmlFor

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLFieldSetElement

HTMLFieldSetElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLFieldSetElement object has the following properties:

form

This property is of type HTMLFormElement.

# Object HTMLLegendElement

HTMLLegendElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLLegendElement object has the following properties:

form

This property is of type HTMLFormElement.

accessKey

This property is of type String.

align

This property is of type String.

Object HTMLUListElement

HTMLUListElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLUListElement object has the following properties:

## compact

This property is of type boolean.

type

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLOListElement

HTMLOListElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLOListElement object has the following properties:

#### compact

This property is of type boolean.

start

This property is of type long.

type

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLDListElement

HTMLDListElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLDListElement object has the following properties:

compact

This property is of type boolean.

# Object HTMLDirectoryElement

HTMLDirectoryElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLDirectoryElement object has the following properties:

compact

This property is of type boolean.

## Object HTMLMenuElement

HTMLMenuElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLMenuElement object has the following properties:

compact

This property is of type boolean.

#### Object HTMLLIElement

HTMLLIElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLLIElement object has the following properties:

type

This property is of type String.

value

This property is of type long.

# Object HTMLBlockquoteElement

HTMLBlockquoteElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLBlockquoteElement object has the following properties:

cite

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLDivElement

HTMLDivElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLDivElement object has the following properties:

align

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLParagraphElement

HTMLParagraphElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLParagraphElement object has the following properties:

align

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLHeadingElement

HTMLHeadingElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLHeadingElement object has the following properties:

align

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLQuoteElement

HTMLQuoteElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLQuoteElement object has the following properties:

cite

This property is of type String.

## Object HTMLPreElement

HTMLPreElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLPreElement object has the following properties:

width

This property is of type long.

## Object HTMLBRElement

HTMLBRElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLBRElement object has the following properties:

clear

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLBaseFontElement

HTMLBaseFontElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLBaseFontElement object has the following properties:

color



face

This property is of type String.

size

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLFontElement

HTMLFontElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLFontElement object has the following properties:

color

This property is of type String.

face

This property is of type String.

size

This property is of type String.

# **Object HTMLHRElement**

HTMLHRElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLHRElement object has the following properties:

align

This property is of type String.

noShade

This property is of type boolean.

size

This property is of type String.

width

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLModElement

HTMLModElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLModElement object has the following properties:

cite

This property is of type String.

dateTime

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLAnchorElement

HTMLAnchorElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLAnchor Element object has the following properties:

accessKey

This property is of type String.

charset

This property is of type String.

coords

This property is of type String.

href

```
This property is of type String.
         name
               This property is of type String.
         rel
              This property is of type String.
         rev
              This property is of type String.
         shape
              This property is of type String.
         tabIndex
              This property is of type long.
         target
              This property is of type String.
         type
              This property is of type String.
     The HTMLAnchorElement object has the following methods:
         blur()
              This method returns a void.
         focus()
              This method returns a void.
Object HTMLImageElement
    HTMLImageElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the
    properties and methods defined below.
    The HTMLImageElement object has the following properties:
         lowSrc
              This property is of type String.
         name
              This property is of type String.
         align
              This property is of type String.
         alt
              This property is of type String.
         border
              This property is of type String.
         height
              This property is of type String.
         hspace
              This property is of type String.
         isMap
              This property is of type boolean.
         longDesc
              This property is of type String.
```

This property is of type String.

hreflang

src

useMap

This property is of type String.

vspace

This property is of type String.

width

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLObjectElement

HTMLObjectElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLObjectElement object has the following properties:

form

This property is of type HTMLFormElement.

code

This property is of type String.

align

This property is of type String.

archive

This property is of type String.

border

This property is of type String.

codeBase

This property is of type String.

codeType

This property is of type String.

data

This property is of type **String**.

declare

This property is of type boolean.

height

This property is of type String.

**hspace** 

This property is of type String.

name

This property is of type String.

standby

This property is of type String.

tabIndex

This property is of type long.

type

This property is of type String.

useMap

This property is of type String.

vspace

This property is of type **String**.

width

# Object HTMLParamElement

HTMLParamElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLParamElement object has the following properties:

name

This property is of type String.

type

This property is of type String.

value

This property is of type **String**.

valueType

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLAppletElement

HTMLAppletElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLAppletElement object has the following properties:

align

This property is of type String.

alt

This property is of type String.

archive

This property is of type String.

code

This property is of type String.

codeBase

This property is of type String.

height

This property is of type **String**.

**hspace** 

This property is of type **String**.

name

This property is of type **String**.

object

This property is of type String.

vspace

This property is of type **String**.

width

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLMapElement

HTMLMapElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLMapElement object has the following properties:

areas

This property is of type HTMLCollection.

name

# Object HTMLAreaElement

HTMLAreaElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLAreaElement object has the following properties:

accessKey

This property is of type String.

alt

This property is of type String.

coords

This property is of type String.

href

This property is of type String.

noHref

This property is of type boolean.

shape

This property is of type String.

tabIndex

This property is of type long.

target

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLScriptElement

HTMLScriptElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLScriptElement object has the following properties:

text

This property is of type String.

htmlFor

This property is of type String.

event

This property is of type **String**.

charset

This property is of type String.

defer

This property is of type boolean.

src

This property is of type String.

type

This property is of type String.

## Object HTMLTableElement

HTMLTableElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLTableElement object has the following properties:

caption

This property is of type HTMLTableCaptionElement.

tHead

This property is of type HTMLTableSectionElement.

```
tFoot
          This property is of type HTMLTableSectionElement.
     rows
          This property is of type HTMLCollection.
     tBodies
          This property is of type HTMLCollection.
     align
          This property is of type String.
     bgColor
         This property is of type String.
     border
         This property is of type String.
    cellPadding
         This property is of type String.
    cellSpacing
         This property is of type String.
    frame
         This property is of type String.
    rules
         This property is of type String.
    summary
         This property is of type String.
    width
         This property is of type String.
The HTMLTableElement object has the following methods:
    createTHead()
         This method returns a HTMLElement.
    deleteTHead()
         This method returns a void.
    createTFoot()
         This method returns a HTMLElement.
    deleteTFoot()
         This method returns a void.
    createCaption()
         This method returns a HTMLElement.
    deleteCaption()
         This method returns a void.
    insertRow(index)
         This method returns a HTMLElement. The index parameter is of type long.
    deleteRow(index)
         This method returns a void. The index parameter is of type long.
```

Object HTMLTableCaptionElement

HTMLTableCaptionElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLTableCaptionElement object has the following properties:

```
align
             This property is of type String.
Object HTMLTableColElement
    HTMLTableColElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the
    properties and methods defined below.
    The HTMLTableColElement object has the following properties:
         align
             This property is of type String.
        ch
             This property is of type String.
         chOff
             This property is of type String.
         span
             This property is of type long.
         vAlign
             This property is of type String.
             This property is of type String.
Object HTMLTableSectionElement
    HTMLTableSectionElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as
    the properties and methods defined below.
    The HTMLTableSectionElement object has the following properties:
         align
             This property is of type String.
         ch
             This property is of type String.
         chOff
              This property is of type String.
         vAlign
             This property is of type String.
         rows
              This property is of type HTMLCollection.
    The HTMLTableSectionElement object has the following methods:
         insertRow(index)
              This method returns a HTMLElement. The index parameter is of type long.
         deleteRow(index)
              This method returns a void. The index parameter is of type long.
Object HTMLTableRowElement
    HTMLTableRowElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the
    properties and methods defined below.
    The HTMLTableRowElement object has the following properties:
         rowIndex
```

This property is of type long.

This property is of type long.

sectionRowIndex

```
cells
              This property is of type HTMLCollection.
         align
              This property is of type String.
         bgColor
              This property is of type String.
         ch
              This property is of type String.
         chOff
              This property is of type String.
         vAlign
              This property is of type String.
    The HTMLTableRowElement object has the following methods:
         insertCell(index)
              This method returns a HTMLElement. The index parameter is of type long.
         deleteCell(index)
              This method returns a void. The index parameter is of type long.
Object HTMLTableCellElement
    HTMLTableCellElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the
    properties and methods defined below.
    The HTMLTableCellElement object has the following properties:
         cellIndex
              This property is of type long.
         abbr
              This property is of type String.
         align
              This property is of type String.
         axis
              This property is of type String.
         bgColor
              This property is of type String.
         ch
              This property is of type String.
         chOff
              This property is of type String.
         colSpan
              This property is of type long.
         headers
              This property is of type String.
         height
              This property is of type String.
         noWrap
              This property is of type boolean.
         rowSpan
              This property is of type long.
```

scope

This property is of type String.

vAlign

This property is of type String.

width

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLFrameSetElement

HTMLFrameSetElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLFrameSetElement object has the following properties:

cols

This property is of type String.

rows

This property is of type String.

# Object HTMLFrameElement

HTMLFrameElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLFrameElement object has the following properties:

#### frameBorder

This property is of type **String**.

longDesc

This property is of type String.

marginHeight

This property is of type String.

marginWidth

This property is of type **String**.

name

This property is of type **String**.

noResize

This property is of type boolean.

scrolling

This property is of type **String**.

src

This property is of type String.

#### Object HTMLIFrameElement

HTMLIFrameElement has the all the properties and methods of HTMLElement as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The HTMLIFrameElement object has the following properties:

align

This property is of type String.

frameBorder

This property is of type String.

height

This property is of type String.

longDesc

This property is of type String.

# marginHeight

This property is of type **String**.

# marginWidth

This property is of type **String**.

# name

This property is of type **String**. scrolling

This property is of type **String**. **src** 

This property is of type **String**. width

This property is of type String.

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# **Production Notes (Non-Normative)**

Editors
Gavin Nicol, Inso EPS

The DOM specification serves as a good example of the power of using XML: all of the HTML documents, Java bindings, OMG IDL bindings, and ECMA Script bindings are generated from a single set of XML source files. This section outlines how this specification is written in XML, and how the various derived works are created.

# 1. The Document Type Definition

This specification was written entirely in XML, using a DTD based heavily on the DTD used by the XML Working Group for the XML specification. The major difference between the DTD used by the XML Working Group, and the DTD used for this specification is the addition of a DTD module for interface specifications.

The DTD module for interfaces specifications is a very loose translation of the Extended Backus-Naur Form (EBNF) specification of the OMG IDL syntax into XML DTD syntax. In addition to the translation, the ability to *describe* the interfaces was added, thereby creating a limited form of *literate programming* for interface definitions.

While the DTD module is sufficient for the purposes of the DOM WG, it is very loosely typed, meaning that there are very few constraints placed on the type specifications (the type information is effectively treated as an opaque string). In a DTD for object to object communication, some stricter enforcement of data types would probably be beneficial.

# 2. The production process

The DOM specification is written using XML. All documents are valid XML. In order to produce the HTML versions of the specification, the object indexes, the Java source code, and the OMG IDL and ECMA Script definitions, the XML specification is *converted*.

The tool currently used for conversion is COST by Joe English. COST takes the ESIS output of nsgmls, creates an internal representation, and then allows scripts, and event handlers to be run over the internal data structure. Event handlers allow document patterns and associated processing to be specified: when the pattern is matched during a pre-order traversal of a document subtree, the associated action is executed. This is the heart of the conversion process. Scripts are used to tie the various components together. For example, each of the major derived data sources (Java code etc.) is created by the execution of a script, which in turn executes one or more event handlers. The scripts and event handlers are specified using TCL.

The current version of COST has been somewhat modified from the publicly available version. In particular, it now runs correctly under 32-bit Windows, uses TCL 8.0, and correctly handles the case sensitivity of XML (though it probably could not correctly handle native language markup).

We could also have used Jade, by James Clark. Like COST, Jade allows patterns and actions to be specified, but Jade is based on DSSSL, an international standard, whereas COST is not. Jade is more powerful than COST in many ways, but prior experience of the editor with Cost made it easier to use this rather than Jade. A future version or Level of the DOM specification may be produced using Jade or an XSL processor.



The complete XML source files are available at: http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-DOM-Level-1-19981001/xml-source.zip

# 3. Object Definitions

As stated earlier, all object definitions are specified in XML. The Java bindings, OMG IDL bindings, and ECMA Script bindings are all generated automatically from the XML source code.

This is possible because the information specified in XML is a *superset* of what these other syntax need. This is a general observation, and the same kind of technique can be applied to many other areas: given rich structure, rich processing and conversion are possible. For Java and OMG IDL, it is basically just a matter of renaming syntactic keywords; for ECMA Script, the process is somewhat more involved.

A typical object definition in XML looks something like this:

```
<interface name="foo">
  <descr>Description goes here...</descr>
  <method name="bar">
    <descr>Description goes here...</descr>
    <parameters>
      <param name="baz" type="DOMString" attr="in">
       <descr>Description goes here...</descr>
     </param>
    </parameters>
    <returns type="void">
      <descr>Description goes here...</descr>
    </returns>
    <raises>
      <!-- Throws no exceptions -->
    </raises>
  </method>
</interface>
```

As can easily be seen, this is quite verbose, but not unlike OMG IDL. In fact, when the specification was originally converted to use XML, the OMG IDL definitions were automatically converted into the corresponding XML source using common Unix text manipulation tools.

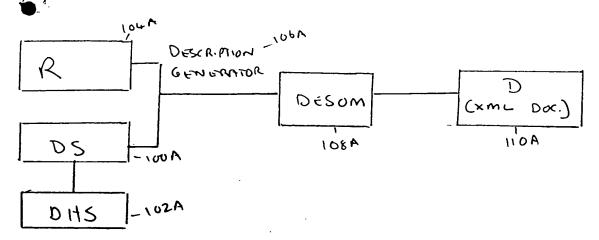


Fig. 1A

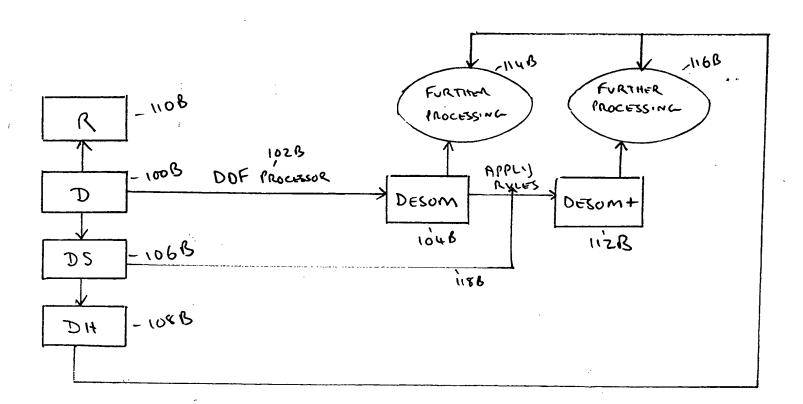


Fig. 1B

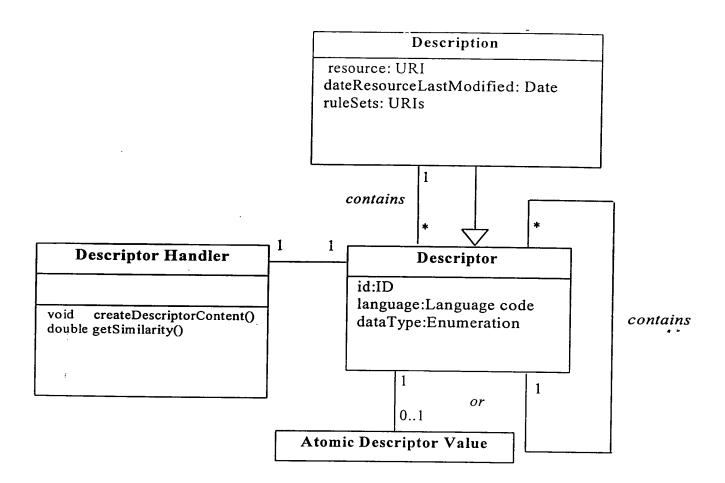


Fig. 3

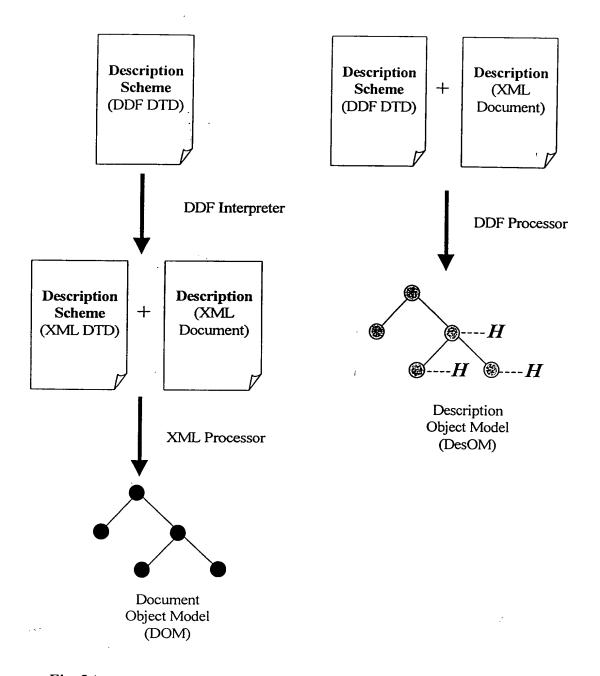


Fig. 2A

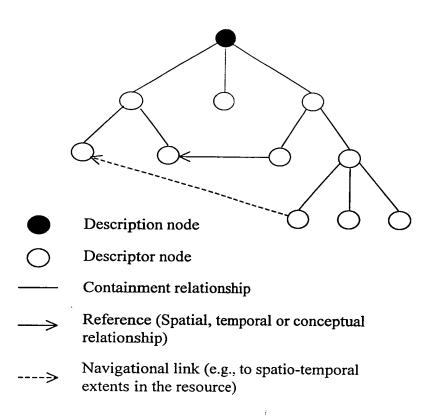
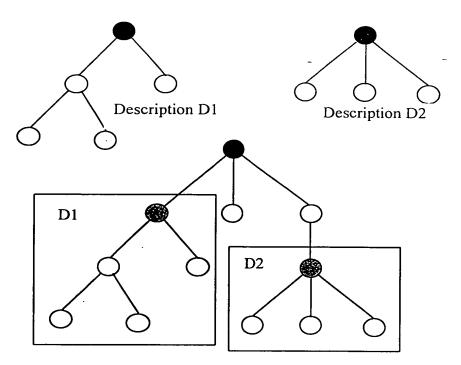


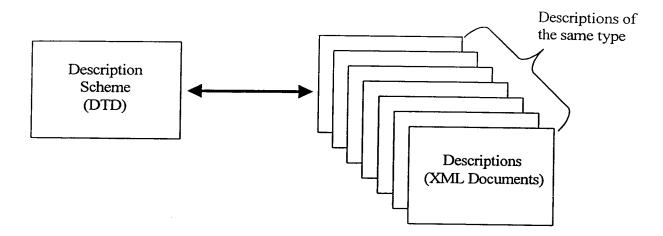
Fig. 4



Description D3 containing descriptions D1 and D2 as sub-trees

Fig. 5 '

Fig. 6



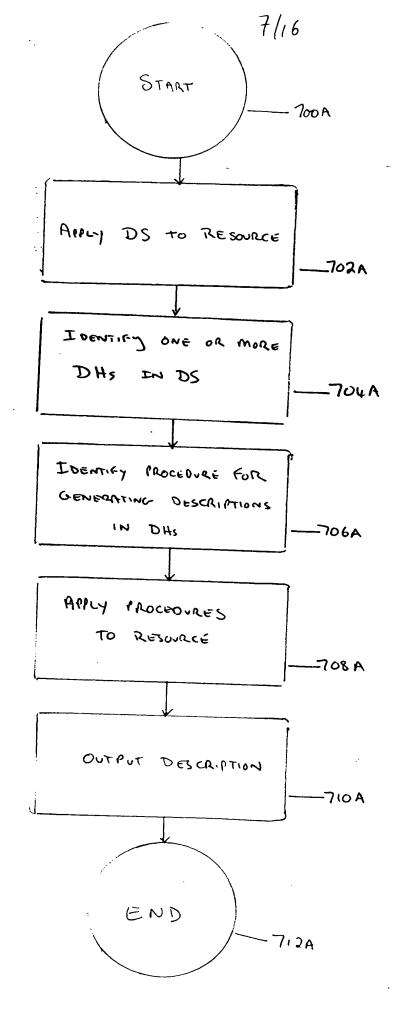


Fig. 7A

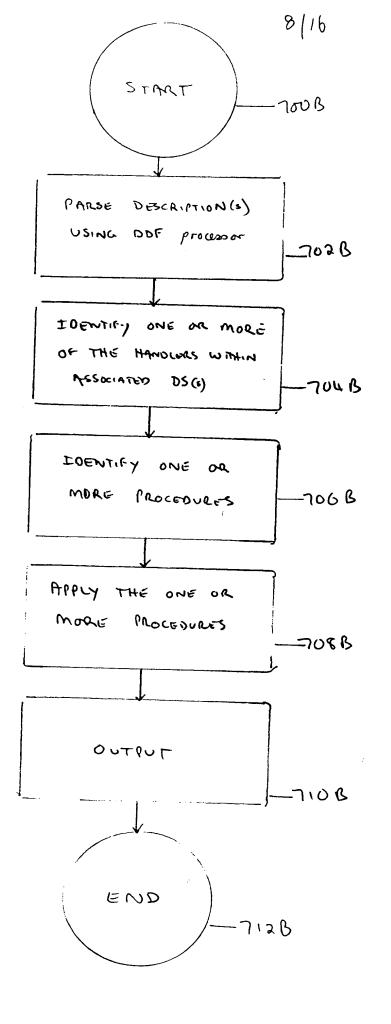


Fig. 7B

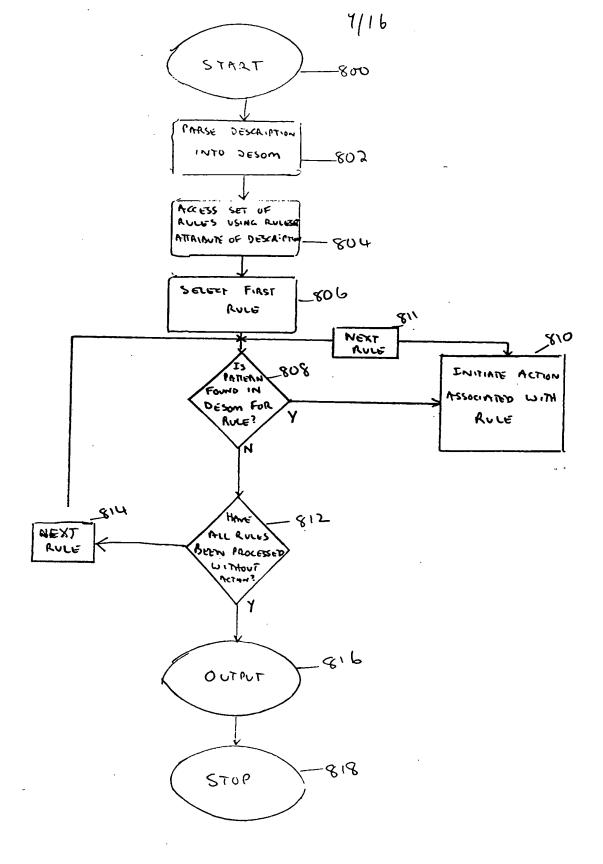


FIG. 8

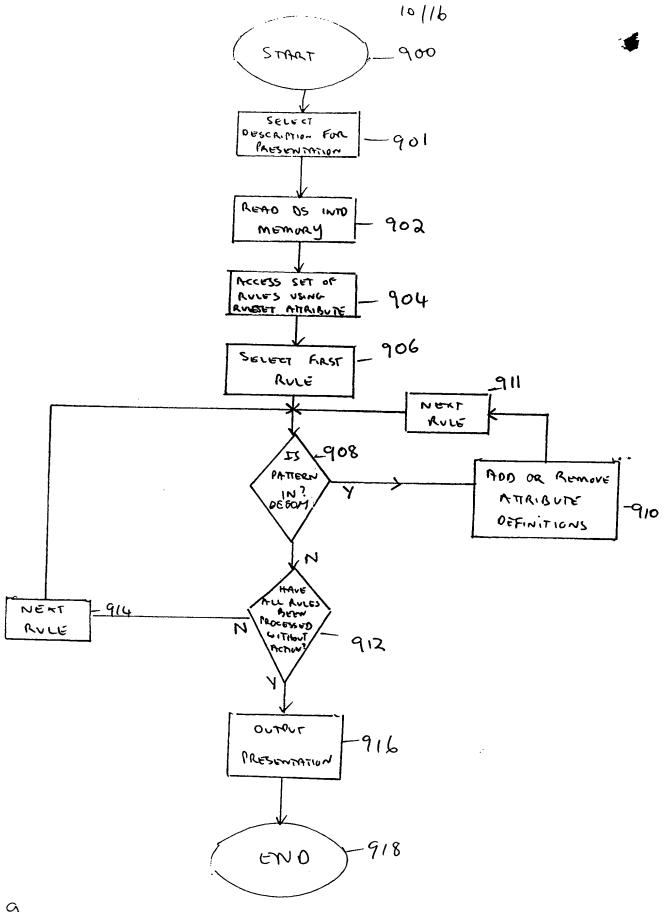
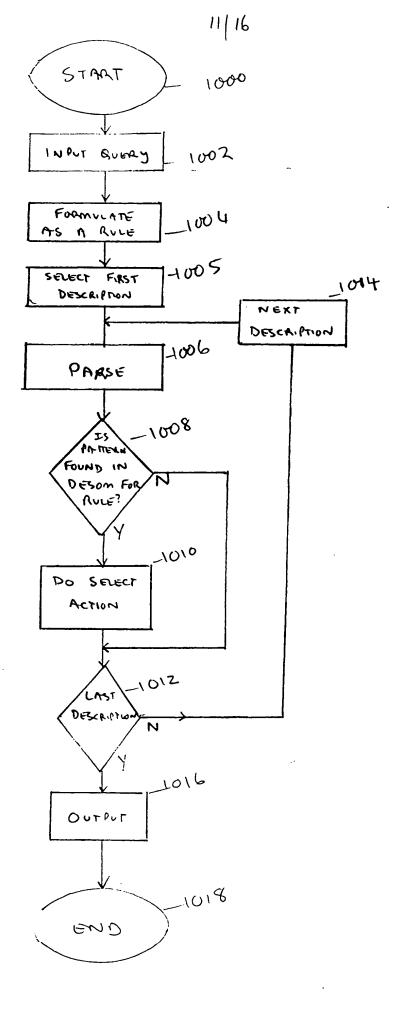


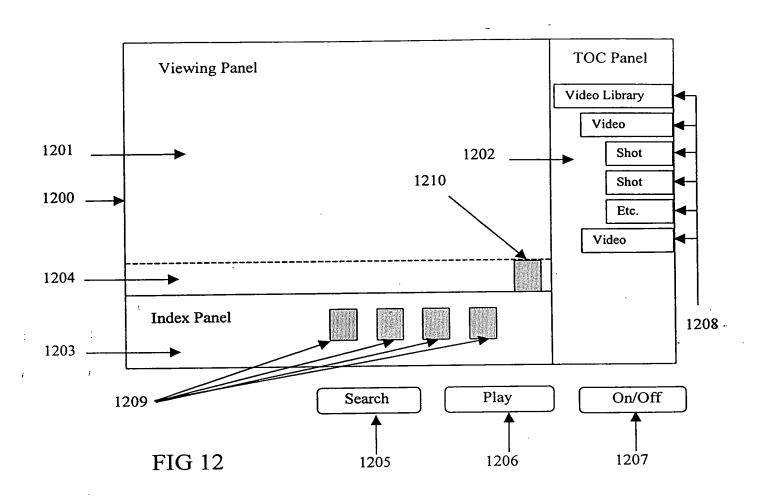
Fig.9



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*i i*:

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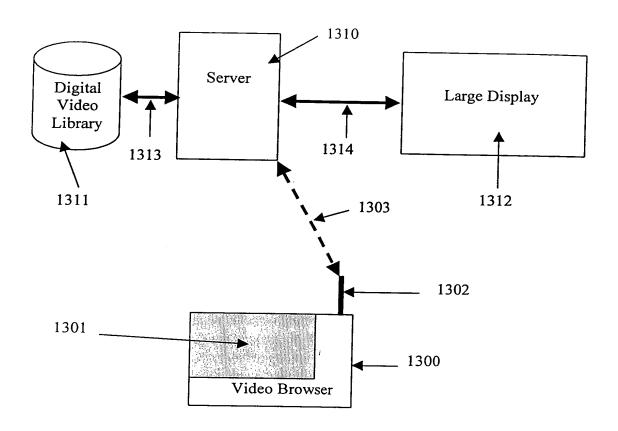


Fig. 13

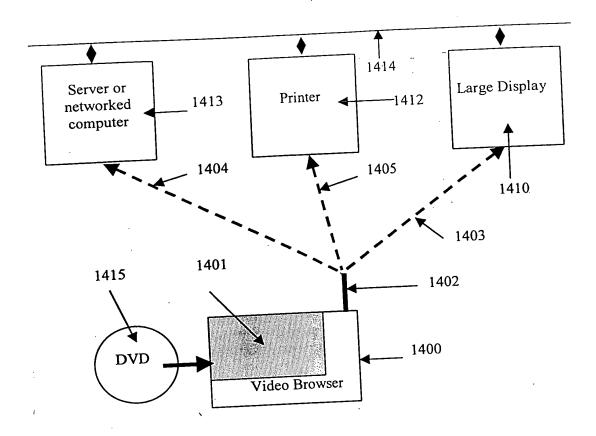
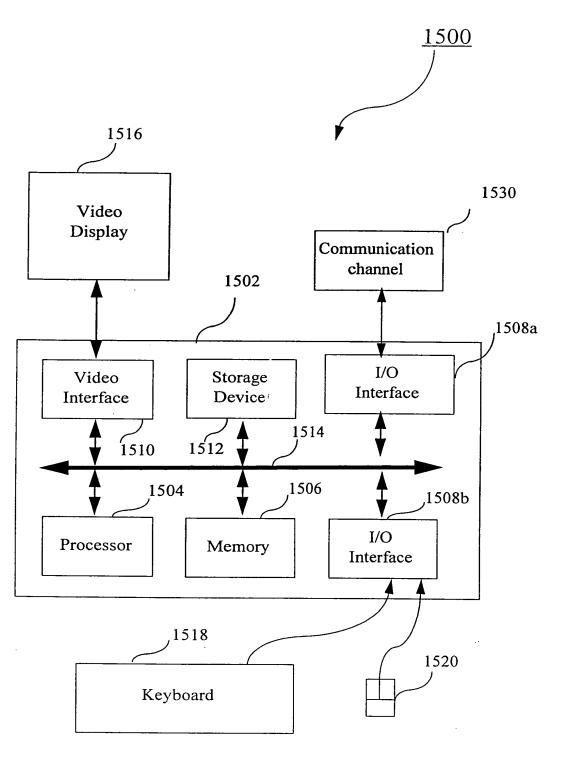


Fig. 14



**Fig 15**